

8 FEBRUARY 2022

AUDIT & RISK COMMITTEE MEETING

MINUTES

CONTENTS

1.	OPENING	. 2
2.	ELECTION OF CHAIRPERSON	. 2
3. 3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5	ATTENDANCE, APOLOGIES AND LEAVE OF ABSENCE Committee Members Councillors Present Staff In Attendance Observers And Visitors Apologies and Approved Leave of Absence	. 2 . 2 . 2 . 2
4.	DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST	. 2
5. 5.1	CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES Minutes Audit and Risk Committee Meeting 18 May 2021	
6.	OAG EXIT MEETING AGENDA	. 4
7. 7.1	OFFICER REPORTS	
1.1	2020/21 Management Letter	6
7.2	2020/21 Management Letter Draft 2020/21 Independent Auditor's Report	12
7.3 7.4	Draft 2020/21 Independent Auditor's Report 2020/21 Councillors' Declaration Draft 2020/21 Annual Report	12 17 20
7.3	Draft 2020/21 Independent Auditor's Report	12 17 20 23 26
7.3 7.4 7.5 7.6	Draft 2020/21 Independent Auditor's Report 2020/21 Councillors' Declaration Draft 2020/21 Annual Report Regulation 17 Review 2021/22 Budget Review	12 17 20 23 26 32

OPENING <u>1.</u>

The Shire President declared the meeting open at 9:15am.

ELECTION OF CHAIRPERSON 2.

The election of a Chairperson was deferred.

An extraordinary election was held in January 2022 and it is intended to review the Audit Committee members at the 22 February 2022 Ordinary Council meeting.

The election of the Chairperson will occur at the next Audit Committee Meeting.

As immediate past Audit and Risk Committee Chairman, the Shire President continued to chair the meeting.

ATTENDANCE, APOLOGIES AND LEAVE OF ABSENCE 3.

3.1 Committee Members

Cr DC White President Cr CJ Lawlor Cr SW Martin

3.2 Councillors Present

Cr DW Davis Cr PJ Gogol (from 9:27am) Cr JR Maxwell Cr MH Norman

3.3 Staff In Attendance

Mr SP Gollan	Chief Executive Officer
Mr SK Marshall	Deputy Chief Executive Officer
Mrs A Lewis	Executive Assistant

<u>3.</u>4 **Observers And Visitors**

Nil

<u>3.5</u> Apologies and Approved Leave of Absence Nil

DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST <u>4.</u> Nil

5. CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES

5.1 Minutes Audit and Risk Committee Meeting 18 May 2021

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That the Minutes of the Audit and Risk Committee Meeting held 18 May 2021 be confirmed.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION MAR1/0222 Moved Cr Martin Seconded Cr Lawlor That the Minutes of the Audit and Risk Committee Meeting held 18 May 2021 be confirmed. CARRIED 3/0

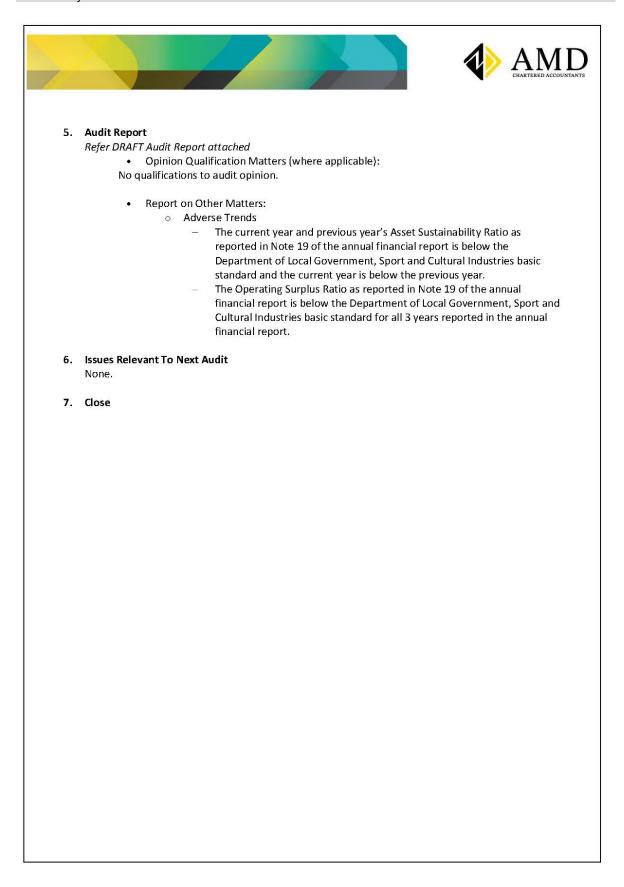
9:17am – Meeting adjourned in anticipation of attendance by OAG and AMD at 9:30am.

9:27am – Cr Gogol joined the meeting.

9:28am – Meeting resumed via Teams with Mr Mahmoud Salat from the Office of the Auditor General and Ms Maria Cavallo, Director, AMD Chartered Accountants.

6. OAG EXIT MEETING AGENDA

-			CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
			OF BEVERLEY ETING AGENDA
			ary 2022 9.30am es, 136 Vincent Street, Beverley
ATT	ENDEES:	The Audit Committee Me	embers:
		Cr DC White	Shire President
		Cr CJ Lawlor	Deputy President
		Cr DW Davis	Councillor
		Cr P Gogol	Councillor
		Cr J Maxwell	Councillor
		Cr SW Martin	Councillor
		Cr A Sattler	Councillor
		Cr TWT Seed	Councillor
		Support Staff/Visitors:	
		Mr Stephen Gollan	Chief Executive Officer
		Mr Simon Marshall	Deputy Chief Executive Officer
		AMD Chartered Accounta	ants (via teams):
		Maria Cavallo	Director
		Office of the Auditor Ger Mahmoud Salahat	neral (via teams): Director Financial Audit Office of the Auditor General WA
AGE	NDA ITEMS:		
1.	Audit Approa	rch	
	and Section 6 • Interir • Year E	ached Audit Planning Summary "Audit Emphasis and Significan n Visit / Testing Completed nd Communications 'isit / Testing Completed	y Dated May 2021, including Section 5 "Significant Risks" nt Account Balances"
2.	Variations to • No vai	Audit Plan (where applicable) iations	
3.	Subsequent E Discu	vents ssion and reconfirmation rega	rding subsequent events.
4.	Audit Issues		
		of prior year audit issues:	
	no issi	ues in prior year to report.	
	Status	of audit issues reported at 202	21 interim:
		erim management letter was is	
		issues reported in the current a to the Final Management Lette	



7. OFFICER REPORTS

7.1 2020/21 Management Letter

Submission To:	Audit and Risk Committee Meeting 8 February 2022				
Report Date:	21 January 2022				
Applicant:	N/A				
File Reference:	ADM 0231				
Author and Position:	Simon Marshall, Deputy Chief Executive Officer				
Previously Before Council: Annually					
Disclosure(s) Of Interest:	Nil				
Attachments:	Audit Findings for Management Letter				

SUMMARY

The Audit and Risk Committee to consider receiving the Management Letter.

BACKGROUND

The final audit was conducted by AMD Chartered Accountants between 15 – 16 September 2021 and authorised by the OAG in December 2021.

COMMENT

The moderate findings are attached for the Committee's reference. The findings form part of the management letter which will be issued subsequent to the exit meeting.

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT

Section 7.12A of the Local Government Act 1995 provides the following:

7.12A. Duties of local government with respect to audits

- (1) A local government is to do everything in its power to
 - (a) assist the auditor of the local government to conduct an audit and carry out his or her other duties under this Act in respect of the local government; and
 - (b) ensure that audits are conducted successfully and expeditiously.
- (2) Without limiting the generality of subsection (1), a local government is to meet with the auditor of the local government at least once in every year.
- (3) A local government is to examine the report of the auditor prepared under section 7.9(1), and any report prepared under section 7.9(3) forwarded to it, and is to
 - (a) determine if any matters raised by the report, or reports, require action to be taken by the local government; and
 - (b) ensure that appropriate action is taken in respect of those matters.
- (4) A local government is to
 - (a) prepare a report on any actions under subsection (3) in respect of an audit conducted in respect of a financial year; and
 - (b) forward a copy of that report to the Minister, by the end of the next financial year, or 6 months after the last report prepared under section 7.9 is received by the local government, whichever is the latest in time.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Nil

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS

Goal 12 – Council leads the organisation and engages with the community in an accountable and professional manner.

RISK IMPLICATIONS

The management letter identifies any potential system weaknesses. Management address the findings for Council to assess.

Consequence Likelihood	Insignificant	Minor	Moderate	Major	Catastrophic
Almost Certain	Medium	High	High	Severe	Severe
Likely	Low	Medium	High	High	Severe
Possible	Low	Medium	Medium	High	High
Unlikely	Low	Low	Medium	Medium	High
Rare	Low	Low	Low	Low	Medium

Risk Rating	Action		
Low	Monitor for ongoing improvement.		
Medium	Comply with risk reduction measures to keep risk as low as reasonably practical.		
High	Review the risk and take additional measures to ensure risk is low as reasonably achievable.		
Severe	Unacceptable risk level, reduction measures must be introduced before proceeding.		

POLICY IMPLICATIONS

Nil

VOTING REQUIREMENTS

Simple Majority

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That the Audit and Risk Committee recommend to Council that the Management Letter be received.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION						
MAR2/0222						
Moved Cr Martin	Se	econded Cr La	awlo	r		
That the Audit and Risk	Committee	recommend	to	Council	that	the
Management Letter be received.						
						10

CARRIED 3/0

INDEX OF FINDINGS	RATING			
	Significant	Moderate	Minor	
1. Information Technology Usage Policy		\checkmark		
2. Employee entitlements		~		
3. Independent review of Daily Banking Summary		~		

KEY TO RATINGS

The Ratings in this management letter are based on the audit team's assessment of risks and concerns with respect to the probability and/or consequence of adverse outcomes if action is not taken. We give consideration to these potential adverse outcomes in the context of both quantitative impact (for example financial loss) and qualitative impact (for example inefficiency, non-compliance, poor service to the public or loss of public confidence).

- Significant Those findings where there is potentially a significant risk to the entity should the finding not be addressed by the entity promptly. A significant rating may be reported as a matter of non-compliance in the audit report in the current year, or in a subsequent reporting period if not addressed. However, even if the issue is not likely to impact the audit report, it should be addressed promptly.
- **Moderate** Those findings which are of sufficient concern to warrant action being taken by the entity as soon as practicable.
- **Minor** Those findings that are not of primary concern but still warrant action being taken.

1. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY USAGE POLICY

Finding

We noted that the Shire of Beverley does not have an Information Technology (IT) Usage Policy. An IT Usage Policy would outline the rules and guidelines with respect to appropriate use of the Shire's IT resources.

Rating: Moderate

Implication

Risk of misuse of the Shire of Beverley's IT resources.

Recommendation

The Shire of Beverley implement an IT Usage Policy communicating the policy to staff and ensuring ongoing monitoring of compliance accordingly.

Management comment

Management receive a monthly IT usage report from our IT service providers which includes all kinds of data including information on "restricted" websites trying to be accessed. We also have a firewall which prevents access to malicious websites and genres that have been deemed inappropriate, such as weapons, pornography etc. These controls effectively counter any IT misuse from an internet point of view.

Council has a Social Media Policy.

An IT Usage Policy will be investigated and we will consider implementing if deemed beneficial to our Organisation.

Responsible officer: Deputy CEO Completion date: Review by 30 June 2022

2. EMPLOYEE ENTITLEMENTS

Finding

Our testing of employee leave entitlement balances indicated that the CEO's annual leave accrual of 5 weeks per year did not accrue correctly and a manual adjustment was required.

Rating: Moderate

Implication

There is an increased risk of misstatement of employee entitlement balances within the financial records of the Shire of Beverley.

Recommendation

The Shire of Beverley conduct a review of all employee entitlement setup to ensure the correct accruals are being calculated.

Management comment

The SynergySoft system we utilise has some flaws in its automated leave accrual calculations and from time to time requires manual adjustment based on manual workings.

The Payroll Officer reviews the leave balances of staff whose anniversary date has fallen in a particular pay run to confirm system balances are correct. Any leave taken during a pay period (via a leave request form) is applied through the system during that period.

Responsible officer: Payroll Officer Completion date:30 June 2022

3. INDEPENDENT REVIEW OF DAILY BANKING SUMMARY

Finding

During testing of key controls on a sample basis, we noted 2 instances out of a sample of 23 daily banking summaries were not signed as evidence of independent review.

Rating: Moderate

Implication

Increased risk of fraud and errors not being detected on a timely basis and non-compliance with own internal control practices.

Recommendation

We recommend daily banking summaries be independently reviewed and signed as evidence of this review.

Management Comment

Daily banking is reviewed independently. The reviewer changes depending on availability. Staff will be reminded of the need to sign off and date the banking sheet as confirmation of this.

Responsible Officer: Deputy CEO Completion Date: Immediate

7.2 Draft 2020/21 Independent Auditor's Report

Submission To:	Audit and Risk Committee Meeting 8 February 2022			
Report Date:	21 January 2022			
Applicant:	N/A			
File Reference:	ADM 0047			
Author and Position:	Simon Marshall, Deputy Chief Executive Officer			
Previously Before Council: Annually				
Disclosure(s) Of Interest:	Nil			
Attachments:	Draft 2020/21 Audit Report			

SUMMARY

The Audit and Risk Committee to consider recommending to Council that the draft 2020/21 Independent Auditor's Report from the Office of the Auditor General be received.

BACKGROUND

The audit of the 2020/21 Financial Report was conducted by AMD Chartered Accountants in September 2021.

The Independent Auditor's Report was received on 5 January 2022.

COMMENT

Please see attached draft 2020/21 Independent Auditor's Report, noting no issues raised.

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT

Section 7.12A of the Local Government Act 1995 provides the following:

- 7.12A. Duties of local government with respect to audits
- (1) A local government is to do everything in its power to
 - (a) assist the auditor of the local government to conduct an audit and carry out his or her other duties under this Act in respect of the local government; and
 - (b) ensure that audits are conducted successfully and expeditiously.
- (2) Without limiting the generality of subsection (1), a local government is to meet with the auditor of the local government at least once in every year.
- (3) A local government is to examine the report of the auditor prepared under section 7.9(1), and any report prepared under section 7.9(3) forwarded to it, and is to
 - (a) determine if any matters raised by the report, or reports, require action to be taken by the local government; and
 - (b) ensure that appropriate action is taken in respect of those matters.
- (4) A local government is to
 - (a) prepare a report on any actions under subsection (3) in respect of an audit conducted in respect of a financial year; and
 - (b) forward a copy of that report to the Minister, by the end of the next financial year, or 6 months after the last report prepared under section 7.9 is received by the local government, whichever is the latest in time.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Nil

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS

Goal 12 – Council leads the organisation and engages with the community in an accountable and professional manner.

RISK IMPLICATIONS

Failure to approve, report and publish an Annual Report would result in noncompliance *Local Government Act* 1995 and *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations* 1996. The Independent Auditor's Report forms part of the Annual Report, approving this report reduces potential breach.

Consequence Likelihood	Insignificant	Minor	Moderate	Major	Catastrophic
Almost Certain	Medium	High	High	Severe	Severe
Likely	Low	Medium	High	High	Severe
Possible	Low	Medium	Medium	High	High
Unlikely	Low	Low	Medium	Medium	High
Rare	Low	Low	Low	Low	Medium

Risk Rating	Action			
Low	Monitor for ongoing improvement.			
Medium	Comply with risk reduction measures to keep risk as low as reasonably practical.			
High	Review the risk and take additional measures to ensure risk is low as reasonably achievable.			
Severe	Unacceptable risk level, reduction measures must be introduced before proceeding.			

POLICY IMPLICATIONS

Nil

VOTING REQUIREMENTS

Simple Majority

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That the Audit and Risk Committee recommend to Council that the Independent Auditor's Report be received.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION	
MAR3/0222	
Moved Cr Martin	Seconded Cr Lawlor
That the Audit and Risk Comm	ittee recommend to Council that the Independent
Auditor's Report be received.	
•	

CARRIED 3/0



Auditor General

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 2021 Shire of Beverley

To the Councillors of the Shire of Beverley

Report on the audit of the annual financial report

Opinion

I have audited the financial report of the Shire of Beverley (Shire) which comprises:

- the Statement of Financial Position at 30 June 2021, the Statement of Comprehensive Income by Nature or Type, Statement of Comprehensive Income by Program, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and Rate Setting Statement for the year then ended
- Notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information
- the Statement by the Chief Executive Officer.

In my opinion the financial report of the Shire of Beverley:

- is based on proper accounts and records
- fairly represents, in all material respects, the results of the operations of the Shire for the year ended 30 June 2020 and its financial position at the end of that period in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995* (the Act) and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, Australian Accounting Standards.

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities section below. I am independent of the Shire in accordance with the *Auditor General Act 2006* and the relevant ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of the financial report. I have also fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Emphasis of matter - Basis of accounting

I draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report, which describes the basis for accounting. The financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the Shire's financial reporting responsibilities under the Act. Regulation 17A of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 (FM Regulations) requires a local government to measure vested improvements at fair value and the associated vested land at zero cost. This is a

Page 1 of 3



departure from AASB 16 *Leases* which would have required the entity to measure the vested improvements also at zero cost. My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer and Council for the financial report

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Shire is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the requirements of the Act, the Regulations and Australian Accounting Standards. The CEO is also responsible for managing internal control (as required by the CEO) to ensure the financial report is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the CEO is responsible for assessing the Shire's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the State Government has made decisions affecting the continued existence of the Shire.

The Council is responsible for overseeing the Shire's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial report

As required by the *Auditor General Act 2006*, my responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report. The objectives of my audit are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located on the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website. This description forms part of my auditor's report and can be found at https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors responsibilities/ar4.pdf.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In accordance with the Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996 I report that:

- (i) In my opinion, the following material matters indicate a significant adverse trend in the financial position of the Shire:
 - a) The current year and previous year's Asset Sustainability Ratio as reported in Note 19 of the annual financial report is below the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries basic standard and the current year is below the previous year.
 - b) The Operating Surplus Ratio as reported in Note 19 of the annual financial report is below the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries basic standard for all 3 years reported in the annual financial report.

Page 2 of 3



- (ii) There are no material matters indicating non-compliance with Part 6 of the Act, the Regulations or applicable financial controls of any other relevant written law identified during the course of my audit.
- (iii) All required information and explanations were obtained by me.
- (iv) All audit procedures were satisfactorily completed.
- (v) In my opinion, the Asset Consumption Ratio and the Asset Renewal Funding Ratio included in the financial report were supported by verifiable information and reasonable assumptions.

Other information

The other information is the information in the entity's report for the year ended 30 June 2021, but not the financial report and my auditor's report. The CEO is responsible for the preparation and the Council for overseeing the other information.

My opinion does not cover the other information and, accordingly, I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Matters relating to the electronic publication of the audited financial report

This auditor's report relates to the financial report of the Shire of Beverley for the year ended 30 June 2021 included on the Shire's website. The Shire's management is responsible for the integrity of the Shire's website. This audit does not provide assurance on the integrity of the Shire's website. The auditor's report refers only to the financial report described above. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from this financial report. If users of the financial report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from publication on a website, they are advised to refer to the hard copy of the audited financial report to confirm the information contained in this website version of the financial report.

Delegate of the Auditor General for Western Australia Perth, Western Australia Date Month 2021

Page 3 of 3

7.3 2020/21 Councillors' Declaration

Submission To:	Audit and Risk Committee Meeting 8 February 2022
Report Date:	21 January 2022
Applicant:	N/A
File Reference:	ADM 0047
Author and Position:	Simon Marshall, Deputy Chief Executive Officer
Previously Before Council	: Annually
Disclosure(s) Of Interest:	Nil
Attachments:	2020/21 Councillor's Declaration

SUMMARY

The Audit and Risk Committee to consider recommending to Council that the 2020/21 Councillors' Declaration be signed and received.

BACKGROUND

The Councillors' Declaration was first introduced by Council in 2012/13 to demonstrate Council's satisfaction of the appropriateness and integrity of the financial reports being presented.

COMMENT

The Councillors' Declaration is not a legislative requirement, however it gives Council a responsibility in ensuring that the contents of the annual report and annual financial report are accurate and in line with appropriate legislation and standards.

The declaration also stipulates that it is the opinion of Council that all outstanding debts will be paid when due.

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT

Nil

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Nil

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS

Goal 12 – Council leads the organisation and engages with the community in an accountable and professional manner.

RISK IMPLICATIONS

Low - The Councillor Declaration is not a requirement of the Local Government Act.

Consequence Likelihood	Insignificant	Minor	Moderate	Major	Catastrophic
Almost Certain	Medium	High	High	Severe	Severe
Likely	Low	Medium	High	High	Severe
Possible	Low	Medium	Medium	High	High
Unlikely	Low	Low	Medium	Medium	High
Rare	Low	Low	Low	Low	Medium

Risk Rating	Action
Low	Monitor for ongoing improvement.
Medium	Comply with risk reduction measures to keep risk as low as reasonably practical.
High	Review the risk and take additional measures to ensure risk is low as reasonably achievable.
Severe	Unacceptable risk level, reduction measures must be introduced before proceeding.

POLICY IMPLICATIONS

Nil

VOTING REQUIREMENTS

Simple Majority

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That the Audit and Risk Committee authorise the President and Deputy President to sign the 2020/21 Councillors' Declaration and include the Declaration in the 2020/21 Annual Report.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION MAR4/0222

Seconded Cr Martin

Moved Cr Lawlor That the Audit and Risk Committee authorise the President and Deputy President to sign the 2020/21 Councillors' Declaration and include the Declaration in the 2020/21 Annual Report.

CARRIED 3/0

Councillors' Declaration

In accordance with a resolution of the Councillors of the Shire of Beverley, we state that:

- 1. In the opinion of the Councillors:
- 1.1 the financial statements and notes of the Shire of Beverley are in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995 and Regulations, including:
 - (a) giving a true and fair view of the Shire of Beverley's financial position as at 30 June 2020 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and,
 - (b) complying with applicable Australian Accounting Standards; and
- 1.2 there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Shire of Beverley will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

On behalf of the Council:

Cr DC White President Cr CJ Lawlor Deputy President

Dated this 22nd day of February 2022

7.4 Draft 2020/21 Annual Report

Submission To:	Audit and Risk Committee Meeting 8 February 2022
Report Date:	21 January 2022
Applicant:	N/A
File Reference:	ADM 0199
Author and Position:	Simon Marshall, Deputy Chief Executive Officer
Previously Before Council	: Annually
Disclosure(s) Of Interest:	•
Attachments:	Draft 2020/21 Annual Report

SUMMARY

The Audit and Risk Committee to consider recommending to Council that the 2020/21 Annual Report be received.

BACKGROUND

The 2020/21 Annual Financial Report has been produced in-house by the Deputy Chief Executive Officer and was audited by AMD Chartered Accountants in September 2021.

COMMENT

The 2020/21 Annual Financial Report is attached for the Audit Committees consideration and is incorporated in the draft 2020/21 Annual Report .

Once the complete Annual Report is adopted a date for the Annual Electors Meeting can be set and the report made available for public viewing for at least 14 days before the Annual Electors Meeting.

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT

The *Local Government Act 1995* outlines the following in relation to the Annual Report:

5.53. Annual reports

- (1) The local government is to prepare an annual report for each financial year.
- (2) The annual report is to contain
 - (a) a report from the mayor or president; and
 - (b) a report from the CEO; and
 - [(c), (d) deleted]
 - (e) an overview of the plan for the future of the district made in accordance with section 5.56, including major initiatives that are proposed to commence or to continue in the next financial year; and
 - (f) the financial report for the financial year; and
 - (g) such information as may be prescribed in relation to the payments made to employees; and
 - (h) the auditor's report for the financial year; and
 - (ha) a matter on which a report must be made under section 29(2) of the *Disability Services Act* 1993; and
 - (hb) details of entries made under section 5.121 during the financial year in the register of complaints, including —

- (i) the number of complaints recorded in the register of complaints; and
- (ii) how the recorded complaints were dealt with;
- and
- (iii) any other details that the regulations may require;

and such other information as may be prescribed.

5.54. Acceptance of annual reports

- (1) Subject to subsection (2), the annual report for a financial year is to be accepted* by the local government no later than 31 December after that financial year.
 * Absolute majority required.
- (2) If the auditor's report is not available in time for the annual report for a financial year to be accepted by 31 December after that financial year, the annual report is to be accepted by the local government no later than 2 months after the auditor's report becomes available.

5.55. Notice of annual reports

The CEO is to give local public notice of the availability of the annual report as soon as practicable after the report has been accepted by the local government.

Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 provide:

51. Completion of financial report

- (1) After the annual financial report has been audited in accordance with the Act the CEO is to sign and append to the report a declaration in the form of Form 1.
- (2) A copy of the annual financial report of a local government is to be submitted to the Departmental CEO within 30 days of the receipt by the local government's CEO of the auditor's report on that financial report.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Nil

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS

Goal 12 – Council leads the organisation and engages with the community in an accountable and professional manner.

RISK IMPLICATIONS

Failure to approve, report and publish an Annual Report would result in noncompliance *Local Government Act 1995* and *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996.* Approval of this item will mitigate the consequence.

Consequence Likelihood	Insignificant	Minor	Moderate	Major	Catastrophic
Almost Certain	Medium	High	High	Severe	Severe
Likely	Low	Medium	High	High	Severe
Possible	Low	Medium	Medium	High	High
Unlikely	Low	Low	Medium	Medium	High
Rare	Low	Low	Low	Low	Medium

Risk Rating	Action
Low	Monitor for ongoing improvement.
Medium	Comply with risk reduction measures to keep risk as low as reasonably practical.
High	Review the risk and take additional measures to ensure risk is low as reasonably achievable.
Severe	Unacceptable risk level, reduction measures must be introduced before proceeding.

POLICY IMPLICATIONS

Nil

VOTING REQUIREMENTS

Simple Majority

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That the Audit and Risk Committee recommend to Council that the draft 2020/21 Annual Report be approved.

COUNCIL RESOLUTION MAR5/0222 Moved Cr Martin Seconded Cr Lawlor That the Audit and Risk Committee recommend to Council that the draft 2020/21 Annual Report be approved.

CARRIED 3/0

9:45am – Mr Mahmoud Salat from the Office of the Auditor General and Ms Maria Cavallo, Director, AMD Chartered Accountants left the meeting (via Teams) and did not return.



SHIRE OF BEVERLEY

ANNUAL REPORT 2020/21

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CONTENTS

Your Council 2020/21	
Councillor Training Report 2020/21	3
Achievements	4
Key Strategic Activities For 2020/21	6
Statement By Shire President	
Statement By The Chief Executive Officer	9
Organisational Structure	10
Legislative Compliance	11
Strategic Community Plan	12
Disability Access And Inclusion Plan	16
Public Interest Disclosure	19
Record Keeping Plan	20
Register Of Minor Complaints	21
Freedom Of Information	22

YOUR COUNCIL



Elected Council 2019-2021 (L to R): Cr Chris Lawlor, Cr Tim Seed, Cr Don Davis (Shire President), Cr Darryl Brown, Cr Chris Pepper (Deputy President), Cr David White, Mr Stephen Gollan (CEO), Mr Simon Marshall (Deputy CEO), Cr Susan Martin, Cr Peter Gogol and Cr Terrance McLaughlin.

COUNCIL MEETINGS

An Ordinary meeting of Council is held on the fourth Tuesday of each month excluding January (11 in total). There was one Special Meeting of Council in 2020/21.

Council has four active Committees:

The **Audit and Risk Committee** met five times during the financial year. All Council members are members of the Audit and Risk Committee. The Committee's role is to report to Council and provide appropriate advice and recommendations on matters relevant to Financial Reporting, Internal Control & Risk Management Systems, Annual Business Plans, Internal Audits, External Audits and Other Investigations.

The **Corporate Strategy Committee** met once during the financial year. All Council members are members of the Corporate Strategy Committee. The Committee's role is to report to Council and provide appropriate advice and recommendations on matters relevant to Strategic Planning, Budget, Asset Management, Policies and Integrated Planning.

The **Works Committee** met twice during the financial year. Cr's Davis, Lawlor, Pepper and Seed are members of the Works Committee. The Committee's role is to report to Council and provide appropriate advice and recommendations on matters relevant to Roads, Plant and Equipment, Footpaths, Community Spaces and Environmental matters.

The **Cropping Committee** met twice during the financial year. Crs Seed, Lawlor, McLaughlin and White are members of the Cropping Committee. The Committee's role is to report to Council and provide appropriate advice and recommendations on matters relevant to the Community Cropping Program.



2020/21 MEETING ATTENDANCE

COUNCILLOR	ORDINARY MEETINGS	SPECIAL MEETINGS	COMMITTEE MEETINGS
Cr Darryl Brown*	2	0	2
Cr Don Davis (President)	10	1	8
Cr Peter Gogol	11	1	6
Cr Chris Lawlor	10	1	7
Cr Susan Martin	10	1	6
Cr Terry McLaughlin	11	1	7
Cr Chris Pepper (Deputy President)	10	1	8
Cr Tim Seed	10	1	8
Cr David White	11	1	8

* Resigned from Council at the December 2020 Ordinary Council meeting

2020/21 COUNCILLOR REMUNERATION

POSITION	SITTING FEES	IT ALLOWANCE	TRAVEL ALLOWANCE***	CONFERENCE ALLOWANCE****
President*	17,600	1,185	0	0
Deputy President**	4,975	1,185	0	0
Councillor	3,600	1,185	2,091	0

*Sitting Fees include Presidential Allowance of \$5,500 per annum.

** Sitting Fees include Deputy Presidential Allowance of \$1,375 per annum.

*** Cr McLaughlin claimed a travel allowance during 2020/21.

****2020 WALGA State Conference abandoned due to COVID-19.

In addition, all Councillors are supplied with a fully maintained Electronic Tablet to manage Council meeting documents and Council related email correspondence.

COUNCILLOR TRAINING REPORT 2020/21

From October 2019 all newly and re-elected Councillors are required to complete Council Member Essentials.

WALGA's Council Member Essentials encompasses all five of the required training courses. This training has been specifically developed to deliver the essential skills and knowledge required by an Elected Member to perform their role as defined in the Local Government Act 1995.

The five courses are:

Understanding Local Government;

Conflicts of Interest;

Serving on Council;

Understanding Financial Reports and Budgets; and

Meeting Procedures

Cr T McLaughlin, Cr P Gogol and Cr C Lawlor were required to have completed all five courses by 17 October 2020 and all did so.

During 2020-21 the following additional training courses were completed:

Cr's White and Martin completed Understanding Financial Reports and Budgets held on Thursday 27 August 2020 in Pingelly.

Cr's Davis and Pepper completed Meeting Procedures via E-Learning on 27 May 2021.

Council has a budget allocation of \$5,000.00 to complete the required training. Council adopted 'EM010 Councillor Training and Professional Development Policy' and through this policy, Councillors are encouraged to request additional training if they so wish.

Mr Stephen Gollan

Chief Executive Officer

ACHIEVEMENTS

During the 2020/21 Financial Year Council achieved the following:

STRATEGIC ACTIVITIES	OUTCOME
1. Maintain moderate Rate	In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, Council resolved to freeze Rates and Fees and Charges for the 2020/21 Financial Year.
increases	Further, Council maintained its 10% discount for Rates paid on time. The Shire of Beverley is the only Local Government Authority that continues to offer such an incentive in the State.
2. Vincent Street Youth Activity Area – Moort	Construction of the Youth Activity Area, Moort Wabiny Park, was completed in October 2020. Cr Don Davis, President, officially opened the Park in February 2021.
Wabiny Park	Moort Wabiny Park provides an accessible multi use space for the enjoyment of the local community and visitors to our town.
3. Caravan Park Onsite Cabin Accommodation	Partially funded by the federal Drought Communities Program Extension, Council began construction of six onsite accommodation units at the Beverley Caravan Park.
	The Cabins are due to be completed in July 2021 and are design to offer complementary options to existing accommodation offerings for visitors to Beverley.
4. Vincent Street Streetscape Project	Final design work and call for tenders for the Vincent Street redevelopment was completed in 2020/21 and Council was successful in securing federal funding from the Building Better Regions Program to progress the project.
	The project will see the full replacement of existing infrastructure including drainage, footpaths and road as well as the undergrounding of power and the introduction of pedestrian crossings, street trees and garden beds into the main street.
	Construction work is expected to begin in September 2021.
5. Local Roads	Council received \$349,000 in LRCI Round 1 funding.
and Community Infrastructure	Projects completed during the year included:
(LRCI) Round 1	Old Court House Roof replacement;
Projects	Platform Theatre Green Room painting and artificial turf replacement;
	Old Court House (Community Gym) swipe card entry upgrade;
	Lesser Hall Courtyard development; and
	Town Hall floor replacement and sliding door installation.
	The planned Recreation Ground playground extension will be completed in 2021/22.

ACHIEVEMENTS CONTINUED

STRATEGIC ACTIVITIES	OUTCOME
6. Road Construction	Council invested \$1.20 Million in road construction works during 2020/21. Road construction works for 2020/21 covered 23.8 Km. This represents 37% of Councils capital expenditure for the year.
7. Closing Surplus Position	Council achieved a closing surplus position for the 2020/21 financial year of \$1.65 Million. This includes an advanced payment of \$700,00 in financial assistance grants.
8. Maintain Acceptable Debt Levels	Council did not raise any loans during 2020/21. Council's overall debt as at 30 June 2021 was \$1.38 Million. Council's debt servicing ratio, which compares operating surplus to principal and interest expenses, is a respectable 7.52. Council's internal ratio of Rates to Debt, which expresses Rates raised as a multiple of debt levels was strengthened during the year to 2.03 (2019/20: 1.85). It is expected that Council will raise \$1.00 Million in debt to partially fund the Vincent Street Streetscape project in 2021/22.



KEY STRATEGIC ACTIVITIES FOR 2021/22

The following are the key activities funded in the 2021/22 Annual Budget and these projects will contribute in achieving the strategic vision, goals and outcomes detailed in the Shire's Strategic Community Plan.

STRATEGIC ACTIVITIES	PLANNED WORKS	TIMELINE
Vincent Street Streetscape Project	Redevelopment of Vincent Street including undergrounding of power, footpath renewal and road pavement works.	Preliminary works to begin in October 2021 with project completion by June 2022.
Caravan Park Onsite Accommodation Units	Complete landscaping, car ports and road works.	Complete by January 2022.
Plant Replacement	Ongoing replacement of Plant as per Councils 10 Year Program. 2021/22 replacements include a Grader, Truck and Multi Tyred Roller.	Complete by June 2022.
Bridge Works	Work on Bridge 3203 Kokeby East Road is scheduled to be undertaken in 2021/22.	Complete by March 2022.
Road Construction	Ongoing upgrade and renewal works across the Shire including West Dale and Mawson Roads and the sealing of Taylor Street (industrial land) and a continued 2nd seal, gravel resheeting, roadside spraying and tree lopping program.	Complete by June 2022.

STATEMENT BY THE SHIRE PRESIDENT

To begin the financial year and as part of the COVID-19 response Council resolved for 2020/21 rate revenue to remain at 2019/20 set levels and Council set fees and charges were not increased. Being mindful of new economic challenges, a Hardship Policy was adopted by Council for our constituents who may have faced tough times. A responsible budget was adopted however maintaining our roads, forward planning and capital projects continued.

The ongoing renewal of Council's assets included a strong road capital and maintenance investment programme with almost 45% of the annual budget funding allocated to it. Council completed over 35kms of significant road works which included bitumising, 2nd seals, shoulder renewal and gravel sheeting. Council replaced a maintenance truck, purchased a new skid steer trailer, spent \$65,000 on footpath renewal and refurbished another unit at Hunt Road Village.

Council unexpectedly received \$340,469 in Federal Government Local Roads Community Infrastructure (LRCI) funding to use on shovel ready local road, capital or infrastructure projects. Council were quick to complete the following projects, many which have over the years continually been cut from the budget:

- Courthouse Gym Swipe Card Access \$10,000.
- Platform Theatre Turf Replacement \$10,469 (partially funded);
- Town Hall AV Upgrade \$15,000;
- Platform Theatre Green Room Painting \$20,000;
- Lesser Hall Courtyard Upgrade \$25,000;
- Recreation Ground Playground Extension \$40,000 (still under construction);
- Courthouse Reroofing \$70,000;
- Town Hall Floor Replacement and Lobby upgrades (including new glass sliding doors) \$150,000;

Construction of the Youth Activity Area was swift and smooth thanks to the Shire Project Team and in particular, Deputy CEO Simon Marshall. I was delighted to open the Youth Activity Area as Moort Wabiny Park on 12 February 2021. It is fantastic to see our local youth using the park daily. As promised, the park features a skate park, pump track, half-court basketball court, three shelters, hands free COVID safe drink fountain, BBQ, nature play area, water play to creek bed, accessible pathways, fencing, landscaping and lighting. My personal highlight is the Shire's old rubbish collection truck which was restored by Beverley Mens Shed members.

Council are very pleased to continue to support and be involved in our local community and do so through grass roots programs which this financial year included our Community Grants Program, Citizenship Ceremonies and attendance at public events like Australia Day, ANZAC Day, the Beverley Heroic Race and School Sporting Days. Council were also pleased to provide land for the Beverley Community Garden and judge and provide awards for the Christmas Lights Competition. We also provided sponsorship to large events that attract regional visitors which were the annual Beverley Agricultural Show and the Beverley Station Arts Easter Art Exhibition.

A minor review of the 2017-2027 Strategic Community Plan was completed. With no community objection, it indicated to Council that we are meeting Community expectations. Councillors have attended various training sessions to understand our role within the Local Government Act.

A small windfall out of COVID-19 has been local tourism to Beverley. With West Australians remaining and holidaying in our own state, the Caravan Park was busy throughout 2020/21 bringing its highest amount of income to date. A decision to build onsite cabins at the Caravan Park using local trades and business has often been questioned but have initially proved very successful. Practical completion of the cabins was completed in May 2021 however due to a large amount of rain, the road and outside landscaping works were delayed. The free 48 hour RV Friendly Park on Lukin Street is very popular with the Grey Nomads. These visitors are another form of economic benefit to our local business.

In my second and final year as Shire President appreciation is extended to my fellow Councillors for their commitment to Council. In particular, I wish to thank Deputy Shire President Cr Chris Pepper for your ongoing support and advice.

Thank you to the Shire's staff for having an open-door policy that provides a conduit to a successful relationship between Council and Community. Staff have again completed all statutory requirements with success and accountability which shows throughout the audit process undertaken by the Office of the Auditor General.



Cr Don Davis Shire President



STATEMENT BY THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I am pleased to present the 2020/21 Annual Report to elected members, residents and rate payers. Guided by the Shire of Beverley Community Strategic Plan, below are the some of the various functions carried out and considered in the 2020/21 financial year:

COVID-19

The ongoing COVID-19 pandemic thankfully had a lessor effect on our town than what was feared however Council chose to freeze rate revenue and keep 2020/21 fees and charges at the same 2019/20 levels whilst still delivering capital programs and maintaining high service levels. Council should be commended on their responsible budgeting and forward planning.

Beverley Youth Activity Area – Moort Wabiny Park

The Youth Activity Area was completed and formally opened as Moort Wabiny Park in February 2021. It is an absolute highlight for our town featuring nature play, pump track, basketball court, skatepark and family BBQs. The recreational park is used daily by families and attracts visitors from our neighbouring towns. The Shire continually receives overwhelming positive feedback from all who use the park.

Beverley Caravan Park Cabins

Through the Drought Communities Extension Program, funding was used to complete the construction of 6 onsite accommodation cabins at the Beverley Caravan Park. One of the cabins is universal access throughout. The family friendly cabins were constructed using various local trades and business. A portion of the Local Roads Community Infrastructure funding was also used to complete six carports at the cabins for visitors to use.

Statutory Requirements

During 2020/21 Council completed a minor review of the 2017-2027 Strategic Community Plan. The plan was then formally adopted after the public consultation period closed.

Council continues to fulfil its statutory compliance and obligations by completing returns such as (but not limited to) Annual Budget Review; Compliance Audit Return; Disability Access and Inclusion Reporting; Gift Disclosures; Freedom of Information statistical return; Related Party (AASB 124) Disclosures; Primary & Annual Returns; Integrity and Conduct survey in Local Government; Annual reviews of Policies, Delegations and Code of Conduct; and Building Construction Industry Training Fund returns.

Vincent Street Streetscape Project

Staff worked hard behind the scenes with various stakeholders including the Federal Government through the Building Better Regions Fund, Western Power and local business for the preparation, planning, budgeting and tendering of our main street upgrade. Thanks is extended to the Manager of Planning and Development Services, Stefan de Beer, for his dedication throughout 20/21 to get this project shovel ready and off the ground. Construction is expected to commence in October 2021.

Thank you

Thank you to the Shire President Cr Don Davis and Elected Members for their commitment to the community and for meeting their ongoing training expectations to further their understanding of Local Government.

I extend appreciation to the Project Team for their hard work on our array of large projects, to the Administration Team on their valued customer service and to the Outside Crew for completing the road, garden and construction programs during a higher than usual staff turnover period (mainly due to retirements).

Finally, thanks to the Beverley Community for their support of Council who participate in the decision-making process representing the interests of the electors and Staff who carry out the procedural operations for Council.

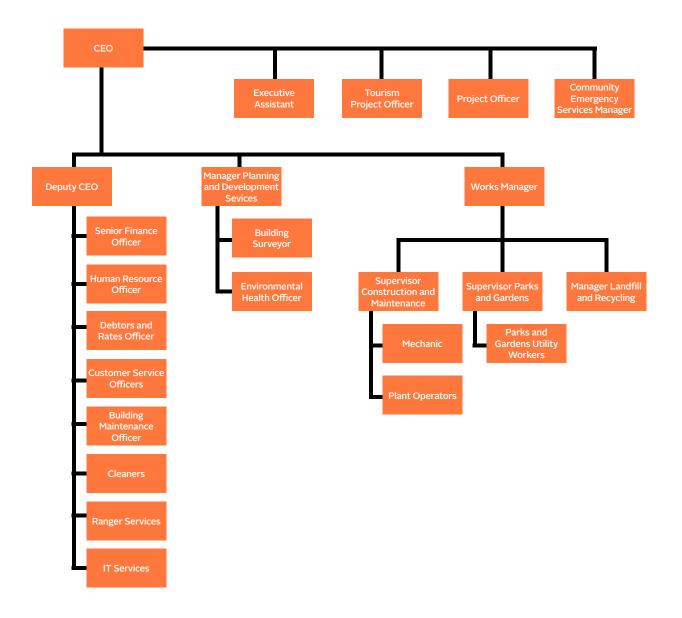


Mr Stephen Gollan Chief Executive Officer

ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE

The Shire of Beverley staff members are part of the corporate structure headed by the Chief Executive Officer. This corporate approach ensures that staff members work towards achieving common goals.

The Shire's staff are organised across four Divisions, Community Services, Corporate Services, Infrastructure Services and Technical Services. Whilst the Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the overall management of the organisation, each Division has its own Senior Officer who oversees the functioning of their respective Division. The Corporate Management Team implements and administers the policies of the Elected Members.





LEGISLATIVE COMPLIANCE

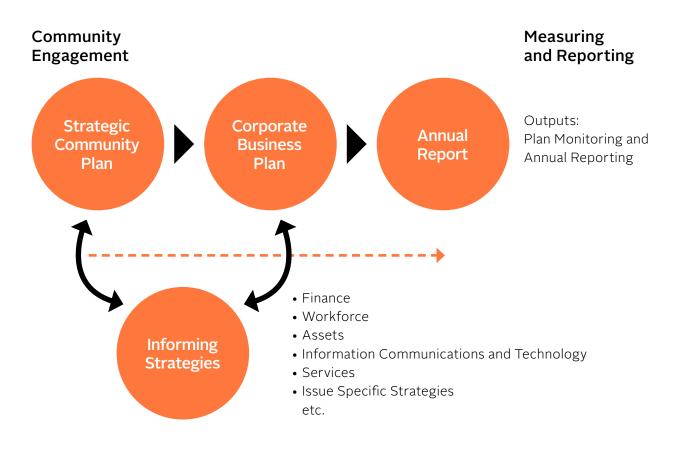
INTEGRATED PLANNING AND REPORTING (IPR) FRAMEWORK

The IPR framework is designed to establish community priorities and linking this information into different parts of a local government's functions.

The IPR framework requirements are outlined in the Local Government (Administration) Regulations Division 3 – Planning for the Future.

The minimum requirements of the Regulations stipulate that the Local Government is to produce a Strategic Community Plan covering a period of no less than 10 years and a Corporate Business Plan covering a period of at least four years.

The diagram below illustrates the different elements of the IPR:



ELEMENTS OF INTEGRATED PLANNING AND REPORTING FRAMEWORK

STRATEGIC COMMUNITY PLAN

Our Strategic Community Plan 2017-2027 is a Council visionary forward planning document based on community feedback, our current position and desired position.

REVIEW

Council completed a Minor Review of the Strategic Community Plan in April 2021. The updates were then made available for public comment throughout May and June 2021. The updated document was then formally adopted by Council. The next review is set for 2023.

Council's vision, value's, priorities and goals remain as:

OUR VISION:

A vibrant and progressive community which values its history in a welcoming and friendly place to live, work and visit. Beverley is the place to BE!

WE VALUE:

- The contributions made by our community towards an inclusive, active, diverse and friendly community
- Our natural resources and our place in the natural environment
- Economic diversity and opportunistic growth
- Forward thinking leadership and good governance

COUNCIL PRIORITIES:

- 1. Our investments support or facilitate employment and local business growth.
- 2. Our people, the community and quality of life are important to our success.
- 3. Our relationships bring financial, social, health and environmental benefits to the organisation and residents

GOALS:

The Strategic Plan has 12 goals covering Infrastructure, Economic Development, Our People, Our Location and Governance.

Achievements of the 2020/21 financial year are listed on the following pages.

2020/21 STRATEGIC COMMUNITY PLAN ACHIEVEMENTS

The following objectives as outlined in the Shire of Beverley's Strategic Community Plan were achieved during the 2020/21 financial year:

INFRASTRUCTURE – GOAL 1

 Shire infrastructure is prepared for economic gains and increase in our population: Council invested \$1.2M in road construction which covered 35km of roads. \$192,000 was invested in plant renewal which included a maintenance truck and a new skid steer loader.

INFRASTRUCTURE – GOAL 2

• Community infrastructure of significance, economic value and history adds to our identity: The Shire received funding to assist in the development of the Heritage Trail on Vincent Street. The trail will include a trail head marker, place signage and an interactive QR App.

Council has supported a grant funding application by Noongar Land Enterprises to develop and establish Bush Foods Industry at Avondale Farm.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT - GOAL 3

• To have land available for domestic and commercial growth: Council developed a Shire of Beverley Housing Strategy.

Council continues to work with the State Government to develop and expand the industrial area.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT – GOAL 4

• Vincent Street is activated and aesthetically improved: The Vincent Street Streetscape Project was successful in receiving \$1.5M in Building Better Regions Funding. During 2020/21 a tender for the civil works was awarded. The project will see the undergrounding of power, construction of new drainage, roads and footpaths; plus the beautification of the street with lighting, seating and inclusion of a heritage trail.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT – GOAL 5

• Existing businesses can grow in Beverley and new business are attracted: The offices at the Cornerstone building continue to be leased, with one new business starting in the 20/21 period. The main street continues to attract new small business.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT – GOAL 6

 Beverley has a unique identity in the region and is well visited: Council supported the growing tourism by constructing six new onsite (self-contained) cabins at the Beverley Caravan Park. Council continues to support community events including the annual Beverley Agricultural Show and Beverley Rose Show.

The Tourism Project Officer continues to help progress the Tourism Strategy as guided by the Tourism Steering Committee. A new working group formed in 2020 to plan for the "Springback to Beverley 2022" event which will celebrate 150 years of the Dead Finish Museum and 150 years of the Beverley Roads Board.

OUR PEOPLE – GOAL 7

 Increase all forms of club participation: the Shire allocates \$20,000 to two rounds of Community Grants that are open to all incorporated groups. In 2020/21, \$15,683 was distributed to a total of eight community groups and clubs.

OUR PEOPLE - GOAL 8

 Beverley continues to be an inclusive, friendly and caring community: Council continues to work towards providing universal access to all Council facilities. In 2020/21 the Town Hall had large glass electronic sliding doors installed. Council continued its 10 year footpath renewal plan by spending \$65,000 on new footpaths.

The Youth Activity Area located in the main street, known as Moort Wabiny Park was completed in 2020/21. The park adds a vital recreational outlet for the youth and families of Beverley and attracts many regional visitors.

OUR PEOPLE - GOAL 9

• We have a healthy and safe community: The Local Emergency Management Group meets quarterly and is well represented by Council, Fire Control Officers, Beverley Police, Beverley Hospital, Beverley District High School and the Beverley CWA. The Local Emergency Plan is updated at each meeting.

Council has a representative on the Early Years Network Committee, the Alex Miles Lodge Committee and the Local Health Advisory Group.

OUR LOCATION - GOAL 10

 Rivers, lakes and reserves are an attraction for locals and visitors: A new wildflower trail opened at the Brooking Street Reserve. Included at the trail is new seating, footpaths and signage.

Council continues to liaise with Department of Conservation, Biodiversity and Attractions to formalise a lease agreement for Yenyening Lakes.

OUR LOCATION - GOAL 11

• We aim to protect, manage and preserve our natural environment: Water captured by Council's Storm Water Harvesting Dams and treated water provided by the Water Corporation is continuing to sustain the Town Oval and the main street gardens.

Solar power systems on the Shire Administration Building and Cornerstone Community Centre are working well, reducing Council's use of non-renewable power sources and at the same time reducing operating expenses. Council is committed to incorporating solar power on all future building developments and is investigating ways of utilising roof space on other Council owned assets for the purpose of harvesting solar energy.

GOVERNANCE – GOAL 12

 Council leads the organisation and engages with the community in an accountable and professional manner: Council completed a minor review (and adopted) of the Strategic Community Plan 2017 - 2027.

Council works closely with its Auditors to ensure all legislative requirements are met.

Council has engaged with multiple state government departments and commercial companies to lobby for improvements to services in the Beverley district. These included hosting visits from state and federal political representatives and strengthening ongoing relationships with the National Trust, Lotterywest, Water Corporation and Main Roads WA.

CORPORATE BUSINESS PLAN (4 YEARS)

The Shire of Beverley's Corporate Business Plan demonstrates how Council is going to achieve the Communities aspirations as identified in the Strategic Community Plan covering a medium term, four year time frame.

The Corporate Business Plan was adopted in 2014 and provides direction to the CEO regarding medium term operational and capital investment parameters.

A desktop review of the Corporate Business Plan is completed annually as part of the annual budgeting process.

The Corporate Business Plan is currently under review.

2020/21 CORPORATE BUSINESS PLAN MODIFICATIONS

There were no modifications made to the Shire of Beverley's Corporate Business Plan in the 2020/21 financial year.

INFORMING STRATEGIES

10 YEAR LONG TERM FINANCIAL PLAN (LTFP) adopted in 2019.

The LTFP reflects detailed financial workings based on achieving the objectives of the Strategic Community Plan and incorporating elements of workforce planning and asset management.

The LTFP was revised and adopted in 2019.

4 YEAR WORKFORCE PLAN (WFP) adopted in 2013 and reviewed in 2015.

The WFP provides a detailed management plan of Council's workforce which reflects the staffing requirements required to achieve the objectives of the Strategic Community Plan.

The WFP was reviewed as part of the LTFP review process.

10 YEAR INFRASTRUCTURE ASSET MANAGEMENT PLAN (IAMP) adopted in 2013.

The IAMP reflects the renewal requirements of Council's infrastructure assets.

The 10 Year Infrastructure Asset Management Plan was reviewed in 2019/20 to assist in informing the review of the 10 year Long Term Financial Plan.

10 YEAR BUILDINGS ASSET MANAGEMENT PLAN (BAMP) adopted in 2012.

The BAMP reflects the renewal requirements of Council's building assets.

The 10 Year Building Asset Management Plan was reviewed in 2019/20. The BAMP assists in informing the review of the 10 Year Long Term Financial Plan.

10 YEAR PLANT REPLACEMENT PROGRAM (PRP) adopted in 2015 and reviewed annually.

The PRP reflects Council's Plant replacement requirements.

14

NATIONAL COMPETITION POLICY

The introduction of the National Competition Policy requires all local governments to include in the Annual Report, statements relating to the following:

THE STRUCTURAL REFORM OF PUBLIC MONOPOLIES

The intention of the Structural Reform of Public Monopolies, is that:

- There is a separation of regulatory and commercial functions of Public Monopolies.
- There is a separation of natural monopolistic operations and potentially competitive activities of Public Monopolies.
- There is a separation of potential competitive activities into a number of smaller, essentially independent business units.

The Shire of Beverley is not considered a natural monopoly, nor does it conduct any business activity that can be considered a Public Monopoly. Therefore the principle of structural reform of Public Monopolies does not apply to the Shire of Beverley.

COMPETITIVE NEUTRALITY

For significant local government business enterprises, which are classified as 'Public Financial Enterprises', local government will, where appropriate:

- Adopt a corporatisation model for those local government business enterprises.
- Impose on significant business enterprises:
 - Full Commonwealth, State and Territory taxes on tax equivalent systems;
 - Debt guarantee fees directed towards off-setting the competitive advantages provided by government guarantees; and
 - Those regulations to which private sector businesses are normally subject, such as those relating to the protection of the environment and planning and approval processes, on an equivalent basis to private sector competitors.

These principles have been designed to ensure that a local government has no unfair advantage over any competitor in the market place.

These principles only apply to business activities that receive more than \$200,000 in annual income, of which the Shire of Beverley has none, and therefore do not apply to the Shire of Beverley.

Council has not received any allegations of non compliance with Competitive Neutrality Principles from the private sector.

LEGISLATION REVIEW

In accordance with the National Competition Policy, all Local Laws are currently being reviewed.

DISABILITY ACCESS AND INCLUSION PLAN

The Disability Services Act 1993 was amended in December 2004, creating a requirement of public authorities to develop and implement Disability Access and Inclusion Plans (DAIPs). These Plans had to be fully developed by July 2007, and replaced and built on the achievements of Disability Service Plans (DSPs).

A complete review of the 2013-2018 plan was completed in November 2018 with Council adopting the DAIP 2018-2023 in December 2018.

A DAIP progress report is completed annually and forwarded to the Disability Services Commission. The 2020/21 progress report was completed and submitted in May 2021.

The following overarching strategies have been developed to address each of the seven desired outcome areas of the Disability Services Act from feedback gained in the consultation process.

OUTCOME 1

People with disability have the same opportunities as other people to access the services of, and any events organised by the Shire of Beverley.

STRATEGY

Ensure that people with Disability are consulted on their needs for services and the accessibility of current services.

Monitor Shire services to ensure equitable access and inclusion.

Develop links between the DAIP and other Shire Integrated plans.

Shire organised or funded events are accessible to people with Disability.

Promote Disability Services and programs available within our Shire and neighbouring Shires.

OUTCOME 2

People with disability have the same opportunities as other people to access the buildings and other facilities of the Shire of Beverley.

STRATEGY

Ensure that all Shire buildings and facilities are physically accessible to people with Disability.

Ensure that all new or redevelopment work to public buildings and applications incorporates universal access and meets BCA standards.

Improvements to the accessibility and safe crossing on the main roads (Vincent Street) in Beverley.

Advocate to local businesses the requirements for and benefits flowing from the provision of accessible venues.

Ensure that all recreational areas are accessible.

Ensure that ACROD parking meets the needs of people with disability in terms of visibility, quantity and location.

OUTCOME 3

People with disability receive information from the Shire of Beverley in a format that will enable them to access the information as readily as other people are able to access it.

STRATEGY

Improve community awareness of Shire information being available in alternative formats.

Improve employee awareness of accessible information needs and how to provide information in other formats.

Ensure that the Shire's website meets accessibility guidelines.

OUTCOME 4

People with disability receive the same level and quality of service from the employees of a public authority as other people receive from the employees of the Shire of Beverley.

STRATEGY

Ensure that all employees, current and new, are aware of disability and access issues and have the skills to provide appropriate service and information.

Ensure that all elected members are aware of the Disability Access and Inclusion Plan and Shire's commitment to it.

OUTCOME 5

People with disability have the same opportunities as other people to make complaints to a public authority.

STRATEGY

Ensure that feedback and grievance mechanisms are known and accessible for people with Disability and are acted upon.

OUTCOME 6

People with disability have the same opportunities as other people to participate in any public consultation by a public authority.

STRATEGY

Ensure that people with disability are actively consulted about the DAIP and any other significant Shire planning processes.

Ensure that all Shire public consultations, forums, workshops and meetings are inclusive and accessible and people with disability are aware of them.

OUTCOME 7

People with disability have the same opportunities as other people to maintain employment with the Shire of Beverley.

STRATEGY

Ensure that inclusive recruitment practices are undertaken when advertising all employment positions.

Improve methods of attracting, recruiting and retaining people with disability.

PUBLIC INTEREST DISCLOSURE

PUBLIC INTEREST

Public Interest Disclosure Act 2003 (the Act), aims to facilitate and encourage the disclosure of public interest information, and to provide protection for those who have made disclosures, and for those about whom disclosures are made.

The Shire of Beverley does not tolerate corrupt or other improper conduct, including mismanagement of public resources, and the exercise of the public functions of the Shire and its officers, employees and contractors.

The Shire is committed to the aims and objectives of the Act, and recognises the value and importance of contributions of staff to enhance administrative and management practices, and supports disclosures being made by staff regarding corrupt or other improper conduct.

During the 2020/21 Financial Year there were no disclosures made under the Act.



RECORD KEEPING PLAN

The State Records Act 2000 requires that the Shire maintains and disposes of all records in the prescribed manner.

Principal 6 - Compliance: Government Organisations ensure their employees comply with the Record Keeping Plan.

RATIONALE

An Organisation and its employees must comply with the Organisation's Record Keeping Plan. Organisations should develop and implement strategies for ensuring that each employee is aware of the compliance responsibilities.

MINIMUM COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS

The Record Keeping Plan is to provide evidence to adduce that:

- 1. The efficiency and effectiveness of the organisation's record keeping system is evaluated not less than once every 5 years.
- 2. The Organisation conducts a record keeping program.
- 3. The efficiency and effectiveness of the record keeping training program is reviewed from time to time.
- 4. The Organisation's induction program addresses employee roles and responsibilities in regards to their compliance with the Organisation's Record Keeping Plan.

The Shire of Beverley has complied with items 1 to 4.

In the updated Plan 2020-25, the Shire of Beverley has committed to increasing staff awareness of the disposal program for records kept offsite, including understanding and awareness on how to access offsite records; and the development of a Records Disaster Recovery Plan, to include the following strategies:

- Centralised storage location of Vital Records for easy removal or recovery.
- A Register of Vital Records, listing where vital records are stored in hardcopy and electronically and how they would be recovered after a disaster.
- Coordinating details for the salvaging and documenting of damaged records, along with planning an alternative work area.
- Installation of a Records Disaster Recovery Bin.



REGISTER OF MINOR COMPLAINTS

Section 5.121 of the Local Government Act 1995 (Register of Certain Complaints of Minor Breaches), requires the Complaints Officer for each local government to maintain a Register of Complaints which records all complaints that result in action under Section 5.110(6) (b) or (c) of the Act (Conduct of Certain Officials).

Section 5.53 (2) (hb) of the Local Government Act 1995 requires disclosure in the Annual Report of details of entries made under Section 5.121 during the financial year in the Register of Complaints, including:

- i. The number of complaints recorded on the register of complaints;
- ii. How the recorded complaints were dealt with; and
- iii. Any other details that the Regulations may require.

In accordance with these requirements, it is advised that no complaints or minor breaches under the Local Government Act 1995 were received during 2020/21.



FREEDOM OF

Section 96 of the Freedom of Information Act requires local governments to publish an Information Statement.

In summary, the Shire of Beverley's Statement indicates that the Shire of Beverley is responsible for the good governance of the Shire, and carries out functions as required, including statutory compliance and provision of services and facilities.

All Council meetings are open to the public, and meeting dates and venues are advertised on a regular basis. Members of the public are invited to ask questions during Public Question Time, shortly after the commencement of each meeting.

The Shire of Beverley maintains records relating to the function and administration of the Shire, each property within the Shire, and includes such documents as the Minutes of Meetings, Rate Book, Town Planning Scheme, Local Laws, Codes of Conduct, Register of Financial Interests, Register of Delegated Authority, Financial Statements, and Electoral Rolls. These documents can be inspected free of charge at the Shire Office, 136 Vincent Street, Beverley, during office hours.

No Freedom of Information requests were received in 2020/21.



2020/21 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

CONTENTS

Statement by Chief Executive Officer	26
Statement of Comprehensive Income by Nature or Type	27
Statement of Comprehensive Income by Program	28
Statement of Financial Position	29
Statement of Changes in Equity	30
Statement of Cash Flows	31
Rate Setting Statement	32
Notes to and Forming Part of the Financial Report	33-79
Independent Audit Report	80-82
Councillor's Declaration	83



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SHIRE OF BEVERLEY FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2021

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995 LOCAL GOVERNMENT (FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT) REGULATIONS 1996

STATEMENT BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The attached financial report of the Shire of Beverley for the financial year ended 30th June 2021 is based on proper accounts and records to present fairly the financial position of the Shire of Beverley at 30th June 2021 and the results of the operations for the financial year then ended in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995* and, to the extent that they are not consistent with the Act, the Australian Accounting Standards.

Signed on the 20th day of December, 2021

pl

S.P. Gollan Chief Executive Officer



SHIRE OF BEVERLEY STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY NATURE OR TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2021

	NOTE	2020/21 Actual \$	2020/21 Budget \$	2019/20 Actual \$
Revenue				
Rates	24(a)	2,796,908	2,800,847	2,813,252
Operating Grants, Subsidies and				
Contributions	30	1,637,341	1,034,159	1,899,398
Fees and Charges	29	694,412	587,348	630,881
Interest Earnings	2(a)	50,043	41,992	117,455
Other Revenue		492,457	523,360	483,785
	_	5,671,161	4,987,706	5,944,771
Expenses				
Employee Costs		(2,065,363)	(2,068,715)	(2,056,018)
Materials and Contracts		(1,539,506)	(2,118,414)	(1,570,890)
Utility Charges		(219,427)	(197,423)	(230,369)
Depreciation on Non-Current Assets	2(a)	(2,359,536)	(2,313,194)	(2,330,127)
Interest Expenses	2(a)	(65,624)	(70,964)	(82,572)
Insurance Expenses		(201,256)	(197,440)	(195,150)
Other Expenditure	_	(93,604)	(84,325)	(110,361)
		(6,544,316)	(7,050,475)	(6,575,487)
		(873,155)	(2,062,769)	(630,716)
Non-Operating Grants, Subsidies and				
Contributions	30	2,326,087	3,012,200	824,214
Profit on Asset Disposals	22	-	65,000	-
Loss on Asset Disposal	22	(21,293)	(62,636)	(40,052)
Net Result		1,431,639	951,795	153,446
Other Comprehensive Income				
Changes on revaluation of				
non-current assets	14	8,393,340	-	-
Total Other Comprehensive Income	-	8,393,340	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income	-	9,824,979	951,795	153,446



SHIRE OF BEVERLEY STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2021

	NOTE	2020/21 Actual \$	2020/21 Budget \$	2019/20 Actual \$
Revenue		Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ
General Purpose Funding		3,707,196	3,260,334	3,741,567
Governance		23,554	10,100	53,682
Law, Order, Public Safety		264,769	229,857	212,127
Health		1,910	300	582
Housing		126,792	137,492	130,888
Community Amenities		225,962	206,278	223,806
Recreation and Culture		172,148	135,027	260,516
Transport		650,004	377,512	727,773
Economic Services		124,265	119,676	176,097
Other Property and Services		52,014	34,098	71,286
		5,348,614	4,510,674	5,598,324
Expenses				
General Purpose Funding		(172,081)	(173,512)	(145,995)
Governance		(244,253)	(254,954)	(209,513)
Law, Order, Public Safety		(358,407)	(417,800)	(415,298)
Health		(151,554)	(171,727)	(144,873)
Education and Welfare		(71,281)	(98,098)	(72,603)
Housing		(192,335)	(213,750)	(181,650)
Community Amenities		(695,774)	(669,229)	(648,050)
Recreation and Culture		(1,390,484)	(1,442,356)	(1,414,829)
Transport		(2,483,962)	(2,563,701)	(2,518,082)
Economic Services		(397,711)	(479,909)	(409,781)
Other Property and Services	_	1,698	(17,443)	14,206
		(6,156,144)	(6,502,479)	(6,146,468)
Finance Costs				
Community Amenities		(514)	(567)	(1,706)
Recreation and Culture	_	(65,110)	(70,397)	(80,866)
	2(a)	(65,624)	(70,964)	(82,572)
Non-Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions				
Law, Order, Public Safety		-	70,000	26,950
Recreation and Culture		1,096,073	760,056	38,847
Transport		650,013	2,182,144	758,417
Economic Services		580,000		
		2,326,086	3,012,200	824,214
Profit/(Loss) on Disposal of Assets				
Governance		(3,025)	(9,000)	(15,530)
Recreation & Culture		(3,532)	-	-
Other Property and Services	_	(14,736)	11,364	(24,522)
	22	(21,293)	2,364	(40,052)
Net Result	-	1,431,639	951,795	153,446
Other Comprehensive Income				
Changes on revaluation of	14	0 202 240		
non-current assets	14 _	8,393,340		
Total Other Comprehensive Income	-	8,393,340	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income	=	9,824,979	951,795	153,446

SHIRE OF BEVERLEY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30TH JUNE 2021

	NOTE	2020/21 Actual \$	2019/20 Actual \$
CURRENT ASSETS		Ψ	Ψ
Cash and Cash Equivalents	3	5,446,092	1,931,559
Trade and Other Receivables	4	374,613	416,379
Other Financial Assets	5	-	2,582,024
Contract Assets	2(a)	100,000	17,795
Inventories	6	10,281	9,345
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	-	5,930,986	4,957,102
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Other Receivables	4	145,806	150,441
Other Financial Assets	5	55,355	53,416
Property, Plant and Equipment	7(a)	32,400,881	23,069,483
Infrastructure	8(a)	60,266,729	60,366,533
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		92,868,771	83,639,873
TOTAL ASSETS		98,799,757	88,596,975
			, ,
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and Other Payables	9	450,588	444,812
Other Liabilities	10	462,862	-
Long Term Borrowings	11	102,055	137,938
Employee Related Provisions	12	359,518	352,111
Lease Liability	17	6,833	-
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,381,856	934,861
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	0	000.000	004.054
Trade and Other Payables	9	292,066	304,054
Other Liabilities	10	-	-
Long Term Borrowings Employee Related Provisions	11 12	1,277,172 98,416	1,379,225
Lease Liability	12	13,673	67,240
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,681,327	1,750,519
TOTAL NON-CORRENT LIABILITIES		1,001,327	1,750,519
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,063,183	2,685,380
NET ASSETS		95,736,574	85,911,595
EQUITY			
Retained Surplus		44,609,993	43,427,040
Reserves - Cash Backed	13	2,830,711	2,582,025
Revaluation Surplus	14	48,295,870	39,902,530
TOTAL EQUITY		95,736,574	85,911,595



SHIRE OF BEVERLEY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2021

		RESERVES CASH/		
NOTE	RETAINED SURPLUS	INVESTMENT BACKED	REVALUATION SURPLUS	TOTAL EQUITY
	\$	\$	\$	\$
	43,482,751	2,372,868	39,902,530	85,758,149
	153,446	-	-	153,446
	153,446	-	-	153,446
	(209,157)	209,157	-	-
	43,427,040	2,582,025	39,902,530	85,911,595
	1,431,639	-	-	1,431,639
14	-	-	8,393,340	8,393,340
	1,431,639	-	8,393,340	9,824,979
	(248,686)	248,686	-	-
	44,609,993	2,830,711	48,295,870	95,736,574
		NOTE SURPLUS $ \begin{array}{r} $	NOTE $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{RETAINED} \\ \textbf{SURPLUS} \\ \textbf{\$} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 43,482,751 \\ 43,482,751 \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 2,372,868 \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 43,482,751 \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 2,372,868 \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 153,446 \\ - \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 209,157 \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 209,157 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 43,427,040 \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 2,582,025 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} 1,431,639 \\ - \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} - \\ 1,431,639 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} - \\ 1,431,639 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} - \\ 1,431,639 \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \end{array}$	NOTE $\begin{array}{c c} \begin{array}{c} RETAINED\\ SURPLUS\\ \$ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} REVALUATION\\ BACKED\\ BACKED\\ \$ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} REVALUATION\\ SURPLUS\\ \$ \end{array} \end{array}$



SHIRE OF BEVERLEY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2021

	NOTE	2020/21 Actual \$	2020/21 Budget \$	2019/20 Actual \$
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ
Receipts				
Rates		2,796,908	2,800,847	2,813,252
Operating Grants, Subsidies and		4 007 044	4 004 450	4 000 000
Contributions		1,637,341	1,034,159	1,899,398
Fees and Charges Interest Earnings		694,412 50,044	587,348 41,992	630,882 117,456
Other Revenue		899,350	523,360	439,848
	-	6,078,055	4,987,706	5,900,836
Payments		0,010,000	1,007,700	0,000,000
Employee Costs		(2,026,781)	(2,068,715)	(2,004,892)
Materials and Contracts		(1,539,506)	(2,118,414)	(1,570,890)
Utility Charges		(219,427)	(197,423)	(230,369)
Insurance Expenses		(201,256)	(197,440)	(195,150)
Interest expenses		(66,010)	(70,964)	(101,836)
Other Expenditure		(87,441)	(84,325)	(253,893)
	-	(4,140,421)	(4,737,281)	(4,357,030)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In)				
Operating Activities	15(b) _	1,937,634	250,425	1,543,806
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Payments for Purchase of				
Property, Plant & Equipment	7(b)	(2,027,351)	(2,878,475)	(978,364)
Payments for Construction of				
Infrastructure	8(b)	(1,269,914)	(4,775,270)	(1,517,042)
Non-Operating Grants,				
Subsidies and Contributions	30	2,326,087	3,012,200	663,197
Proceeds from Sale of Plant & Equipment	22	78,182	267,364	169,982
Proceeds (to) financial assets at amortised cost - Bonds		(11,988)	-	316,042
Payments from financial assets at				
amortised cost – Term Deposits		2,582,024	-	(2,582,024)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In)	-			
Investing Activities		1,677,040	(4,374,181)	(3,928,209)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Repayment of Debentures	23	(137,937)	(137,937)	(153,429)
Repayment of Finance Leases		20,508	-	-
Proceeds from Self Supporting Loans		17,288	17,288	16,271
Proceeds from New Debentures	23	-	2,000,000	
Net Cash Provided By (Used In)				
Financing Activities		(100,141)	1,879,351	(137,158)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash Held		3,514,533	(2,244,405)	(2,521,561)
Cash at Beginning of Year		1,931,559	4,197,541	4,453,120
Cash and Cash Equivalents		.,,	.,,	.,
at the End of the Year	15(a)	5,446,092	1,953,136	1,931,559

SHIRE OF BEVERLEY RATE SETTING STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2021

		NOTE	2020/21 Actual \$	2020/21 Budget \$	2019/20 Actual \$
	Revenue		Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ
	General Purpose Funding		910,288	458,986	928,315
	Governance		23,554	1,100	53,682
	Law, Order, Public Safety		264,769	299,857	239,077
	Health		1,910	300	582
	Housing		126,792	137,492	130,888
	Community Amenities		225,962	206,278	223,806
	Recreation and Culture		1,268,221	895,083	299,363
	Transport		1,300,017	2,559,656	1,486,190
	Economic Services		704,265	119,676	176,097
	Other Property and Services		52,014	45,462	71,286
	Evnoncoo		4,877,792	4,723,890	3,609,286
	Expenses General Purpose Funding		(172,081)	(173,012)	(145,995)
	Governance		(247,278)	(254,954)	(225,043)
	Law, Order, Public Safety		(358,407)	(417,800)	(415,298)
	Health		(151,554)	(171,727)	(144,873)
	Education and Welfare		(71,281)	(98,098)	(72,603)
	Housing		(192,335)	(213,750)	(181,650)
	Community Amenities		(696,288)	(669,796)	(649,756)
	Recreation and Culture		(1,459,126)	(1,512,753)	(1,495,695)
	Transport		(2,483,962)	(2,563,701)	(2,518,082)
	Economic Services		(397,711)	(479,909)	(409,781)
	Other Property and Services		(13,038)	(17,443)	(10,316)
			(6,243,061)	(6,572,943)	(6,269,092)
	Net Result Excluding Rates		(1,365,269)	(1,849,053)	(2,659,806)
	Adjustments for Cash Budget Requirements: Non-Cash Expenditure and Revenue				
	(Profit)/Loss on Asset Disposals	21	21,293	(2,364)	40,052
	Movements in Non-Current to Current Items	21	3,330	(2,001)	10,917
	Depreciation and Amortisation on Assets	2(a)	2,359,536	2,313,195	2,330,127
	Total Non-Cash Expenditure and Revenue	2(a)	2,384,159	2,310,831	2,381,096
			2,001,100	_,,	2,001,000
	Capital Expenditure and Revenue				
	Purchase Land and Buildings	7(b)	(1,805,071)	(2,061,000)	(423,598)
	Purchase Plant and Equipment	7(b)	(191,731)	(802,475)	(554,765)
	Purchase Furniture and Equipment	7(b)	(30,549)	(15,000)	-
	Purchase Infrastructure Assets - Roads	8(b)	(1,203,986)	(4,669,434)	(1,276,983)
	Purchase Infrastructure Assets - Other	8(b)	(65,928)	(105,835)	(240,059)
	Proceeds from Disposal of Assets	21	78,182	267,364	169,983
	Repayment of Debentures	22	(137,937)	(137,937)	(153,429)
	Proceeds from New Debentures	22	-	2,000,000	-
	Self-Supporting Loan Principal Income		17,288	17,288	16,271
	Transfers to Reserves (Restricted Assets)	12	(279,356)	(295,903)	(537,901)
	Transfers from Reserves (Restricted Assets)	12	30,670	1,113,874	328,744
	Total Capital Expenditure and Revenue		(3,588,418)	(4,689,058)	(2,671,737)
	Surplus/(Deficit) July 1 B/Fwd.	24(b)	1,426,432	1,426,433	1,563,627
LESS	Surplus/(Deficit) June 30 C/Fwd.	24(b)	1,653,812	-	1,426,432
	Total (Deficit) to be covered by General Rate	24(a)	(2,796,908)	(2,800,847)	(2,813,252)



1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

(a) Basis of Preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial statement which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities), Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the *Local Government Act 1995* and accompanying regulations.

The Local Governement (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 (FM Regs) take precedence over Australian Accounting Standards. Prior to 1 July 2019, Regulation (Reg) 16 arbitrarily prohibited a local government from recognising as assets Crown land that is a public thoroughfare, i.e. land under roads, and land not owned by but under control or management of the local government, unless it is a golf course, showground, racecourse or recreational facility of State or regional significance. Consequently, some assets pertaining to vested land, including land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008, were not recognised in previous financial reports of the Shire. This was not in accordance with the requirements of AASB 1051 Land Under Roads paragraph 15 and AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment paragraph 7.

From 1 July 2019, the Shire has applied AASB 16 Leases which requires leases to be included by lessees in the balance sheet. Also, the FM regs have been amended to specify that vested land is a right of use (ROU) asset to be measured at cost. All ROU assets (other than vested improvements) under zero cost concessionary leases are measured at zero cost (i.e. not included in the balance sheet) rather than at fair value. The exception is vested improvements on concessionary land leases such as roads, buildings or other infrastructure which continue to be reported at fair value, as opposed to the vested land which is measured at zero cost. The measurement of vested improvements at fair value is a depature from AASB 16 which would have required the Shire to measure any vested improvements at zero cost.

Except for cash flow and rate setting information, the report has also been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of the selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

(b) The Local Government Reporting Entity

All Funds through which the Council controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this financial report.

In the process of reporting on the local government as a single unit, all transactions and balances between those funds (for example, loans and transfers between Funds) have

been eliminated.

All monies held in the Trust Fund are excluded from the financial statements, but a separate statement of those monies appears at Note 21 to these financial statements.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(c) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to the ATO, is included with receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the ATO, are presented as operating cash flows.

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts.

Bank overdrafts are shown as short term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

(e) Restricted Assets

Restricted asset balances are not available for general use by the local government due to externally imposed restrictions. Externally imposed restrictions are specified in an agreement, contract or legislation. This applies to reserves, unspent grants, subsidies and contributions and unspent loans that have not been fully expended in the manner specified by the contributor, legislation or loan agreement.

(f) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other amounts due from third parties for goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business. Information about impairment of trade receivables and their exposure to credit risk can be found in Note 34.

Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Collectability of trade and other receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts that are known to be uncollectible are written off when identified. An allowance for doubtful debts is raised when there is objective evidence that they will not be collectible.



1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

Recognition of revenue is dependent on the source of revenue and the associated terms and conditions associated with each source of revenue and recognised as follows:

Revenue Category	Nature of Goods and Services	When obligations typically satisfied	Payment terms	Returns/Refunds/ Warranties	Determination of transaction price	0	Measuring obligations for returns	Timing of revenue recognition
Rates	General rates	Over time	Payment dates adopted by Council during the year	None	Adopted by Council annually	When taxable event occurs	N/A	When rates notice is issued
Grants, subsidies or contributions for the construction of non-financial assets.	•	Over time	Fixed term transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and reporting		Set by mutual agreement with funding body	Based on the progress of works matched to performance obligations	Returns limited to repayment of transaction price of terms	Output method based on project milestones and/or completion date matched to performance obligations
Grants, subsidies or contributions with no contractual commitments	General appropriations and contributions with no reciprocal commitment	No obligations	N/A	N/A	Cash received	On receipt of funds	N/A	When assets are controlled
Fees and charges- licences, registrations, approvals	Building, planning, development and animal management, having the same nature as a licence		Full payment prior to issue	None	Set by State legislation or limited by legislation to the cost provision	Base don timing of issue of the associated rights	No refunds	On payment of the licence, registration or approval



1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

Revenue Category	Nature of Goods and Services	When obligations typically satisfied	Payment terms	Returns/Refunds/ Warranties	Determination of transaction price	Allocating transaction price	Measuring obligations for returns	Timing of revenue recognition
Fees and charges- Pool inspections	Compliance safety check	Single point in time	Equal proportion based on an equal annual fee	None	Set by State legislation	Apportioned equally across the inspection cycle	N/A	After inspection complete based on a four year cycle
Fees and charges- Other inspections	Regulatory food, health and safety	Single point in time	Full payment prior to inspection	None	Set by State legislation or limited by legislation to the cost provision	Applied fully at time of inspection	N/A	After inspection complete
Fees and charges- Waste management	Kerbside collection service	Over time	Payment on an annual basis in advance	None	Adopted by Council annually	Apportioned equally over the collection period	N/A	Output method based on regular weekly and fortnightly periods as proportionate to collection service
Fees and charges- Property hire	Use of Halls and other facilities	Single point in time	Payment in full in advance	Refund if event cancelled	Adopted by Council annually	Based on timing of entry to facility	Returned limited to repayment of transaction	On entry or at conclusion of hire
Fees and charges- Commercial lease		Over time	Fixed term transfer of funds based on agreed lease terms	None	As per lease agreement	Based on timing of entry to facility	N/A	Output method over lease term matched to access right

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

Revenue Category	Nature of Goods and Services	When obligations typically satisfied	Payment terms	Returns/Refunds/ Warranties	Determination of transaction price	Allocating transaction price	Measuring obligations for returns	Timing of revenue recognition
Fees and charges- Memberships	Community Gym and Pool Memberships	Over time	Payment in full in advance	None	Adopted by Council annually	Apportioned equally over the access period	Returned limited to repayment of transaction	Output method over 12 months matched to access right
Fees and charges- Other goods and services	Cemetery services, Library fees, private works	Single point in time	Payment in full in advance	None	Adopted by Council annually	Applied fully based on timing of provision	N/A	Output method based o provision of service or completion of works
Fees and charges- Fines	Fines issued for breaches of local laws	Single point in time	Payment in full within defined time	None	Adopted by Council annually	When taxable event occurs	N/A	When fine notice is issued
Other Revenue- Commissions	Commissions on transport licencing and building levies	Single point in time	Payment in full on sale	None	Set by mutual agreement with customer	On receipt of funds	N/A	When assets are controlled
Other Revenue- Reimbursements	Insurance claims	Single point in time	Payment in arrears for claimable event		Set by mutual agreement with customer	When claim is agreed	N/A	When claim is agreed



1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Inventories

General

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Land Held for Resale

Land purchased for development and/or resale is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of acquisition, development, borrowing costs and holding costs until completion of development. Finance costs and holding charges incurred after development is completed are expensed.

Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income at the time of signing an unconditional contract of sale if significant risks and rewards, and effective control over the land, are passed on to the buyer at this point.

Land held for resale is classified as current except where it is held as non-current based on Council's intention to release for sale.

(h) Fixed Assets

Each class of fixed assets within either plant and equipment or infrastructure, is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Recognition and measurement

All assets are initially recognised at cost where the fair value of the asset at date of acquisition is equal to or above \$5,000. All assets are subsequently revalued in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework.

In relation to this initial measurement, cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition. For assets acquired at zero cost or otherwise significantly less than fair value, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Shire includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads.

Individual assets that are land, buildings, infrastructure and investment properties acquired between initial recognition and the next revaluation of the asset class in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework, are recognised at cost and disclosed as being at fair value as management believes cost approximates fair value. They are subject to subsequent revaluation at the next anniversary date in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework.



1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Fixed Assets (Continued)

Revaluation

The fair value of land, buildings, infrastructure and investment properties determined at least every five years in accordance with the regulatory framework. This includes buildings and infrastructure items which were pre-existing improvements (i.e. vested improvements) on vested land acquired by the Shire. At the end of each period valuation is reviewed and where appropriate the fair value is updated to reflect current market conditions. This process is considered to be in accordance with *Local Government* (*Financial Management*) *Regulation 17A*(2) which requires land, buildings, infrastructure, investment properties and vested improvements to be shown at fair value.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of assets are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same class of asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in equity. All other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

AUSTRALIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS - INCONSISTENCY

Land under control prior to 1 July 2019

In accordance with the then *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16 (a),* the Shire was previously required to include as an asset (by 30 June 2013), vested Crown Land operated by the local government as a golf course, showground, racecourse or other sporting or recreational facility of State or regional significance.

Upon initial recognition, these assets were recorded at cost in accordance with AASB 116. They were then classified as Land and revalued along with other land.

Land uder roads prior to 1 July 2019

In Western Australia, most land under roads is Crown Land, the responsibility for managing which, is vested in the local government.

Effective as at 1 July 2008, Council elected not to recognise any value for land under roads acquired on or before 30 June 2008. This accords with the treatment available in Australian Accounting Standard AASB1051 Land Under Roads and the then Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(i) which arbitrarily prohibited local governments from recognising such land as an asset. This regulation has now been deleted.

In respect of land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008, as detailed above, the then Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(i) prohibited local governments from recognising such land as an asset.

Whilst such treatment is inconsistent with the requirements of AASB 1051, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 4(2) provides, in the event of such an inconsistency, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations prevail. Consequently, any land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008 is not included as an asset of the Council.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Fixed Assets (Continued)

Land under roads from 1 July 2019

As a result of amendments to the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996,* effective from 1 July 2019, vested land, including land under roads, are treated as ROU assets measured at zero cost. Therefore, the previous inconsistency with AASB 1051 in respect of non-recognition of land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008 has been removed, even though measurement at zero cost means that land under roads is still not included in the balance sheet.

Vested improvements from 1 July 2019

The measurement of vested improvements at fair value in accordance with Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A(2)(iv) is a departure from AASB 16 which would have required the Shire to measure the vested improvements as part of the related ROU assets at zero cost.

Depreciation of Non-Current Assets

All non-current assets having a limited useful life (excluding freehold and vested land) are separately and systematically depreciated over their useful lives in a manner which reflects the Assets are depreciated from the date of acquisition or, in respect of internally constructed assets, from the time the asset is completed and held ready for use.

Depreciation is recognised on a straight-line basis, using rates which are reviewed each reporting period. Major depreciation periods are:

Land	not depreciated
Buildings	25 to 50 years
Furniture and Equipment	3 to 10 years
Plant and Equipment	5 to 15 years
Sealed roads and streets	-
- Formation	not depreciated
- Pavement	40 years
- Bituminous seals	15 years
Gravel roads	
- Formation	not depreciated
- Pavement	40 years
- Gravel sheet	20 years
Formed roads (unsealed)	
- Formation	not depreciated
- Pavement	40 years
Bridges	100 years
Footpaths - slab	48 years
Water supply piping & drainage systems	54 years
Parks and Ovals	25 years



1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(i) Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities (Continued)

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

Valuation techniques

Council selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Council are 'consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

Market approach

Valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

Income approach

Valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.

Cost approach

Valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of an asset at its current service capacity.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, Council gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

As detailed above, the mandatory measurement framework imposed by the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations requires, as a minimum, all assets carried at a revalued amount to be revalued at least every 5 years.



1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Impairment

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the Council's assets, other than inventories, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication they may be impaired.

Where such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount.

Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another standard (e.g. AASB 116). Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other standard.

For non-cash generating assets such as roads, drains, public buildings and the like, value in use is represented by the depreciated replacement cost of the asset.

(k) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Council prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Council becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured, are recognised as a current liability and are normally paid within 30 days of recognition.

(I) Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for Council's obligations for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave.

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

Council's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as a part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position. Council's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised as provisions in the statement of financial position.

Other long-term employee benefits

Provision is made for employees' long service leave and annual leave entitlements not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

Council's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where Council does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense when incurred except where they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Where this is the case, they are capitalised as part of the cost of the particular asset.

(n) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when:

a) the Council has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events;

b) for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result; and

c) that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

(o) Leases

At the inception of the contract, the Shire assesses if the contract contains or is a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

At the commencement date, a right of use asset is recognised at cost and lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Shire uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Right of use assets are subsequently measured under the revaluation model as they relate to asset classes that are also revalued.

Right of use assets are depreciated over the lease term or useful life of the underlying assets, whichever is the shortest. Where a lease transfers ownership fo the underlying asset, or the cost of the right of use asset reflects that the Shire anticipates to exercise a purchase option, the specific asset is amortised over the useful life of the underlying asset.

All contracts that are classifed as short-term leases (i.e. a lease with a remaining term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets are recognised as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Lease for right of use assets are secured over the asset being leased.

Right of use asset - valuation

ROU assets are measured at cost. This means that all ROU assets (other than vested improvements) under zero cost concessionary lease are measured at zero cost (i.e. not included on the balance sheet). The exception is vested improvements which are reported at fair value.



1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(p) Investments in Associates

The Council has no investments held in any third party entities.

(q) Joint Venture

The Council has no interest in any Joint Venture.

(r) Rates, Grants, Donations and Other Contributions

Rates, grants, donations and other contributions are recognised as revenues when the local government obtains control over the assets comprising the contributions.

Control over assets acquired from rates is obtained at the commencement of the rating period or, where earlier, upon receipt of the rates.

Where contributions recognised as revenues during the reporting period were obtained on the condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period, and those conditions were undischarged as at the reporting date, the nature of and amounts pertaining to those undischarged conditions are disclosed in Note 2(c). That note also discloses the amount of contributions recognised as revenues in a previous reporting period which were obtained in respect of the local government's operation for the current reporting period.

(s) Superannuation

The Council contributes to a number of superannuation funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the Council contributes are defined contribution plans.

(t) Current and Non-Current Classification

In the determination of whether an asset or liability is current or non-current, consideration is given to the time when each asset or liability is expected to be settled. The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Council's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the Council does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current even if not expected to be realised in the next 12 months except for land held for resale where it is held as non-current based on Council's intentions to release for sale.

(u) Rounding Off Figures

All figures shown in this annual financial report, other than a rate in the dollar, are rounded to the nearest dollar. Amounts are presented in Australian Dollars.

(v) Comparative Figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

When the council applied an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statement that has a material effect on the statement of financial position, a statement of financial position as at the beginning of the earliest period will be disclosed.

(w) Budget Comparative Figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in this annual financial report relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(x) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods

The AASB has issued a number of new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods, some of which are relevant to the Council.

Management's assessment of the new and amended pronouncement that are relevant to the Council, applicable to future reporting periods and which have not yet been adopted are set out as follows.

	Title and Topic	Issued	Applicable (*)	Impact
(i)	AASB 2020-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of liabilities as current or non-current	January 2020	1 January 2022	AASB 2020-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Classification of liabilities as current or non-current is not expected to impact the financial report.
(ii)	AASB 2020-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual improvements 218-2020 and other amendments	May 2020	1 January 2022	AASB 2020-1 2020-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Annual improvements 218-2020 and other amendments is not expected to impact the financial report.
(iii)	AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of accounting policies or definition of accounting estimates	February 2021	1 January 2023	AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosure of accounting policies or definition of accounting estimates is not expected to impact the financial report.
	Nataa			

Notes: (*) Applicable to reporting periods commencing on or after the given date.



2.	REVENUE AND EXPENSES		2020/21 Actual \$	2019/20 Actual \$
(a)	Net Result			
	The Net Result includes:			
	(i) Charging as an Expense:			
	Auditors Remuneration			
	Audit Expenses		22,810	11,132
	Other Services		400	7,392
	Depreciation			
	Buildings		683,587	666,323
	Furniture and Equipment		16,438	15,527
	Plant and Equipment		289,793	278,559
	Roads		822,389	822,389
	Bridges		385,142	385,142
	Footpaths		37,944	37,944
	Drainage		49,658	49,658
	Parks and Gardens		74,585	74,585
			2,359,536	2,330,127
	Interest Expenses (Finance Costs)			
	Debentures (refer Note 23(a))		65,624	82,572
			65,624	82,572
	Rental Charges			
	- Operating Leases			6,364
	(ii) Crediting as Revenue:			
		2020/21	2020/21	2019/20
		Actual	Budget	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
	Interest Earnings	Ŧ	Ŧ	Ŧ
	Investments			
	- Reserve Funds	12,013	15,492	42,458
	- Other Funds	5,741	6,000	34,208
	Other Interest Revenue <i>(refer Note 28)</i>	32,289	20,500	40,789
		50,043	41,992	117,455
				, -



2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)	2020/21	2020/21	2019/20
	Actual	Budget	Actual
(ii) Crediting as Revenue (Continued):	\$	\$	\$

Contracts With Customers

Revenue from contracts with customers and transfers to enable the acquisition or construction of recognisable non-financial assets to be controlled by the Shire was recognised during the year for the following nature or types of goods or services:

Operating grants, subsidies and contributions	1,637,341	1,034,159	1,899,398
Fees and charges	694,412	587,348	630,881
Other revenue	492,457	523,360	483,785
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2,326,087	3,012,200	824,214
	5,150,297	5,157,067	3,838,278

Additional detail on Fees and Charges and Grants can be found in notes 29 and 30.

Revenue from contracts with customers and transfers to enable the acquisition or construction of recognisable non-financial assets to be controlled by the Shire is comprised of:

Revenue from contracts with customers included as			
contract liability at the start of the period	462,862	-	-
Revenue from contracts with customers recognised			
durring the year	4,687,435	5,157,067	3,838,278
Revenue from transfers intended for acquiring or			
constructing recognisable non financial assets held			
as a liability at the start of the period	-	-	-
Revenue from transfers intended for acquiring or			
constructing recognisable non financial assets during			
the year	-	-	-
	5,150,297	5,157,067	3,838,278

Information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from contracts with customers along with financial assets and associated liabilities arising from transfers to enable the acquisition or construction of recognisable financial assets is:

Trade and other receivables from contracts with		
customers	-	-
Contract Assets	100,000	17,795
Contract Liabilities from contracts with customers	-	-
Financial assets held from transfers for recognisable		
financial assets	-	-
Grant laibilities from transfers for recognisable non		
financial assets	-	-

Contract assets primarily relate to the Shire's right to consideration for work completed but not billed at 30 June 2021.

Contract liabilities for contracts with customers primarily relate to grants with performance obligations received in advance for which revenue is recognised over time as the performance obligations are met. Information is not provided about remaining performance obligations for contracts with customers that had an original expected duration of one year or less.

Consideration from contracts with customers is include din the transaction price.

Performance obligations in relation to contract liabilities from transfers for recognisable non financial assets are satisfied as project milestones are met or completion of construction or acquisition of the asset. All associated performance obligations are expected to be met over the next 12months.



2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(b) Statement of Objective

In order to discharge its responsibilities to the community, Council has developed a set of operational and financial objectives. These objectives have been established both on an overall basis and for each of its broad activities/programs.

Council operations as disclosed in this report encompass the following service orientated activities/programs:

GOVERNANCE

Member of Council Allowances and Reimbursements, Civic Functions, Election Expenses and Administration Expenses.

GENERAL PURPOSE FUNDING

Rates Levied, Interest on Late Payment of Rates, General Purpose Grants and Interest Received on Investments.

LAW, ORDER, PUBLIC SAFETY

Supervision of various Local Laws, Fire Prevention and Animal Control.

HEALTH

Subsidisation of the Beverley Medical Practice, Environmental Health, Food Control and Pest Control.

EDUCATION AND WELFARE

Pre-Schools and other Education. Care of Families and Children.

HOUSING

Aged Persons Residence and Staff Housing.

COMMUNITY AMENITIES

Refuse Collection Services, Landfill Site Operations, Protection of the Environment. Administration of the Town Planning Scheme and Urban Stormwater and Drainage Works.

RECREATION AND CULTURE

Maintenance of Halls, Swimming Pool, Recreation Ground, Reserves, Libraries and Other Culture.

TRANSPORT

Maintenance of Roads, Drainage Works, Footpaths, Street Lighting, Crossovers, Verge Maintenance and Street Sweeping.

ECONOMIC SERVICES

Weed Control, Area Promotion, Implementation of Building Controls, Swimming Pool Inspections.

OTHER PROPERTY & SERVICES

Private Works, Public Works Overheads, Plant Operations, Materials, Salaries and Wages Controls and Other Unclassified Activities.



		2020/21 Actual \$	2019/20 Actual \$
3.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Unrestricted Restricted	1,848,465 3,597,627 5,446,092	1,615,517 316,042 1,931,559
	The following restrictions have been imposed by regulations or oth requirements:	ner externally impos	sed
	Reserve Funds - Cash Backed (<i>refer Note 13</i>) Unspent Grants (refer Note 2(c)) ILU Retention Fees - Bond	2,830,711 462,862 304,054 3,597,627	
4.	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
	Current Rates Outstanding Sundry Debtors Loans - Clubs/Institutions Non-Current Rates Outstanding - Pensioners Loans - Clubs/Institutions	257,252 103,076 14,285 374,613 134,838 10,968 145,806	295,769 103,322 17,288 416,379 125,188 25,253 150,441
5.	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
	Current Investment - Reserve Funds		2,582,024 2,582,024
	Non-Current Investment - Local Government House*	55,355 55,355	53,416 53,416

*The Shire of Beverley holds three units in the Local Government House Trust.

6. INVENTORIES

Current		
Fuel and Materials	10,281	9,345
	10,281	9,345



	2020/21 Actual	2019/20 Actual
	\$	\$
7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
(a) Land and Buildings		
Freehold Land at Fair Value	2,457,196	2,679,196
Total Land	2,457,196	2,679,196
Buildings at Fair Value	35,840,573	33,792,949
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(7,923,506)	(15,612,705)
Total Buildings	27,917,067	18,180,244
Total Land and Buildings	30,374,263	20,859,440
Plant and Equipment		
Plant and Equipment at Fair Value	4,048,028	3,972,266
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(2,145,766)	(1,872,468)
Total Plant and Equipment	1,902,262	2,099,798
Furniture and Equipment		
Furniture and Equipment at Fair Value	222,897	192,348
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(98,541)	(82,103)
Total Furniture and Equipment	124,356	110,245
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	32,400,881	23,069,483

Land and Buildings:

A valuation of land and building assets was undertaken by an external consultant in April 2021 and the valuation was adopted as the fair value in June 2021.

The revaluation of land and building assets resulted in an increase on revaluation of \$8,393,343 in the net value of land and buildings.

All of this increase was credited to the revaluation surplus (refer Note 13) and was recognised as Changes on Revaluation of non-current assets in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Plant and Equipment:

A valuation of plant and machinery assets was undertaken by an external consultant in June 2019 and the valuation was adopted as the fair value in June 2019.

The revaluation of plant and machinery assets resulted in a increase on revaluation of \$238,272 in the net value of plant and machinery.

All of this increase was credited to the revaluation surplus (refer Note 13) and was recognised as Changes on Revaluation of Non-Current Assets in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Furniture and Equipment:

Furniture and Equipment items were valued in 2017 as part of the mandatory requirements as per Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A.

The Furniture and Equipment currently on the Council's asset register was identified during a stocktake in 2021 and is replaced on a regular basis. Based on this, the cost approach is deemed to be the most appropriate and a very conservative fair value measurement.



7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(b) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Land	<u>Non-</u> Specialised Buildings	<u>Specialised</u> <u>Buildings</u>	<u>Total</u> Buildings	<u>Total</u> Land and Buildings	<u>Plant</u> <u>and</u> Equipment	<u>Furniture</u> <u>and</u> Equipment	Total
Fair Value Hierarchy Valuation Approach Last Valued	Level 2 Market 2021	Level 2/3 Market/Cost 2021	Level 3 Cost 2021			Level 3 Cost 2021	Level 3 Cost 2021	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at the beginning of the year	2,679,196	7,670,412	10,509,832	18,180,244	20,859,440	2,099,798	110,245	23,069,483
Additions	-	22,210	1,782,861	1,805,071	1,805,071	191,731	30,549	2,027,351
(Disposals)	-	-	-	-	-	(115,969)	-	(115,969)
Revaluation - Increments - (Decrements)	- (222,000)	1,446,954 -	7,168,386 -	8,615,340 -	8,615,340 (222,000)	- -	-	8,615,340 (222,000)
Impairment - (Losses) - Reversals	-	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	-
Depreciation (Expense)	-	(207,782)	(475,806)	(683,588)	(683,588)	(273,298)	(16,438)	(973,324)
Carrying amount at the end of year	2,457,196	8,931,794	18,985,273	27,917,067	30,374,263	1,902,262	124,356	32,400,881

The fair value of property, plant and equipment is determined at least every three years in accordance with legislative requirements. Additions since the date of valuation are shown as cost, given they were acquired at arm's length and any accumulated depreciation reflects the usage of service potential, it is considered the recorded written down value approximates fair value. At the end of each intervening period the valuation is reviewed and where appropriate the fair value is updated to reflect current market conditions. This process is considered to be in accordance with Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A (2) which requires property, plant and equipment to be shown at fair value.



7 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(c) Fair Value Measurements

Asset Class	Fair Value Hierarchy	Valuation Technique	Basis of valuation	Date of last Valuation	Inputs used
Land and buildings					
Freehold land	2	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties.	Independent Registered Valuer	June 2021	Inputs, other than quoted prices, that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly e.g. local land sales.
Non-specialised buildings	2/3	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties & Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost.	Independent Registered Valuer	June 2021	Inputs, other than quoted prices, that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly e.g. local property sales and Depreciated replacement cost to acquire a modern equivalent that would provide equal utility.
Specialised buildings	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost.	Independent Registered Valuer	June 2021	Depreciated replacement cost to acquire a modern equivalent that would provide equal utility.
Plant and Equipment	-	Deemed Cost	Deemed Cost	N/A	Purchase Cost
Furniture and Equipment	-	Deemed Cost	Deemed Cost	N/A	Purchase Cost

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used by the local government to determine the fair value of property, plant and equipment using either level 2 or level 3 inputs.



8. INFRASTRUCTURE	2020/21 Actual \$	2019/20 Actual \$
(a) Roads - Valuation Less Accumulated Depreciation	38,871,940 (11,896,927) 26,975,013	37,667,954 (11,074,538) 26,593,416
Bridges - Valuation Less Accumulated Depreciation	42,227,546 (13,097,872) 29,129,674	42,227,546 (12,712,730) 29,514,816
Footpaths - Valuation Less Accumulated Depreciation	1,893,308 (1,225,370) 667,938	1,827,380 (1,187,426) 639,954
Drainage - Valuation Less Accumulated Depreciation	2,703,200 (670,291) 2,032,909	2,703,200 (620,633) 2,082,567
Parks & Ovals - Valuation Less Accumulated Depreciation	2,034,941 (573,746) 1,461,195 60,266,729	2,034,941 (499,161) 1,535,780 60,366,533

Infrastructure:

A full road asset network revaluation was undertaken by external consultants in December 2017. The fair value is determined as the current replacement cost (CRC) less accumulated depreciation to reflect the already consumed or expired economic benefits. This approach is consistent with AASB 116 and following review of current market rates were adopted as the fair value at 30 June 2018.

A full bridge asset valuation was undertaken by external consultants in December 2017. The fair value is determined as the current replacement cost (CRC) less accumulated depreciation to reflect the already consumed or expired economic benefits. This approach is consistent with AASB 116 and were adopted as the fair value at 30 June 2018.

A full footpath asset network revaluation was undertaken by external consultants in December 2017. The fair value is determined as the current replacement cost (CRC) less accumulated depreciation to reflect the already consumed or expired economic benefits. This approach is consistent with AASB 116 and were adopted as the fair value at 30 June 2018.

A full drainage asset network valuation was undertaken by external consultants in December 2017. The fair value is determined as the current replacement cost (CRC) less accumulated depreciation to reflect the already consumed or expired economic benefits. This approach is consistent with AASB 116 and were adopted as the fair value at 30 June 2018.

A full parks and ovals asset valuation was undertaken by external consultants in December 2017. The fair value is determined as the current replacement cost (CRC) less accumulated depreciation to reflect the already consumed or expired economic benefits. This approach is consistent with AASB 116 and were adopted as the fair value at 30 June 2018.

8. INFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

(b) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of infrastructure between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	<u>Roads</u>	<u>Bridges</u>	<u>Footpaths</u>	Drainage	Parks & Ovals	<u>Total</u>
Fair Value Hierarchy Valuation Approach Last Valued	Level 3 Cost 2018					
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at the beginning of the year	26,593,416	29,514,816	639,954	2,082,567	1,535,780	60,366,533
Additions	1,203,986	-	65,928	-	-	1,269,914
(Disposals)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluation - Increments - (Decrements)	-	-	- -	-	-	-
Impairment - (Losses) - Reversals	-	- -	-	-	-	-
Depreciation (Expense)	(822,389)	(385,142)	(37,944)	(49,658)	(74,585)	(1,369,718)
Carrying amount at the end of year	26,975,013	29,129,674	667,938	2,032,909	1,461,195	60,266,729

The fair value of infrastructure is determined at least every three years in accordance with legislative requirements. Additions since the date of valuation are shown at cost, given they were acquired at arm's length and any accumulated depreciation reflects the usage of service potential, it is considered the recorded written down value approximates fair value. At the end of each intervening period the valuation is reviewed and where appropriate the fair value is updated to reflect current market conditions. This process is considered to be in accordance with Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A (2) which requires infrastructure to be shown at fair value.



NFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

Asset Class	Fair Value Hierarchy	Valuation Technique	Basis of valuation	Date of last Valuation	Inputs used
Roads	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost.	Independent Valuation	June 2018	Sample assestment of Road assets conducted.
Bridges	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost.	Independent Valuation	June 2018	Full pick up and condition assestment of Bridge assets conducted.
[:] ootpaths	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost.	Independent Valuation	June 2018	Sample assestment of Footpath assets conducted
Drainage	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost.	Independent Valuation	June 2018	Full pick up and condition assestment of Drainag assets conducted.
Parks & Ovals	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost.	Independent Valuation	June 2018	Full pick up and condition assestment of Parks 8 Ovals assets conducted.

-evel 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they nave the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used to determine the fair value of infrastructure using level 3 inputs.



		2020/21 Actual \$	2019/20 Actual \$
9.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
	Current		
	Sundry Creditors	387,308	382,949
	GST Payable	1,815	10,743
	ILU Retention Fee - Bond	11,988	11,988
	Accrued Interest on Debentures	5,238	5,626
	Accrued Salaries and Wages	44,239	33,506
		450,588	444,812
	Non-Current		
	ILU Retention Fee - Bond	292,066	304,054
		292,066	304,054
10.	OTHER LIABILITIES		
	Current		
	Contract Liabilities	462,862	-
		462,862	-
	Non-Current		
	Contract Liabilities	-	
		-	
	Performance obligations for each type of liability are expected to be recognised as revenue in accordance with the following	Contract	
	time bands:	Liabilities	
	Less than 1 year	462,862 462,862	

Contract liabilities represent the Shire's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Shire has received consideration from the customer.

With respect to transfer for recognisable non-financial assets, contract liabilities represent performance obligations which are not yet satisfied.

Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the performance obligations in the contract are satisfied.

11. LONG-TERM BORROWINGS

Current

Secured by Floating Charge		
Debentures	102,055	137,938
	102,055	137,938
Non-Current		
Secured by Floating Charge		
Debentures	1,277,172	1,379,225
	1,277,172	1,379,225

Additional detail on borrowings is provided in Note 23.

12.	PROVISIONS	2020/21 Actual \$	2019/20 Actual \$
	Analysis of Total Provisions		
	Current Provisions Non Current Provisions	359,518 98,416 457,934	352,111 67,240 419,351
		Provision for Annual Leave \$	
	Opening balance as at 1 July 2020 Additional provisions Amounts used Balance at 30 June 2021	198,907 76,737 (23,565) 252,079	
		Provision for Long Service Leave \$	
	Opening balance as at 1 July 2020 Additional provisions Amounts used Balance at 30 June 2021	220,444 46,285 (60,874) 205,855	



		2020/21 Actual \$	2020/21 Budget \$	2019/20 Actual \$
13.	RESERVES - CASH BACKED	·	¥	Ŷ
(a)	Annual Leave Reserve			
	Purpose - to be used to fund annual leave requi		400.050	400 500
	Opening Balance	139,052	139,053	136,589
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	637	834	2,463
		139,689	139,887	139,052
(b)	Avon River Development Reserve			
(~)	Purpose - to be used to develop the Avon River	pool and surround	lina environment.	
	Opening Balance	25,842	25,383	25,384
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	118	508	458
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	-	-	-
		25,960	25,891	25,842
	B. Halles, Bassier			
(C)	Building Reserve	and we want	an of evicting Cour	a ail ha uildin ara
	Purpose - to be used to fund the construction of		•	•
	Opening Balance	288,997	288,997	352,638
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	1,324	1,734	6,359
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	-	(144,000)	(70,000)
		290,321	146,731	288,997
(d)	Community Bus Reserve			
(4)	Purpose - to be used for the replacement of the	Community Rus		
	Opening Balance	37,843	37,842	36,075
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	173	1,384	1,768
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	-	-	-
		38,016	39,226	37,843
		,		
(e)	Cropping Committee Reserve			
	Purpose - to be used to fund Community Based	projects and assis	st Community Grou	ıps.
	Opening Balance	159,096	159,095	134,139
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	31,607	38,683	40,397
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve		(20,000)	(15,440)
		190,703	177,778	159,096
(f)	Emergency Services Reserve			
(1)	Purpose - to be used to acquire Emergency Ser	vice support equir	mont	
	Opening Balance	28,570		126,293
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	131	28,570 171	2,277
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	151	171	
	Amount Oseu / Mansier nom Reserve			(100,000) 28,570
		20,701	20,741	20,570
(g)	LSL and Gratuity Reserve			
,	Purpose - to be used to fund Long Service Leav	e and Gratuity pav	ment obligations.	
	Opening Balance	30,567	30,569	43,299
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	103	183	781
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	(30,670)	(30,752)	(13,513)
				30,567

		2020/21 Actual \$	2020/21 Budget \$	2019/20 Actual \$
13.	RESERVES - CASH BACKED (Continued)	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
(h)	Office Equipment Replacement Reserve Purpose - to be used for the replacement of office	ice equipment.		
	Opening Balance	-	-	94
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	-	-	1
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve			(95)
(i)	Plant Replacement Reserve			
.,	Purpose - to be used for the purchase of major	plant.		
	Opening Balance	, 367,264	367,263	488,157
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	51,706	52,204	8,803
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	-	(245,000)	(129,696)
		418,970	174,467	367,264
<i>(</i> i)	Recreation Ground Reserve			
U)	Purpose - to be used for the upgrade or mainte	nance of recreatior	n areas and building	gs, including
	the Swimming Pool.			
	Opening Balance	432,413	432,413	419,842
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	145,047	145,594	12,571
		577,460	578,007	432,413
(K)	Road Construction Reserve			
	Purpose - to be used to fund the construction a			405 740
	Opening Balance	513,661	513,661	495,740
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	37,369	3,082	17,921
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	-	(326,286)	-
		551,030	190,457	513,661
(I)	Airfield Emergency Lighting Reserve			
	Purpose - to be used for the upgrade and main			
	Opening Balance	39,947	39,947	39,239
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	183 -	240	708
		40,130	40,187	39,947
(m)	Senior's Housing Reserve			
(11)	Purpose - to be used for the future development	t and current main	tenance of Senior's	Housing
	Opening Balance	152,773	152,773	75,379
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	9,281	49,443	77,394
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	5,201	(20,000)	-
		162,054	182,216	152,773
		,	, -	,
(n)	Mainstreet Redevelopment Reserve			
	Purpose - to be used to fund the redevelopment power supply.	t or vincent Street	incluaing undergro	unaing of
	Opening Balance	306,000	306,000	-
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	1,402	1,836	306,000
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	-	(307,836)	-
		307,402		306,000
				·



13.	RESERVES - CASH BACKED (Continued)	2020/21 Actual \$	2020/21 Budget \$	2019/20 Actual \$
(o)	Avondale Machinery Museum Reserve			
	Purpose - to be used to fund Avondale Machine	ry Museum upgrad	des and special pro	ojects.
	Opening Balance	60,000	60,000	-
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	275	360	60,000
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	-	(20,000)	-
		60,275	40,360	60,000
(n)	Summary			
(11)	Opening Balance	2,582,025	2,581,566	2,372,868
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve	279,356	296,256	537,901
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	(30,670)	(1,113,874)	(328,744)
	Total Reserves	2,830,711	1,763,948	2,582,025

All of the reserve accounts are supported by money held in financial institutions and match the amounts shown as restricted cash in this financial report.



		2020/21 Actual \$	2019/20 Actual \$
14.	ASSET REVALUATION SURPLUS	Ŧ	Ŧ
	Asset revaluation surplus have arisen on revaluation of the following classes of non-current assets:		
(a)	Land and Buildings		
	Opening balance	9,522,871	9,621,871
	Changes in recognition of assets due to changes to Regulations		(99,000)
	Revaluation Increment	- 8,393,340	(99,000)
		17,916,211	9,522,871
(b)	Plant and Equipment		
	Opening Balance	<u>436,388</u> 436,388	<u>436,388</u> 436,388
		430,300	430,300
(c)	Infrastructure - Footpaths		
. ,	Opening Balance	538,684	538,684
		538,684	538,684
(-1)	Infraction Decidence		
(a)	Infrastructure - Bridges Opening Balance	25,921,379	25,921,379
		25,921,379	25,921,379
		<u> </u>	
(e)	Infrastructure - Drainage		
	Opening Balance	1,798,258	1,798,258
		1,798,258	1,798,258
(f)	Infrastructure - Parks & Ovals		
.,	Opening Balance	1,684,950	1,684,950
		1,684,950	1,684,950
	TOTAL ASSET REVALUATION RESERVES	48,295,870	39,902,530



15. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Reconciliation of Cash

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash and cash equivalents, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash at the end of the reporting period is reconciled to the related items in the statement of financial position as follows:

		2020/21 Actual \$	2020/21 Budget \$	2019/20 Actual \$
	Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,446,092	1,953,136	1,931,559
(b)	Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities to Net Result			
	Net Result	1,431,639	951,795	153,446
	Amortisation Depreciation (Profit)/Loss on Sale of Asset (Increase)/Decrease in Receivables (Increase)/Decrease in Inventories Increase/(Decrease) in Payables Increase/(Decrease) in Employee Provisions Grants/Contributions for the Development of Assets Net Cash from Operating Activities	2,359,536 21,292 407,444 (937) 6,164 38,583 (2,326,087) 1,937,634	2,313,194 (2,364) - - - - (3,012,200) 250,425	2,330,127 40,050 (66,355) 3,157 (143,532) 51,127 (824,214) 1,543,806
(c)	Undrawn Borrowing Facilities Credit Standby Arrangements Credit Card limit Credit Card Balance at Balance Date Total Amount of Credit Unused	15,500 (11,317) 4,183		10,000 (3,571) 6,429
	Loan Facilities Loan Facilities - Current Loan Facilities - Non-Current Total Facilities in Use at Balance Date	102,055 1,277,172 1,379,227		137,938 1,379,225 1,517,163
	Unused Loan Facilities at Balance Date			-

16. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Council does not have any known contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2021.

		2020/21 Actual \$	2019/20 Actual \$
17.	LEASE LIABILITY AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS		
(a)	Lease Liabilities		
	Payable:		
	- Current	6,833	-
	- Non-current	13,673	
		20,506	
(b)	Capital Expenditure Commitments		
	Council does not have any known Capital expenditure commitme	nts as at 30 June 2	2021.

 Contracted for:
 96,170
 734,027

 - capital expenditure projects
 96,170
 734,027

 - plant & equipment purchases
 506,980
 95,475

 603,150
 829,502

 Payable:
 603,150
 829,502

 - not later than one year
 603,150
 829,502

18. JOINT VENTURE

The Shire of Beverley did not participate in any joint venture in the 2020/21 financial year.

19. TOTAL ASSETS CLASSIFIED BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

Governance	1,013,303	1,013,303
Law, Order, Public Safety	187,730	187,730
Health	466,468	466,468
Housing	3,312,129	3,312,129
Community Amenities	98,067	98,067
Recreation and Culture	10,962,294	10,962,294
Transport	65,063,432	65,063,432
Economic Services	570,509	570,509
Other Property and Services	1,861,084	1,861,084
Unallocated	15,264,741	5,061,959
	98,799,757	88,596,975



		2020/21	2019/20	2018/19
20.	FINANCIAL RATIOS			
	Current Ratio	1.88	2.73	2.26
	Asset Sustainability Ratio	0.48	0.61	2.17
	Debt Service Cover Ratio	7.52	7.38	8.04
	Operating Surplus Ratio	(0.21)	(0.15)	(0.20)
	Own Source Revenue Coverage Ratio	0.63	0.67	0.64
	Asset Consumption Ratio	0.71	0.65	0.75
	Asset Renewal Funding Ratio	1.09	1.94	1.56
	The above ratios are calculated as follows:			
	Current Ratio	current as	sets minus restric	ted assets
		current liabilities minus liabilities associated		
		with restricted assets		
	Asset Sustainability Ratio	capital renewal and replacement expenditure		
	Association and a second and a second and a second a se	depreciation expense		
	Debt Service Cover Ratio			est and depreciation
		р	rincipal and intere	st
	Operating Surplus Ratio	operating rev	enue minus opera	ating expense
			ource operating re	
	Own Source Revenue Coverage Ratio		ouroo oporating ra	NODUO
	Own Source Revenue Coverage Rallo		ource operating re	
				5
	Asset Consumption Ratio		d replacement cos	
		current replace	ement cost of depr	reciable assets
	Asset Renewal Funding Ratio	NPV of planne	ed capital renewal	over 10 years
	······································		capital expenditu	



21. TRUST FUNDS

Funds held at balance date over which the Shire has no control and which are not included in the financial statements are as follows:

All funds held in trust are required by law or are held by agreement with fund owners.

Description	Balance 1-Jul-20 \$	Amounts Received \$	Amounts Paid (\$)	Reclassification Municipal Fund (\$)	Balance 30-Jun-21 \$
Unclaimed Monies	134	185	-	-	319
Nomination Deposits	-	-	-	-	-
Second Hand Housing Deposits	5.000	-	-	-	5,000
Housing Rental Bonds	5,552	500	(960)	-	5,092
Subdivision Bonds	10,000	-	-	-	10,000
Key Bonds	2,230	1,750	(1,630)	-	2,350
Cleaning Bonds	1,500	1,950	(1,800)	-	1,650
Funds held on behalf of the Community	11,382	-	(11,382)	-	-
Moort Wabiny Park Retention Fee Fund	-	57,069	(23,107)	-	33,962
Cornerstone Commercial Tenancy Bond	7,308	1,200	-	-	8,508
	43,105	-			66,881



22. DISPOSAL OF ASSETS

	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2019/20	2019/20	2019/20	2019/20
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
	Net Book	Sales	Profit	(Loss)	Net Book	Sales	Profit	(Loss)	Net Book	Sales	Profit	(Loss)
	Value	Proceeds			Value	Proceeds			Value	Proceeds		
Buildings - Specialised	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,874	-	-	(4,874)
Plant and Equipment	99,475	78,182	-	(21,293)	265,000	267,364	65,000	(62,636)	205,160	169,982	-	(35,178)
	99,475	78,182	-	(21,293)	265,000	267,364	65,000	(62,636)	210,034	169,982	-	(40,052)

The following assets were disposed of during the year.

	Net Boo	k Value	Sal	e Price	Profit (Loss)		
	Actual	Budget	Actual Budget		Actual	Budget	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Governance							
2019 Holden Acadia SUV	41,207	50,000	38,182	41,000	(3,025)	(9,000)	
Recreation & Culture 2016 Chlorshield Chlorine Gas Emergency Shutdown Device	3,532	-	-	-	(3,532)	-	
Other Property & Services							
2014 Fuso Canter Truck	40,996	40,000	26,364	26,364	(14,632)	(13,636)	
2014 Holden Colorado Utility	13,740	50,000	13,636	20,000	(104)	(30,000)	
2010 Holden Colorado Utility	-	30,000	-	20,000	-	(10,000)	
2013 Isuzu Giga Tandem Truck	-	35,000	-	60,000	-	25,000	
2013 John Deere 670GP Grader	-	60,000	-	100,000	-	40,000	
	99,475	265,000	78,182	267,364	(21,293)	2,364	

	2020/21	2019/20
	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$
Profit on Asset Disposal	-	-
(Loss) on Asset Disposal	(21,293)	(40,052)
	(21,293)	(40,052)



23. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS

(a) Repayments - Debentures

	Principal	New Loans	Principal Re	epayments	Principal O	utstanding	Interest Re	epayments	Principal	New Loans	Principal Repayments	Principal Outstanding	Interest Repayments
	1-Jul-20	30-Jun-21	30-Ju	n-21	30-Jı	un-21	30-Jı	un-21	1-Jul-19	30-Jun-20	30-Jun-20	30-Jun-20	30-Jun-20
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
Particulars	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Recreation & Culture													
Loan 117 - Bowling Greens*	26,334	-	17,287	17,288	9,047	9,046	1,466	1,597	42,604	-	16,270	26,334	2,892
Loan Date: 22 November 2006													
Term: 15 Years													
Fixed Interest Rate: 6.16%													
Loan 118 - Recreation Centre	743,686	-	44,974	44,974	698,712	698,712	36,823	39,265	807,364	-	63,678	743,686	44,261
Loan Date: 10 May 2013													
Term: 20 Years													
Fixed Interest Rate: 4.68%													
Loan 120 - Cornerstone Centre	715,807	-	44,339	44,339	671,468	671,468	26,821	29,535	758,634	-	42,827	715,807	33,713
Loan Date: 12 April 2018													
Term: 15 Years													
Fixed Interest Rate: 3.50%													
Community Amenities													
Loan 119 - Storm Water Dams	31,337	-	31,337	31,336	-	-	514	567	61,990	-	30,653	31,337	1,706
Loan Date: 23 June 2016													
Term: 5 Years													
Fixed Interest Rate: 2.21%													
	1,517,164	-	137,937	137,937	1,379,227	1,379,226	65,624	70,964	1,670,592	-	153,428	1,517,164	82,572

(*) Self supporting loan financed by payments from third parties. All other loan repayments were financed by general purpose revenue.

(b) New Debentures

Council did not raise any new debentures during the 2020/21 financial year.

(c) Unspent Debentures

Council had no unspent debentures at the balance date.

(d) Overdraft

Council did not utilise an overdraft facility in the 2020/21 financial year.



24. RATING INFORMATION

(a) Rates

(a) Rales		1										
			2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2019/20
	Rate in	Number	Rateable	Rate	Interim	Back	Total	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Total
	\$	of	Value	Revenue	Rates	Rates	Revenue	Rate	Interim	Back	Total	Revenue
		Properties	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	Revenue	Rate	Rate	Revenue	\$
RATE TYPE								\$	\$	\$	\$	
General Rate												
General Rate - GRV	0.110717	500	5,840,594	646,653	(1,321)	-	645,332	645,233	1,000	-	646,233	644,847
General Rate - UV	0.008644	627	247,818,950	2,142,147	7,715	-	2,149,862	2,142,640	1,000	-	2,143,640	2,166,386
General Rate - UV Mining	0.008644	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-Totals		1,127	253,659,544	2,788,800	6,394	-	2,795,194	2,787,873	2,000	-	2,789,873	2,811,233
	Minimum											
Minimum Rates	\$											
Minimum Rates - GRV	853	162	591,387	138,186	-	-	138,186	138,186	-	-	138,186	138,186
Minimum Rates - UV	853	129	6,838,000	110,037	-	-	110,037	110,037	-	-	110,037	84,447
Minimum Rates - UV Mining	853	4	67,382	3,412	-	-	3,412	3,412	-	-	3,412	3,412
Sub-Totals		295	7,496,769	251,635	-	-	251,635	251,635	-	-	251,635	226,045
							3,046,829				3,041,508	3,037,278
Discounts (refer note 26)							(252,411)				(243,161)	(226,269)
Total Amount Raised from Gen	eral Rate						2,794,418				2,798,347	2,811,009
Ex-Gratia Rates							3,449				3,000	3,219
Rates Written Off							(959)				(500)	(976)
Specified Area Rate (refer note 2	4)						-				-	-
Total Rates							2,796,908				2,800,847	2,813,252



24. RATING INFORMATION (Continued)

Information on Surplus/(Deficit) Brought Forward	2020/21 (30 June 2021 Carried Forward) \$	2020/21 (1 July 2020 Brought Forward) \$	2019/20 (30 June 2020 Carried Forward) \$
Surplus/(Deficit) - Rate Setting Statement	1,653,812	1,426,432	1,426,432
<u>Comprises:</u>			
Cash - Unrestricted	1,848,465	1,615,517	1,615,517
Cash - Restricted Grant Funds	462,862	-	-
Cash - Restricted Reserves	2,830,711	2,582,024	2,582,024
Rates - Current	257,252	295,769	295,769
Sundry Debtors	103,076	103,323	103,323
Contract Asset	100,000	17,795	17,795
Inventories			
- Fuel and Materials	10,281	9,345	9,345
Less:			
Reserves - Cash Backed	(2,830,711)	(2,582,024)	(2,582,024)
Sundry Creditors	(389,123)	(393,693)	(393,693)
Contract Liability	(462,862)	-	-
Lease Liability	(6,833)	-	-
Accrued Interest on Debentures	(5,238)	(5,626)	(5,626)
Accrued Salaries and Wages	(44,239)	(33,506)	(33,506)
Current Employee Benefits Provision	(359,518)	(352,111)	(352,111)
Employee Benefits - Cash Backed	139,689	169,619	169,619
Surplus/(Deficit)	1,653,812	1,426,432	1,426,432
Difference:	-	-	-

There was no difference between the Surplus/(Deficit) 1 July 2020 Brought Forward position used in the 2020/21 audited financial report and the Surplus/(Deficit) Carried Forward position as disclosed in the 2019/20 audited financial report.



25. SPECIFIED AREA RATE

Council has not levied any Specified Area Rates during 2020/21 financial year.

26. SERVICE CHARGES

Council has not levied any Service Charges during the 2020/21 financial year.

27. DISCOUNTS, INCENTIVES, CONCESSIONS, & WRITE-OFFS

	Туре	Disc %	Total Cost/ Value \$	Budget Cost/ Value \$
General Rates Minimum Rate	Discount Discount	10.00% 10.00%	252,411	243,161
			252,411	243,161

A discount on rates is granted to all who pay their rates in full within 35 days of the date of service appearing on the rate notice.

28. INTEREST CHARGES AND INSTALMENTS

	Interest Rate %	Admin. Charge \$	Revenue \$	Budgeted Revenue \$
Interest on Unpaid Rates	8.00%	-	25,820	14,500
Interest on Instalments Plan	5.50%	-	2,778	4,000
Admin. Charge on Instalments Plan	0.00%	10	2,990	4,000
			35,279	24,500

Ratepayers had the option of paying rates in four equal instalments, due on 7th September 2020, 9th November 2020, 11th January 2021 and 11th March 2021. Administration charges and interest applied to the final three instalments.

	2020/21	2019/20
29. FEES & CHARGES	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$
General Purpose Funding	30,855	14,992
Governance	4,595	11
Law, Order, Public Safety	18,988	10,828
Health	327	382
Housing	104,054	108,919
Community Amenities	234,859	231,464
Recreation and Culture	152,189	142,892
Transport	7,195	7,195
Economic Services	122,190	105,479
Other Property and Services	19,160	8,719
	694,412	630,881

All fees are generally set on a cost recovery basis.

. GRANT REVENUE

Grants, subsidies and contributions are included as operating revenues in the Statement of Comprehensive Income:

	2020/21	2019/20
	Actual	Actual
By Nature and Type:	\$	\$
Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions*	1,637,341	1,899,398
Non-Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions	2,326,087	824,214
	3,963,428	2,723,612
By Program:		
General Purpose Funding	829,389	795,868
Governance	2,071	20,307
Law, Order, Public Safety	159,472	190,671
Housing	10,750	9,981
Community Amenities	3,091	4,329
Recreation and Culture	1,116,059	156,376
Transport	1,258,218	1,447,103
Economic Services	581,755	70,377
Other Property and Services	2,623	28,600
	3,963,428	2,723,612

* Operating Grants, Subsidies and Contributions total includes Reimbursements of \$130,826.



31. ELECTED MEMBERS REMUNERATION	2020/21 Actual \$	2020/21 Budget \$	2019/20 Actual \$
The following fees, expenses and allowances were paid to council members and/or the president.			
Meeting Fees			
Cr Darryl Brown	1,800	3,600	3,600
Cr Don Davis	12,100	12,100	12,100
Cr Peter Gogol	3,600	3,600	3,600
Cr Chris Lawlor	3,600	3,600	3,600
Cr Sue Martin	3,600	3,600	3,600
Cr Terrance McLaughlin	3,600	3,600	3,600
Cr Chris Pepper	3,600	3,600	3,600
Cr Tim Seed	3,600	3,600	3,600
Cr David White	3,600	3,600	3,600
	39,100	40,900	40,900
President's Allowance			
Cr Don Davis	5,500	5,500	5,500
	5,500	5,500	5,500
Deputy President's Allowance			
Cr Chris Pepper	1,375	1,375	1,375
	1,375	1,375	1,375
Travel Allowance			
Cr Terrance McLaughlin	2,091	5,000	2,490
	2,091	5,000	2,490
Telecommunications Allowance			
Cr Darryl Brown	500	1,239	1,698
Cr Don Davis	1,122	1,239	1,698
Cr Peter Gogol	1,122	1,239	1,698
Cr Chris Lawlor	1,122	1,239	1,698
Cr Sue Martin	1,122	1,239	1,698
Cr Terrance McLaughlin	1,122	1,239	1,698
Cr Chris Pepper	1,122	1,239	1,698
Cr Tim Seed	1,122	1,239	1,698
Cr David White	1,122	1,239	1,698
	9,476	11,151	15,282
32. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS	2020/21		2019/20
	Actual		Actual
	\$		\$
The number of full-time equivalent			
employees at balance date	28	=	28
Number of Employees earning \$100,000+ Gross Salary pe	r annum. <u>2</u>	=	2

The Chief Executive Officer and Deputy Chief Executive Officer earned a gross salary of \$100,000+ in 2020/21.

33. MAJOR LAND TRANSACTIONS

Council did not participate in any major land transactions during the 2020/21 financial year.

34. TRADING UNDERTAKINGS AND MAJOR TRADING UNDERTAKINGS

Council did not participate in any trading undertakings or major trading undertakings during the 2020/21 financial year.

35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

This note explains the Shire's exposure to financial risks and how these risks could affect the Shire's future financial performance.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Market risk - interest rate	Long term borrowings at variable rates	Sensitivity analysis	Utilise fixed interest rate borrowings
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, financial assets and debt investments	Aging analysis Credit analysis	Diversification of bank deposits, credit limits. Investment policy
Liquidity risk	Borrowings and other liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities

The Shire does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by the finance area under policies approved by the Council. The finance area identifies, evaluates and manages financial risks in close co-operation with the operating divisions. Council have approved the overall risk management policy and provide policies on specific areas such as investment policy.

(a) Interest rate risk

Cash and cash equivalents

The Shire's main interest rate risk arises from cash and cash equivalents with variable interest rates, which exposes the Shire to cash flow interest rate risk.

Excess cash and cash equivalents are invested in fixed interest rate term deposits which do not expose the Shire to cash flow interest rate risk. Cash and cash equivalents required for working capital are held in variable interest rate accounts and non-interest bearing accounts. Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents at the 30 June and the weighted average interest rate across all cash and cash equivalents are reflected in the table below.

	Weighted				
	Average	Carrying	Fixed	Variable	Non Interest
	Interest Rate	Amounts	Interest Rate	Interest Rate	Bearing
	%	\$	\$	\$	\$
2020/21					
Cash and cash equivalents	0.18%	5,142,037	2,830,709	2,311,028	300
2019/20					
Cash and cash equivalents	0.67%	4,197,539	3,293,124	904,115	300

Sensitivity

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest income from cash and cash equivalents as a result of changes in				
interest rates.	2020/21	2019/20		
	\$	\$		
Impact of a 1% movement in interest rates on profit and loss and equity*	54,461	19,316		

* Holding all other variables constant

Borrowings

Borrowings are subject to interest rate risk - the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs. The Shire manages this risk by borrowing long term and fixing the interest rate to the situation considered the most advantageous at the time of negotiation. The Shire does not consider there to be any interest rate risk in relation to borrowings. Details of interest rates applicable to each borrowing may be found at Note 23.



35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Credit Risk

Trade Receivables

The Shire's major receivables comprise rates annual charges and user fees and charges. The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk – the risk that the debts may not be repaid. The Shire manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing debt recovery policies. It also encourages ratepayers to pay rates by the due date through a 10% rate discount incentive.

Credit risk on rates and annual charges is minimised by the ability of the Shire to recover these debts as a secured charge over the land, that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. The Shire is also able to charge interest on overdue rates and annual charges at higher than market rates, which further encourages payment.

The Shire applies the AASB 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, rates receivable are separated from other trade receivables due to the difference in payment terms and security for rates receivable.

The loss allowance as at 30 June 2021 was determined as follows for rates and trade receivables:

No expected credit loss was forecast on 30 June 2021 for rates receivable as penalty interest applies to unpaid rates and properties associated with unpaid rates may be disposed of to recover unpaid rates.

No expected credit loss was forecast on 30 June 2021 for trade receivables.



35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Payables

Borrowings

Payables and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk – that is the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due. Council manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer. Payment terms can be extended and overdraft facilities drawn upon if required.

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of Council's Payables and Borrowings are set out in the Liquidity Sensitivity Table below:

	Due within 1 year	Due between 1 & 5 years	Due after 5 years	Total contractual cash flows	Carrying values
2020/24	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2020/21					
Payables	450,588	-	-	450,588	450,588
Borrowings	9,047		1,370,180	1,379,227	1,379,227
	459,635	-	1,370,180	1,829,815	1,829,815
2019/20					
Payables	444,812	-	-	444,812	444,812
Borrowings	31,337	26,334	1,459,492	1,517,163	1,517,163
	476,149	26,334	1,459,492	1,961,975	1,961,975



35. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Payables

Borrowings (Continued)

Borrowings are also subject to interest rate risk – the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs. Council manages this risk by borrowing long term and fixing the interest rate to the situation considered the most advantageous at the time of negotiation.

The following tables set out the	set out the carrying amount, by maturity, of the financial instruments exposed to interest rate risk:				Weighted Average Effective			
	<1 year	>1<2 years	>2<3 years	>3<4 years	>4<5 years	>5 years	Total	Interest Rate
Year Ended 30 June 2021	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%
Fixed Rate								
Debentures	9,047	-	-	-	-	1,370,180	1,379,227	4.07%
Weighted Average								
Effective Interest Rate	6.16%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	4.10%		
Year Ended 30 June 2020								
Fixed Rate								
Debentures	31,337	26,334	-	-	-	1,459,493	1,517,164	4.13%
Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate	2.21%	6.16%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	4.11%		



36. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) Key Management Personnel Compensation

Key Management Personnel (KMP) Executive Staff with decision making responsibilities regarding the allocation of Council's resources.	Short Term Benefits *	Post- Employment Benefits **	Other Long Term Benefits ***	Termination Benefits ****
Executive Staff Total	472,394	55,202	59,828	-

* Short-term employee benefits

These amounts include all gross salary, paid leave, fringe benefits and cash bonuses awarded to KMP.

Details in respect to fees and benefits paid to Elected Members may be found at Note 31.

** Post-employment benefits

These amounts are the current-year's estimated cost of providing for the Shire's superannuation contributions made during the year.

*** Other long term benefits

These amounts represent long service benefits accruing during the year.

**** Termination benefits

These amounts represent termination benefits paid to KMP (Note: this may or may not be applicable in any given year).



36. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (Continued)

(b) Related Party Disclosures

i) Ordinary Citizen Transactions

Use of facilities or any other Council provided service where a discount or special terms were applied that would not otherwise be offered to any other person.

KMP/Elected Member	Related Party	Nature	Value
Chief Executive Officer	N/A	Subsidised Gym Membership	200
Deputy Chief Executive Officer	N/A	Subsidised Gym Membership	200
Manager of Works	N/A	Subsidised Gym Membership	200
Manager of Planning and Development Services	N/A	Subsidised Gym Membership	200

ii) Leasing Agreements - Domestic Residential

Use of Council owned Domestic Residential Property whether by lease agreement or provisions under any other special terms that would not otherwise be offered to any other member of the public.

KMP/Elected Member	Related Party	Nature	Value
Chief Executive Officer	N/A	Subsidised Housing Lease	13,000
Deputy Chief Executive Officer	N/A	Subsidised Housing Lease	13,000
Manager of Planning and Development Services	N/A	Subsidised Housing Lease	13,000

iii) Leasing Agreements - Commercial

Use of Council owned Commercial Property whether by lease agreement or provisions under any other special terms that would not otherwise be offered to any other member of the public.

KMP/Elected Member	Related Party	Nature	Value
Manager of Planning and Development Services	Fun 2B Kids Family Day Care	Commercial lease of Office Space.	17,744

iv) Trading Arrangements - Provision of Goods or Services

Provision of Goods and/or Services to the Shire of Beverley.

KMP/Elected Member	Related Party	Nature	Value
Cr C Pepper	Beverley Supermarket & Liquor (IGA)	Supply of groceries/consumables.	8,743



37. INITIAL APPLICATION OF AUSTRALIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

During the current year, the Shire adopted all of the new and revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations which were compiled, became mandatory and which were applicable to its operations.

(a) AASB 2018-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Materiality

The Shire adopted AASB 2018-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Materiality on 1 July 2020 resulting in changes in accounting policies.

(b) AASB 1059 Service Concession Arrangements: Grantors

The Shire adopted AASB 1059 Service Concession Arrangements: Grantors on 1 July 2020 resulting in changes in accounting policies.

After assessing, no service concession arrangements as per AASB 1059 are reportable.





Auditor General

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 2021 Shire of Beverley

To the Councillors of the Shire of Beverley

Report on the audit of the annual financial report

Opinion

I have audited the financial report of the Shire of Beverley (Shire) which comprises:

- the Statement of Financial Position at 30 June 2021, the Statement of Comprehensive Income by Nature or Type, Statement of Comprehensive Income by Program, Statement of Changes in Equity, Statement of Cash Flows and Rate Setting Statement for the year then ended
- Notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information
- the Statement by the Chief Executive Officer.

In my opinion the financial report of the Shire of Beverley:

- is based on proper accounts and records
- fairly represents, in all material respects, the results of the operations of the Shire for the year ended 30 June 2020 and its financial position at the end of that period in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995 (the Act) and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, Australian Accounting Standards.

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities section below. I am independent of the Shire in accordance with the Auditor General Act 2006 and the relevant ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional & Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of the financial report. I have also fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Emphasis of matter – Basis of accounting

I draw attention to Note 1 to the financial report, which describes the basis for accounting. The financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the Shire's financial reporting responsibilities under the Act. Regulation 17A of the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 (FM Regulations) requires a local government to measure vested improvements at fair value and the associated vested land at zero cost. This is a







departure from AASB 16 *Leases* which would have required the entity to measure the vested improvements also at zero cost. My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer and Council for the financial report

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Shire is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the requirements of the Act, the Regulations and Australian Accounting Standards. The CEO is also responsible for managing internal control (as required by the CEO) to ensure the financial report is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the CEO is responsible for assessing the Shire's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the State Government has made decisions affecting the continued existence of the Shire.

The Council is responsible for overseeing the Shire's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibility for the audit of the financial report

As required by the *Auditor General Act 2006*, my responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report. The objectives of my audit are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located on the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website. This description forms part of my auditor's report and can be found at <u>https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf.</u>

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In accordance with the Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996 I report that:

- (i) In my opinion, the following material matters indicate a significant adverse trend in the financial position of the Shire:
 - a) The current year and previous year's Asset Sustainability Ratio as reported in Note 19 of the annual financial report is below the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries basic standard and the current year is below the previous year.
 - b) The Operating Surplus Ratio as reported in Note 19 of the annual financial report is below the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries basic standard for all 3 years reported in the annual financial report.







- (ii) There are no material matters indicating non-compliance with Part 6 of the Act, the Regulations or applicable financial controls of any other relevant written law identified during the course of my audit.
- (iii) All required information and explanations were obtained by me.
- (iv) All audit procedures were satisfactorily completed.
- (v) In my opinion, the Asset Consumption Ratio and the Asset Renewal Funding Ratio included in the financial report were supported by verifiable information and reasonable assumptions.

Other information

The other information is the information in the entity's report for the year ended 30 June 2021, but not the financial report and my auditor's report. The CEO is responsible for the preparation and the Council for overseeing the other information.

My opinion does not cover the other information and, accordingly, I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Matters relating to the electronic publication of the audited financial report

This auditor's report relates to the financial report of the Shire of Beverley for the year ended 30 June 2021 included on the Shire's website. The Shire's management is responsible for the integrity of the Shire's website. This audit does not provide assurance on the integrity of the Shire's website. The auditor's report refers only to the financial report described above. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from this financial report. If users of the financial report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from publication on a website, they are advised to refer to the hard copy of the audited financial report to confirm the information contained in this website version of the financial report.

Delegate of the Auditor General for Western Australia Perth, Western Australia Date Month 2021



SHIRE OF BEVERLEY COUNCILLOR'S DECLARATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2021

In accordance with a resolution of the Councillors of the Shire of Beverley, we state that:

- 1. In the opinion of the Councillors:
- 1.1 the financial statements and notes of the Shire of Beverley are in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995 and Regulations, including:
 - (a) giving a true and fair view of the Shire of Beverley's financial position as at 30 June 2021 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and,
 - (b) complying with applicable Australian Accounting Standards; and
- 1.2 there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Shire of Beverley will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

On behalf of the Council:

Cr DW White

Cr CJ Lawlor

Dated this th day of December 2021



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7.5 Regulation 17 Review

Submission To:	Audit and Risk Committee Meeting 8 February 2022
Report Date:	3 December 2021
Applicant:	N/A
File Reference:	ADM 0163
Author and Position:	Stephen Gollan, Chief Executive Officer
Previously Before Council	: Annually
Disclosure(s) Of Interest:	Nil
Attachments:	2021 Risk Profile

SUMMARY

Council to consider that the Risk Management review be received.

BACKGROUND

Under regulation 17 of the *Local Government (Audit) Amendment Regulations 2013*, the Chief Executive Officer is to review the appropriateness and effectiveness of the Shire of Beverley's systems and procedures in relation to risk management, internal control and legislative compliance.

COMMENT

The Chief Executive Officer and Deputy Chief Executive Officer have conducted a review using the Risk Management template provided by Council's Insurers, LGIS.

Attached is the summary of control results covering identified risk areas including:

- Misconduct;
- Business and Community disruption;
- Environmental management;
- Errors, omissions and delays;
- External theft and fraud;
- IT and Communication systems;
- Statutory compliance;
- Safety and security;
- Providing advice and information;
- Employment practices;
- Records management;
- Project/Change management;
- Engagement practices;
- Supplier management;
- Asset sustainability practices; and
- Facility management.

Each identified risk was considered individually with risk ratings being applied based on the following risk matrix:

	Risk Matrix								
Consequence Likelihood		Insignificant	Minor	Moderate	Major	Catastrophic			
		1	2	3	4	5			
Almost Certain	5	Moderate (5)	High (10)	High (15)	Extreme (20)	Extreme (25)			
Likely	4	Low (4)	Moderate (8)	High (12)	High (16)	Extreme (20)			
Possible	3	Low (3)	Moderate (6)	Moderate (9)	High (12)	High (15)			
Unlikely	2	Low (2)	Low (4)	Moderate (6)	Moderate (8)	High (10)			
Rare	1	Low (1)	Low (2)	Low (3)	Low (4)	Moderate (5)			

Following the risk determination, improvement initiatives were formulated and enacting timeframes set with the aim of improving overall future risk ratings.

Risk assessment worksheets for each risk category have been provided under separate cover.

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT

Regulation 17 of the *Local Government (Audit) Amendment Regulations 2013* requires that:

- (1) The CEO is to review the appropriateness and effectiveness of a local government's systems and procedures in relation to
 - (a) risk management; and
 - (b) internal control; and
 - (c) legislative compliance.
- (2) The review may relate to any or all of the matters referred to in subregulation (1)(a), (b) and (c), but each of those matters is to be the subject of a review at least once every 2 calendar years.
- (3) The CEO is to report to the audit committee the results of that review.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Nil

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS

Goal 12 – Council leads the organisation and engages with the community in an accountable and professional manner.

RISK IMPLICATIONS

Failure to review the appropriateness and effectiveness of a local government's systems and procedures would result in non-compliance *Local Government (Audit) Amendment Regulations 2013.* Approval of this item will mitigate the consequence.

Consequence	Insignificant	Minor	Moderate	Major	Catastrophic
Likelihood				-	
Almost Certain	Medium	High	High	Severe	Severe
Likely	Low	Medium	High	High	Severe
Possible	Low	Medium	Medium	High	High
Unlikely	Low	Low	Medium	Medium	High
Rare	Low	Low	Low	Low	Medium

Risk Rating	Action
Low	Monitor for ongoing improvement.
Medium	Comply with risk reduction measures to keep risk as low as reasonably practical.
High	Review the risk and take additional measures to ensure risk is low as reasonably achievable.
Severe	Unacceptable risk level, reduction measures must be introduced before proceeding.

POLICY IMPLICATIONS

2.3 Risk Management

VOTING REQUIREMENTS

Simple Majority

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That the Audit and Risk Committee recommends to Council that the Regulation 17 review conducted by the Chief Executive Officer be received.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION MAR6/0222 Moved Cr Martin Seconded Cr Lawlor That the Audit and Risk Committee recommends to Council that the Regulation 17 review conducted by the Chief Executive Officer be received.

CARRIED 3/0

Shire of Beverley **Risk Dashboard Report** December 2021

Executive Summary

Being the Shire's third report under the introduced risk management framework, focus is on embedding and driving continual improvement. Future reports will continue to provide relevant insight and recommendations to assist governance activities for the Senior Management Team. It is supported by the attached documents that were produced through a workshop on the 3rd December 2021.

1. Risk Profiles for the 16 themes discussed.

2. Risk Management Policy amendments and Procedures.

Recommendations

Embedding

1. Arrange for the attached Policy amendments and Procedures to be endorsed and adopted.

Risk Profiles

1. Discuss and review the attached Risk ProfilesReview and approve all Risk Profiles (from a Risk & Control perspective). 2. Confirm Current Issues / Actions / Treatments (Responsibility & Due Date)

Misconduct		Risk Low	Control Adequate	Business & community disruption		Risk Moderate	Control Adequate	
Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Respor	nsibility		Current Issues / Actions / Treatments Due Date		Respon	sibility
Carry out new employee Induction process	On Going	HR		R	Review LEMA and Recovery Plans	Jun-22	CE	SM
Follow up Performance Review process	On Going	CEO/MOW/DCEO		S	Seek Mitigation Works Funding	Jun-22	CE	SM
					Coordinate Mitigation Works	Jun-22	CE	SM

Errors, ommisions & delays

eratina

main activities

Test Data Recovery

Review ITC Op

Current Issues / Actions / Treatments

Review and expand documented procedures for

Inadequate environmental management		
Current Issues / Actions / Treatments Due Date		
Jun-22	EHO/MOW	
		• • • • •

External theft & fraud (inc. Cyber Crime)	Risk	Control	
External their & hadd (inc. Cyber onnie)	High	Adequate	
Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Responsibility		
Raise awareness of IT Security (eg. Opening emails)	Ongoing	DCEO	
Review Depot Security	Jun-22	MOW	
Review IT Security	Ongoing	DCEO	

Failure to fulfil statutory, regulatory or c	Risk	Control		
requirements	Moderate	Adequate		
Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Responsibility			
Review Strategic Community, Corporate Business and Long Term Financial Plans.	Dec-22	CEO		
Investigate Internal Audit function	Jun-22	CEO		

Providing inaccurate advice / informatio	Risk	Control	
Fromuling maccurate advice / mormatio	Moderate	Adequate	
Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Responsibility		
Implement a 'performance review' process for Executive Staff	Jun-22	CEO	
Monitor complaint register	On Going	DCEO	

Inadequate document management proc	Risk	Control	
inadequate document management proc	Moderate	Adequate	
Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Responsibility		
Explore implementation of Electronic Document Records Management System (EDRMS)	Jun-22	EA	
Include shift to EDRMS in LTFP	Jun-22	DCEO	

-		
Responsibility		
CEO		
Tourism		
	CE	

Inadequate asset sustainability practice	Risk High	Control Adequate	
Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Respor	sibility	
Review Asset Management Plans	Dec-22	DCEO	
Review Residential Housing Policy	Jun-22	DCEO	
Develop Bridge Maintenance Program	Jun-22	MC	W

	•		
Failure of IT &/or communication system	ns and	Risk	Control
infrastructure		Moderate	Adequate
Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Respor	sibility
Review IT Disaster Recovery Plan	Dec-22	DCEO	
Test Generator Backup	Jun-22	DC	EO

Due Date

Jun-22

Jun-22

Risk

Control

Δ quate

Responsibility

DCEO

DCEO

Inadequate safety and security practices	Risk	Control	
inducquate safety and security practices		Moderate	Adequate
Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Respor	nsibility
Prepare training register and training plans	Jun-22	Н	R
Implement Quarterly Workplace Safety Inspections	On Going	Н	R
Maintain Contractor Inductions	On Goina	Н	R

Ineffective employment practices		Risk	Control
menective employment practices	Low	Adequate	
Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Respor	nsibility
Implement Performance Review Process	Jun-22	CE	EO
Review Workforce Plan (Risks & Action Plans) for inclusion where relevant	Jun-22	CE	EO

Inadequate project / change management	Risk	Control	
madequate project / change management	High	Effective	
Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Respor	nsibility
Conduct weekly project management meetings (or more often as appropriate)	On Going	CE	EO
Monitor volume of projects to ensure available resources are not stretched	On Going	CE	EO
Comply with funding requirements where applicable	On Going	DC	EO

Inadequate supplier / contract management		Risk	Control
		Moderate	Adequate
Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Respor	nsibility
Explore implementing Contract Review process at large project (\$1M+) close out	Jun-22	DC	EO
		Risk	Control
Ineffective management of facilities / ven	ues / events	Moderate	Adequate
Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Respor	nsibility
No actions required at this stage			

Business & community disruption

This Risk Theme is defined as;

Failure to adequately prepare and respond to events that cause disruption to the local community and / or normal Shire business activities. The event may result in damage to buildings, property, plant & equipment (all assets). This could be a natural disaster, weather event, or an act carried out by an external party (inc. vandalism). This includes;

- Lack of (or inadequate) emergency response / business continuity plans.
- Lack of training to specific individuals or availability of appropriate emergency response.
- Failure in command and control functions as a result of incorrect initial assessment or untimely awareness of incident. •
- Inadequacies in environmental awareness and monitoring of fuel loads, curing rates etc •

This does not include disruptions due to IT Systems or infrastructure related failures - refer "Failure of IT & communication systems and infrastructure".

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Potential causes include;

- Cyclone, Storm Surges, Fire, Earthquake
- Extended power outage **Economic Factors**

Loss of Key Staff

- Terrorism / Sabotage / Criminal Behaviour
- Epidemic / Pandemic

Key Controls	Туре	Date	Shire Rating
Business Continuity Framework	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Volunteer Management & Training	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
LEM Exercises	Detective	Dec-21	Adequate
Functional LEMC	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Current LEMA & Recovery Plans	Recovery	Dec-21	Adequate
Current Bushfire Risk Management Plan	Preventative	Dec-21	Effective

Overall Control Ratings:

Au	equ	lau	8

Risk Ratings	Shire Rating	
Consequence:	Major	
Likelihood:	Unlikely	

Overall Risk Ratings:

Moderate

Key Indicators	Tolerance	Date	Overall Shire Result

Comments

Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Responsibility
Review LEMA and Recovery Plans	Jun-22	CESM
Seek Mitigation Works Funding	Jun-22	CESM
Coordinate Mitigation Works	Jun-22	CESM

Failure of IT &/or communication systems and infrastructure

This Risk Theme is defined as:

Instability, degradation of performance, or other failure of IT Systems, Infrastructure, Communication or Utility causing the inability to continue business activities and provide services to the community. This may or may not result in IT Disaster Recovery Plans being invoked. Examples include failures or disruptions caused by: • Hardware &/or Software

IT Network

Failures of IT Vendors

This also includes where poor governance results in the breakdown of IT maintenance such as;

Configuration management

Performance Monitoring

IT Incident, Problem Management & Disaster Recovery Processes

This does not include new system implementations - refer "Inadequate Project / Change Management".

Potential causes include;

- Weather impacts •
 - Power outage at service provider
- Power failure
- Infrastructure breakdown such as landlines, radio communications.

- Out dated / inefficient hardware
- Lack of training

Software vulnerability (e.g. MS Access)

Incompatibility between operating system and Microsoft • •

Key Controls	Туре	Date	Shire Rating
Data Back up Systems (Focus Networks)	Recovery	Dec-21	Effective
IT Vendor Support (Focus Networks)	Preventative / Recovery	Dec-21	Effective
UPS / Generator Entry Point	Preventative / Recovery	Dec-21	Effective
Disaster Recovery Plan	Detective	Dec-21	Adequate
IT Infrastructure Replacement / Refresh Program	Preventative	Dec-21	Effective

Overall Control Ratings:

Adequate

Risk Ratings	Shire Rating	
Consequence:	Moderate	
Likelihood:	Unlikely	
Overall Pick Patings:	Modorato	

Overall Risk Ratings:

Moderate

Key Indicators	Tolerance	Date	Overall Shire Result

Comments

Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Responsibility
Review IT Disaster Recovery Plan	Dec-22	DCEO
Test Generator Backup	Jun-22	DCEO
Test Data Recovery	Jun-22	DCEO

External theft & fraud (inc. Cyber Crime)

This Risk Theme is defined as;

Loss of funds, assets, data or unauthorised access, (whether attempts or successful) by external parties, through any means (including electronic), for the purposes of;

Fraud – benefit or gain by deceit

Malicious Damage – hacking, deleting, breaking or reducing the integrity or performance of systems

• Theft – stealing of data, assets or information (no deceit)

Examples include:

Scam Invoices

Cash or other valuables from 'Outstations'.

Potential causes include;

- Inadequate security of equipment / supplies / cash
- Inadequate provision for patrons belongings

Robbery

Lack of Supervision

Scam Invoices

Key Controls	Туре	Date	Shire Rating
Security access - Admin Building	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Depot Security	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
IT Firewall Systems	Preventative	Dec-21	Effective
Cameras	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate

Overall Con	trol Ratings:
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Adequate	
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Risk Ratings	Shire Rating	
Consequence:	Major	
Likelihood:	Possible	
Likelihood:	Possible	

Overall Risk Ratings:

High

Key Indicators	Tolerance	Date	Overall Shire Result
# Incidents			

Comments

As rated by Stephen Gollan (CEO) and Simon Marshall (DCEO) on 3rd December 2021.

Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Responsibility
Raise awareness of IT Security (eg. Opening emails)	Ongoing	DCEO
Review Depot Security	Jun-22	MOW
Review IT Security	Ongoing	DCEO

Dec-21

Misconduct

Dec-21

This Risk Theme is defined as:

Intentional activities in excess of authority granted to an employee, which circumvent endorsed policies, procedures or delegated authority. This would include instances of:

Relevant authorisations not obtained.

Distributing confidential information.

Accessing systems and / or applications without correct authority to do so.

Misrepresenting data in reports.

Theft by an employee

Collusion between Internal & External parties

This does not include instances where it was not an intentional breach - refer Errors, Omissions or delays in transaction processing, or Inaccurate Advice.

Potential causes include;

Lack of training

- Changing of job titles
- Delegated authority process inadequately implemented
- Lack of understanding
- Poor internal checks (PO's and delegated authority)
- Password sharing

Disgruntled employees

Key Controls	Туре	Date	Shire Rating
Delegation Register - Framework	Detective	Dec-21	Adequate
Staff Induction Process (Code of Conduct)	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Segregation of Duties (Financial) & Procurement	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
IT Security Access Framework (Profiles & Passwords)	Preventative	Dec-21	Effective
Staff Performance Reviews	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate

Overall Control Ratings: A

Adequate

Risk Ratings	Shire Rating
Consequence:	Minor
Likelihood:	Unlikely

Overall Risk Ratings:

Low

Key Indicators	Tolerance	Date	Overall Shire Result

Comments

Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Responsibility
Carry out new employee Induction process	On Going	HR
Follow up Performance Review process	On Going	CEO/MOW/DCEO

Inadequate safety and security practices

This Risk Theme is defined as:

Non-compliance with the Occupation Safety & Health Act, associated regulations and standards. It is also the inability to ensure the physical security requirements of staff, contractors and visitors. Other considerations are:

- Inadequate Policy, Frameworks, Systems and Structure to prevent the injury of visitors, staff, contractors and/or tenants.
- Inadequate Organisational Emergency Management requirements (evacuation diagrams, drills, wardens etc).
- Inadequate security protection measures in place for buildings, depots and other places of work (vehicle, community etc).
- Public Liability Claims, due to negligence or personal injury.
- Employee Liability Claims due to negligence or personal injury.
- Inadequate or unsafe modifications to plant & equipment

Potential causes include;

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Lack of appropriate PPE / Equipment

Inadequate security arrangements

- Inadequate first aid supplies or trained staff
- Inadequate signage, barriers or other exclusion techniques
- Storage and use of Dangerous Goods

Rubbish / Litter Control

- Ineffective / inadequate testing, sampling (similar) health based req'
- Lack of mandate and commitment from Senior Management

Key Controls	Туре	Date	Shire Rating
Workplace Inspections	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Staff Individual Training Plans	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Hazard Register	Detective	Dec-21	Adequate
OSH Management Framework	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Contractor / Site Inductions	Preventative	Dec-21	Effective
Staff Inductions	Preventative	Dec-21	Effective
Organisational Emergency Preparedness (Wardens, evacs etc)	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate

Overall Control	Ratings:	
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Adequate

Risk Ratings	Shire Rating
Consequence:	Minor
Likelihood:	Likely
Overall Pick Patings:	Madarata

Overall Risk Ratings:

Moderate

Key Indicators	Tolerance	Date	Overall Shire Result
4801 Audit Results			
LTIFR			
Comments			

Comments

As rated by Stephen Gollan (CEO) and Simon Marshall (DCEO) on 3rd December 2021.

Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Responsibility
Prepare training register and training plans	Jun-22	HR
Implement Quarterly Workplace Safety Inspections	On Going	HR
Maintain Contractor Inductions	On Going	HR
Conduct evacuation roleplay	Dec-22	DCEO

Dec-21

Inadequate project / change management

Dec-21

<u>This Risk Theme is defined as;</u>

Inadequate analysis, design, delivery and / or status reporting of change initiatives, resulting in additional expenses, time requirements or scope changes. This includes:

• Inadequate Change Management Framework to manage and monitor change activities.

- Inadequate understanding of the impact of project change on the business.
- Failures in the transition of projects into standard operations.
- Failure to implement new systems
- Failures of IT Project Vendors/Contractors

This includes Directorate or Service Unit driven change initiatives except new Plant & Equipment purchases. Refer "Inadequate Asset Management"

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Potential causes include;

- Lack of communication and consultation
- Shire growth (too many projects)

Lack of investment

- Inadequate monitoring and reviewProject risks not managed effectively
- Inadequate project planning (resources/budget)

Ineffective management of expectations (scope creep)

Lack of Project methodology knowledge and reporting requirements

Key Controls	Туре	Date	Shire Rating
Dedicated Project Management Team	Preventative	Dec-21	Effective
Weekly Project Meetings	Preventative	Dec-21	Effective
Contract Subject Matter Experts as appropriate	Preventative	Dec-21	Effective

Overall	Control	Ratings:	
Overan	0011001	Nutrigs.	

Effective

Risk Ratings	Shire Rating	
Consequence:	Major	
Likelihood:	Possible	

Overall Risk Ratings:

High

Key Indicators	Tolerance	Date	Overall Shire Result
Project Budget	+10%	Dec-21	Ongoing financial management of projects
Project Timeframe	+10%	Dec-21	Time pressure to deliver projects due to funding requirements

Comments

Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Responsibility
Conduct weekly project management meetings (or more often as appropriate)	On Going	CEO
Monitor volume of projects to ensure available resources are not stretched	On Going	CEO
Comply with funding requirements where applicable	On Going	DCEO

Errors, ommisions & delays

Dec-21

This Risk Theme is defined as;

Errors, omissions or delays in operational activities as a result of unintentional errors or failure to follow due process. This includes instances of; • Human errors, incorrect or incomplete processing

· Inaccurate recording, maintenance, testing and / or reconciliation of data.

· Errors or inadequacies in model methodology, design, calculation or implementation of models.

This may result in incomplete or inaccurate information. Consequences include;

• Inaccurate data being used for management decision making and reporting.

Delays in service to customers

Inaccurate data provided to customers

This excludes process failures caused by inadequate / incomplete procedural documentation - refer "Inadequate Document Management Processes".

Potential causes include;

Human Error

Inadequate procedures or training

Incorrect information

Miscommunication

Lack of Staff (or trained staff)

Key Controls	Туре	Date	Shire Rating
Documented Procedures / Checklists	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Segregation of Duties (Financial Control)	Detective	Dec-21	Adequate

Overall Control Ratings:	Adequate
Risk Ratings	Shire Rating
Consequence:	Insignificant
Likelihood:	Possible

Overall Risk Ratings:

Low

Key Indicators	Tolerance	Date	Overall Shire Result

Comments

Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Responsibility
Review and expand documented procedures for main activities	Jun-22	DCEO

Inadequate document management processes

This Risk Theme is defined as;

Failure to adequately capture, store, archive, retrieve, provision and / or disposal of documentation. This includes:

Contact lists.

Procedural documents.

• 'Application' proposals/documents.

Contracts.

• Forms, requests or other documents.

Potential causes include;

- Spreadsheet/Database/Document corruption or loss
- Inadequate access and / or security levels
- Inadequate Storage facilities (including climate control)
- High Staff turnover

- Outdated record keeping practices / incompatible systems
- Lack of system/application knowledge
- High workloads and time pressures
- Incomplete authorisation trails

Key Controls	Туре	Date	Shire Rating
Policy & Procedural Review Process	Detective	Dec-21	Adequate
Records Management Process (Hard Copy)	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Records Management Process (Soft Copy)	Preventative	Dec-21	Effective
Records Management Policy	Preventative	Dec-21	Effective
Off-site Archiving (Zirco)	Preventative	Dec-21	Effective

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Overall Control Ratings:
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s: Adequate

Moderate

Risk Ratings	Shire Rating	
Consequence:	Moderate	
Likelihood:	Unlikely	

Overall Risk Ratings:

 Key Indicators
 Tolerance
 Date
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<u>Comments</u>

As rated by Stephen Gollan (CEO) and Simon Marshall (DCEO) on 3rd December 2021.

Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Responsibility
Explore implementation of Electronic Document Records Management System (EDRMS)	Jun-22	EA
Include shift to EDRMS in LTFP	Jun-22	DCEO

Dec-21

Inadequate supplier / contract management

Dec-21

This Risk Theme is defined as;

Inadequate management of External Suppliers, Contractors, IT Vendors or Consultants engaged for core operations. This includes issues that arise from the ongoing supply of services or failures in contract management & monitoring processes. This also includes:

Concentration issues
 Vender sustainability

Vendor sustainability

It does not include failures in the tender process; refer "Inadequate Procurement, Disposal or Tender Practices".

Potential causes include;

- Funding
- Complexity and quantity of work
- Inadequate tendering process
- Geographical remoteness

- Inadequate contract management practices
- Ineffective monitoring of deliverables
- Lack of planning and clarity of requirements
- Historical contracts remaining

Туре	Date	Shire Rating
Preventative	Dec-21	Effective
Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Preventative	Dec-21	Effective
	Preventative Preventative Preventative	PreventativeDec-21PreventativeDec-21PreventativeDec-21

Overall Control Ratings:	Adequate	
Risk Ratings	Shire Rating	
Consequence:	Moderate	
Likelihood:	Possible	

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Overall Risk Ratings:
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Moderate

Key Indicators	Tolerance	Date	Overall Shire Result

Comments

Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Responsibility
Explore implementing Contract Review process at large project (\$1M+) close out	Jun-22	DCEO

Providing inaccurate advice / information

This Risk Theme is defined as;

Incomplete, inadequate or inaccuracies in advisory activities to customers or internal staff. This could be caused by using unqualified, or inexperienced staff, however it does not include instances relating to Misconduct.

Examples include;

- · incorrect planning, development or building advice,
- incorrect health or environmental advice
- inconsistent messages or responses from Customer Service Staff
- any advice that is not consistent with legislative requirements or local laws.

Potential causes include;

- Lack of qualified staff
- Long lead times for responses

- Lack of appropriate technical knowlegde relevant to the context
- Poor working relationships between internal staff/departments

Increasing workloads

Key Controls	Туре	Date	Shire Rating
Performance Review Meetings	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Qualified Contractors (Planning, Building & Health)	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Complaints	Detective	Dec-21	Adequate

Overall Control Ratings:

Adequate

Risk Ratings	Shire Rating	
Consequence:	Major	
Likelihood:	Unlikely	

Overall Risk Ratings:

Moderate

Key Indicators	Tolerance	Date	Overall Shire Result
# Complaints / issues regarding inaccurate advice / information			

Comments

As rated by Stephen Gollan (CEO) and Simon Marshall (DCEO) on 3rd December 2021.

Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Responsibility
Implement a 'performance review' process for Executive Staff	Jun-22	CEO
Implement a 'performance review' process for Health, Building & Planning	Jun-22	CEO
Monitor complaint register	On Going	DCEO

Dec-21

Ineffective employment practices

This Risk Theme is defined as;

Failure to effectively manage and lead human resources (full/part time, casuals, temporary and volunteers). This includes not having an effective Human Resources Framework in addition to not having appropriately qualified or experienced people in the right roles or not having sufficient staff numbers to achieve objectives. Other areas in this risk theme to consider are;

• Breaching employee regulations (excluding OH&S).

• Discrimination, Harassment & Bullying in the workplace.

Poor employee wellbeing (causing stress)

Key person dependencies without effective succession planning in place.

Induction issues.

Terminations (including any tribunal issues).

Industrial activity.

.

Care should be taken when considering insufficient staff numbers as the underlying issue could be a process inefficiency.

Potential causes include;

- Leadership failures
- Available staff / volunteers are generally highly transient.
- Single Person Dependencies

- Ineffective performance management programs or procedures.
- Ineffective training programs or procedures.
- Limited staff availability mining / private sectors (pay & conditions).
- Poor internal communications / relationships

 Inadequate Induction practices.

Key Controls	Туре	Date	Shire Rating
Policy & Procedures	Preventative	Dec-20	Adequate
Training Needs Analysis & Training Register	Preventative	Dec-20	Adequate
Cross Skilling / Multi tasking	Preventative	Dec-20	Effective
Internal Communication (Meetings / Newsletter)	Preventative	Dec-20	Adequate
Staff Inductions (Code of Conduct Component)	Preventative	Dec-20	Effective
Performance Review Process	Detective	Dec-20	Adequate

Overall Control Ratings:

Adequate

Risk Ratings	Shire Rating
Consequence:	Minor
Likelihood:	Unlikely

Overall Risk Ratings: Low

Key Indicators	Tolerance	Date	Overall Shire Result	
% Staff turnover rate				
Absenteeism				
Workers Compensation Claims (Stress Claims)				
Upcoming Retirements				
<u>Comments</u> As rated by Stephen Gollan (CEO) and Simon Marshall (DCEO) on 3rd December 2021.				

Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Responsibility
Implement Performance Review Process	Jun-22	CEO
Review Workforce Plan (Risks & Action Plans) for inclusion where relevant	Jun-22	CEO

Failure to fulfil statutory, regulatory or compliance requirements

This Risk Theme is defined as:

Failure to correctly identify, interpret, assess, respond and communicate laws and regulations as a result of an inadequate compliance framework. This could result in fines, penalties, litigation or increase scrutiny from regulators or agencies. This includes, new or proposed regulatory and legislative changes, in addition to the failure to maintain updated legal documentation (internal & public domain) to reflect changes.

This does not include Occupational Safety & Health Act (refer "Inadequate employee and visitor safety and security") or any Employment Practices based legislation (refer "Ineffective Employment practices)

It does include the Local Government Act, Health Act, Building Act, Privacy Act and all other legislative based obligations for Local Government.

Potential causes include;

- Lack of training, awareness and knowledge
- Staff Turnover
- Inadequate record keeping

- Lack of Legal Expertise
- Councillor Turnover
- Breakdowns in Tender process

Ineffective processes

- Ineffective monitoring of changes to legislation

Key Controls	Туре	Date	Shire Rating
Compliance Return (DLG)	Detective	Dec-20	Adequate
Compliance Calendars	Preventative	Dec-20	Effective
External Auditor Reviews (Compliance)	Detective	Dec-20	Effective
Subscriptions (WALGA)	Preventative	Dec-20	Adequate
Induction Process - Councillors / Staff	Preventative	Dec-20	Adequate
Tender Process (eQuotes)	Preventative	Dec-20	Effective
IPRF Reviews and Updates	Preventative	Dec-20	Adequate

Overall Control Ratings: Adequate

Risk Ratings	Shire Rating
Consequence:	Major
Likelihood:	Unlikely

Overall Risk Ratings:

Moderate

Key Indicators	Tolerance	Date	Overall Shire Result

Comments

Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Responsibility
Review Strategic Community, Corporate Business and Long Term Financial Plans.	Dec-22	CEO
Investigate Internal Audit function	Jun-22	CEO

Inadequate asset sustainability practices

	Key Controls Type Date						
Outdated equipment Unexpected breakdowns							
Lack of trained staff	•	Lack of formal or app	ropriate scheduling (n	naintenance / inspections)			
Skill level & behaviour of operators	•	Unavailability of parts					
Potential causes include;							
It does not include issues with the inappropriate use of the Plant, Equipment or Machinery. Refer Misconduct.							
 Inadequate maintenance activities. Inadequate financial management and planning. 							
Outputs not meeting expectations							
Ineffective usage (down time)							
and all other assets and their associated lifecycle from procurement to maintenance and ultimate disposal. Areas included in the scope are; • Inadequate design (not fit for purpose)							
This Risk Theme is defined as; Failure or reduction in service of infrastructure assets, plant, equipment or machinery. These include fleet, buildings, roads, playgrounds, boat ramps							
Failure or reduction in service of infrastructure assets, plant, equipme							

			Shire
Asset Management System (Synergy Asset Register)	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Asset Management Plan	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Planned Building Maintenance	Detective	Dec-21	Adequate
Asset Replacement Program	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Road Asset Management System (RAMM)	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate

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Risk Ratings	Shire Rating
Consequence:	Major
Likelihood:	Possible

Overall Risk Ratings:

High

Adequate

Dec-21

Key Indicators	Tolerance	Date	Overall Shire Result
Asset Sustainability Ratio	90% - 100%	2021	48%
Asset Consumption Ratio	50% - 75%	2021	71%
Asset Renewal Funding Ratio	95% - 105%	2021	109%

Comments

Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Responsibility
Review Asset Management Plans	Dec-22	DCEO
Review Residential Housing Policy	Jun-22	DCEO
Develop Bridge Maintenance Program	Jun-22	MOW

Inadequate engagement practices

This Risk Theme is defined as;

Failure to maintain effective working relationships with the Community (including Local Media), Stakeholders, Key Private Sector Companies, Government Agencies and / or Elected Members. This invariably includes activities where communication, feedback and / or consultation is required and where it is in the best interests to do so. For example;

· Following up on any access & inclusion issues. · Infrastructure Projects.

Regional or District Committee attendance.

Local Planning initiatives.

Strategic Planning initiatives

This does not include instances whereby Community expectations have not been met for standard service provisions such as Community Events, Library Services and / or Bus/Transport services.

Potential causes include;

- Budget / funding issues •
- Media attention

- Short lead times
- Miscommunication / Poor communication
- Inadequate documentation or procedures
- Relationship breakdowns with community groups

Key Controls	Туре	Date	Shire Rating
Open Council Meetings	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Newsletter (Beverley Blarney)	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Annual electors meeting	Detective	Dec-21	Adequate
Online Engagement (Website & Social Media)	Detective	Dec-21	Effective
Establish Working Groups for large Capital Project Planning	Detective	Dec-21	Effective

Overall Control F	Ratings:	Adequate
Risk Ratings		Shire Rating
Consec	quence:	Minor
Like	elihood:	Unlikely
Overall Risk Ra	atings:	Low
		eire

Key Indicators	Tolerance	Date	Overall Shire Result
% community feeling they have opportunities to participate in planning			
% community satisfaction with the Shire's advocacy and community representation			

Comments

Jun-22	CEO
Jun-22	Tourism

Ineffective management of facilities / venues / events

This Risk Theme is defined as;

Failure to effectively manage the day to day operations of facilities, venues and / or events. This includes;

Inadequate procedures in place to manage the quality or availability.

- Ineffective signage
- Booking issues
- Financial interactions with hirers / users
- Oversight / provision of peripheral services (eg. cleaning / maintenance)

Potential causes include;

- Double bookings
- Illegal alcohol consumption
- Managing bond payments

- Animal contamination.
- Failed chemical / health requirements.
- Access to facilities / venues.

Key Controls	Туре	Date	Shire Rating
Events Policy / Procedures	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Booking System (Outlook Calendar)	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Maintenance Schedules	Detective	Dec-21	Adequate
Complaints Register	Detective	Dec-21	Effective
Booking System (Caravan Park/Cabins)	Preventative	Dec-21	Effective

Overall Control Ratings:

Adequate

Risk Ratings	Shire Rating
Consequence:	Moderate
Likelihood:	Unlikely

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Overall Risk Ratings:
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Moderate

Key Indicators	Tolerance	Date	Overall Shire Result
Attendance at Arts & cultural activities			
% community satisfaction with with services and facilties			
% occupancy of Onsite Cabins			

Comments

As rated by Stephen Gollan (CEO) and Simon Marshall (DCEO) on 3rd December 2021.

Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	e Responsibility
No actions required at this stage		

Dec-21

Inadequate environmental management

This Risk Theme is defined as;

Inadequate prevention, identification, enforcement and management of environmental issues. The scope includes;

• Lack of adequate planning and management of coastal erosion issues.

- Failure to identify and effectively manage contaminated sites (including groundwater usage).
- Waste facilities (landfill / transfer stations).
- Weed control.
- · Ineffective management of water sources (reclaimed, potable)
- Illegal dumping.

•

• Illegal clearing / land use.

Potential causes include;

- Inadequate management of landfil sites
- Inadequate reporting / oversight frameworks

lack of understanding / knowledge

- Community apathy.
- Inadequate local laws / planning schemes

Key Controls	Туре	Date	Shire Rating
Landfill Site Management Procedures	Detective	Dec-21	Effective
Security at Landfill Site	Preventative	Dec-21	Effective
Mosquito Control	Preventative	Dec-21	Adequate
Monitoring bores	Detective	Dec-21	Adequate

Overall	Control	Ratings:
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Adequate

Risk Ratings	Shire Rating
Consequence:	Major
Likelihood:	Unlikely

Overall Risk Ratings:

Moderate

Key Indicators	Tolerance	Date	Overall Shire Result

Comments

As rated by Stephen Gollan (CEO) and Simon Marshall (DCEO) on 3rd December 2021.

Current Issues / Actions / Treatments	Due Date	Responsibility
Review of Landfill Remaining Life	Jun-22	EHO/MOW

Dec-21

7.6 2021/22 Budget Review

Submission To:	Audit and Risk Committee Meeting 8 February 2022
Report Date:	21 January 2022
Applicant:	N/A
File Reference:	ADM 0092
Author and Position:	Simon Marshall, Deputy Chief Executive Officer
Previously Before Council	Annually
Disclosure(s) Of Interest:	Nil
Attachments:	2021/22 Budget Review Statement of Financial
	Activity; and 2021/22 Budget Review Detail (under
	separate cover)

SUMMARY

The Audit and Risk Committee to examine the 2021/22 Budget Review and consider recommending to Council that it be received.

BACKGROUND

A Budget Review is conducted annually by comparing actual revenue and expenditure as at 31 December to budget estimates and forecasting predicted revenue and expenditure to 30 June.

The budget review process is a statutory requirement, but also reflects good management practice.

COMMENT

A budget review has been undertaken by staff as per the requirements of the *Local Government Act 1995* and *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996*.

Any savings realised or over expenditure incurred as at 31 December 2021 has been included in forward projections.

The detailed Budget Review is attached to this report.

In summary, it is forecast that a budget surplus of \$546,570 may be realised as at 30 June 2022.

See Budget Review financial report attached to this report for surplus components.

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT

Regulation 33A of the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996* provides that:

- (1) Between 1 January and 31 March in each financial year a local government is to carry out a review of its annual budget for that year.
- (2A) The review of an annual budget for a financial year must
 - (a) consider the local government's financial performance in the period beginning on 1 July and ending no earlier than 31 December in that financial year; and
 - (b) consider the local government's financial position as at the date of the review; and
 - (c) review the outcomes for the end of that financial year that are forecast in the budget.
- (2) Within 30 days after a review of the annual budget of a local government is carried out it is to be submitted to the council.
- (3) A council is to consider a review submitted to it and is to determine* whether or not to adopt the review, any parts of the review or any recommendations made in the review.

*Absolute majority required.

(4) Within 30 days after a council has made a determination, a copy of the review and determination is to be provided to the Department.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Nil

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS

Goal 12 - Council leads the organisation and engages with the community in an accountable and professional manner.

RISK IMPLICATIONS

Failure to complete a Budget Review would result in non-compliance *Local Government Act 1995* and *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996.* Approval of this item will mitigate the consequence

Consequence Likelihood	Insignificant	Minor	Moderate	Major	Catastrophic
Almost Certain	Medium	High	High	Severe	Severe
Likely	Low	Medium	High	High	Severe
Possible	Low	Medium	Medium	High	High
Unlikely	Low	Low	Medium	Medium	High
Rare	Low	Low	Low	Low	Medium

Risk Rating	Action
Low	Monitor for ongoing improvement.
Medium	Comply with risk reduction measures to keep risk as low as reasonably practical.
High	Review the risk and take additional measures to ensure risk is low as reasonably achievable.
Severe	Unacceptable risk level, reduction measures must be introduced before proceeding.

POLICY IMPLICATIONS

Nil

VOTING REQUIREMENTS

Simple Majority

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That the Audit and Risk Committee recommend to Council that the 2021/22 Budget Review be received and forwarded to the Department of Local Government.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION MAR7/0222 Moved Cr Martin Seconded Cr Lawlor That the Audit and Risk Committee recommend to Council that the 2021/22 Budget Review be received and forwarded to the Department of Local Government.

CARRIED 3/0

SHIRE OF BEVERLEY BUDGET REVIEW FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 31 December 2021

Description	Budget 2021/22	YTD Actual 2021/22	Forecast 2021/22	Forecast Variance	Notes To Materia
Operating Revenue					
General Purpose Funding	3,388,968.00	3,144,742.92	3,360,137.64	(28,830.36)	LGGC General Grant funding allocation lower tha
Governance	2,100.00	16,570.10	18,669.43	16,569.43	CCZ Golf Day Sponsorship and Green Fees unbu \$2,384 and T Jurmann LSL contribution \$2,539 u
Law, Order & Public Safety	242,100.00	54,853.04	243,600.00	1,500.00	
Health	300.00	200.00	300.00	0.00	
Education & Welfare	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Housing	129,692.00	64,112.00	119,492.00	(10,200.00)	Sale of 50 Dawson St (\$5,500) and Units 2 & 7 va
Community Amenities	211,385.00	201,354.03	218,376.35	6,991.35	
Recreation & Culture	218,434.00	96,924.15	250,966.08	32,532.08	Moort Wabiny Park Retention Fee \$33,963 transference retention fee repayment to Contractor.
Transport	3,950,230.00	1,425,792.48	4,177,847.00	227,617.00	Vincent St Project RAC funding received \$200,00 \$27,617 allocated.
Economic Activities	197,344.00	131,702.91	224,494.00	27,150.00	Caravan Park and Cabin income anticipated to be
Other Property & Services	43,100.00	24,807.04	55,201.28	12,101.28	Fuel rebate \$9,564 and Sale of Scrap \$2,537 anti
Total Operating Revenue	8,383,653.00	5,161,058.67	8,669,083.78	285,430.78	
Operating Expenditure	(400.007.00)	(00 504 04)	(404.040.04)		
General Purpose Funding	(162,227.00)	(62,584.34)	(161,346.94)	880.06	
Governance	(306,541.00)	(153,964.90)	(285,681.78)	20,859.22	Additional insurance cover for Vincent St project r
Law, Order & Public Safety	(432,526.00)	(173,886.35)	(431,984.80)	541.20	
Health	(154,777.00)	(63,472.72)	(155,742.00)	(965.00)	
Education & Welfare	(111,017.00)	(35,505.55)	(110,881.00)	<u>136.00</u> 23,181.00	
Housing	(205,724.00)	(92,943.02)	(182,543.00)		Profit on Disposal of 50 Dawson St \$22,000 unbu
Community Amenities	(666,749.00)	(287,558.08)	(658,345.41)	8,403.59	
Recreation & Culture	(1,592,700.00)	(727,183.08)	(1,592,056.00)	644.00	
Transport	(2,519,187.00)	(1,330,661.39)	(2,566,119.00)	(46,932.00)	Dale Bin Nth Rd carry over to 2022/23, plant & lat
Economic Activities	(593,888.00)	(237,366.94)	(584,012.00)	9,876.00	
Other Property & Services	(15,050.00)	127,264.00	(15,953.60)	(903.60)	
Total Operating Expenditure	(6,760,386.00)	(3,037,862.37)	(6,744,665.53)	15,720.47	
· · · · ·					
Net Operating	1,623,267.00	2,123,196.30	1,924,418.25	301,151.25	

rial Variances

han anticipated for 21/22 (\$31,052).

nbudgeted \$11,646, Good driver rebate 9 unbudgeted.

vacant at Hunt Road Village (\$7,000).

nsfer from Trust partially offset by final

,000 and additional Roads grant funding

be higher than expected \$27,150.

inticipated to be higher than anticipated.

ct not required \$20,000.

budgeted.

labour component transferred to Road Mtce.

SHIRE OF BEVERLEY BUDGET REVIEW FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 31 December 2021

Description	Budget 2021/22	YTD Actual 2021/22	Forecast 2021/22	Forecast Variance	Notes To Materia
Capital Income					
Self Supporting Loan - Principal Repayment	14,285.00	9,045.38	14,285.00	0.00	
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	359,000.00	228,181.81	559,726.81	200,726.81	Proceeds from plant disposals lower than anticipa unbudgeted \$228,000.
New Loan Raised	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	0.00	
Total Capital Income	1,373,285.00	1,237,227.19	1,574,011.81	200,726.81	
Capital Expenditure					
Land and Buildings	(329,893.00)	(239,292.19)	(346,448.85)	(16,555.85)	Hunt Road Village Unit 7 refurb carried over from Moort Wabiny Park final retention fee payment (\$ Onsite Cabin Carports (\$3,789) greater than antic allocations. Recreation Ground Playground exten replacement \$2,671 lower than anticipated.
Plant and Equipment	(946,980.00)	(508,131.87)	(832,219.87)	114,760.13	Combined cost of plant changeovers less than an
Office Furniture and Equipment	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Road Construction	(5,309,327.00)	(1,003,698.30)	(5,220,617.00)	88,710.00	Vincent Street road works portion savings (\$23,00 works anticipated (\$65,710) plant & labour expen
Other Infrastructure	(1,492,771.00)	(1,214,796.78)	(1,379,387.46)	113,383.54	Vincent Street underground power contingency \$
Land Under Control	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Loans - Principal Repayments	(102,053.00)	(22,753.12)	(102,053.00)	0.00	
Total Capital Expenditure	(8,181,024.00)	(2,988,672.26)	(7,880,726.18)	300,297.82	
Net Capital	(6,807,739.00)	(1,751,445.07)	(6,306,714.37)	501,024.63	
Adjustments					
Depreciation Written Back	2,405,056.00	1,192,875.52	2,405,056.00	(2.48)	
Movement in Leave Reserve Cash Balance	0.00	70.42	0.00	70.42	
Movement in Non-Current Loan Repayments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Movement in Non-Current SSL Income	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Movement in Non-Current Lease Repayments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Movement in Non-Current Investments	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Movement in Non-Current LSL Provision	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Movement in Non-Current Deferred Pensioner Rates	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
(Profit)/Loss on Disposal of Assets Written Back	(35,100.00)	(71,939.43)	(30,205.33)	4894.67	
Loss on Revaluation of Non-Current Assets Written Back	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Rounding	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	

rial Variances

ipated (\$40,910) and Sale of 50 Dawson St

om 20/21 (\$10,000) funded from Reserve. t (\$15,438) offset by transfer from Trust. Inticipated due to internal labour and plant ttension \$10,079 and Town Hall floor

anticipated \$114,760.

8,000) and carry over of Dale Bin Nth Rd bense reallocated to Road Mtce.

/ \$113,383 not required.

SHIRE OF BEVERLEY BUDGET REVIEW FOR THE PERIOD ENDING 31 December 2021

Description	Budget	YTD Actual	Forecast	Forecast	Notes To Materia
	2021/22	2021/22	2021/22	Variance	
Add Funding From					
Transfer (To)/From Reserves	1,160,706.00	246,073.01	900,206.00	(260,500.00)	50 Dawson Street Sale income transferred to Res reserves for new Grader (\$22,500) lower as purc
Opening Surplus/(Deficit)	1,653,810.00	1,653,809.54	1,653,809.54	(0.46)	
Total Adjustments	5,184,472.00	3,020,889.06	4,928,866.21	(255,605.79)	
CLOSING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)	0.00	3,392,640.29	546,570.09	546,570.09	

rial Variances

Reserve (\$228,000) and transfer from urchase price lower than anticipated.

7.7 2021 Compliance Audit Return

Submission To:	Audit and Risk Committee Meeting 8 February 2022
Report Date:	27 January 2022
Applicant:	N/A
File Reference:	ADM 0237
Author and Position:	Stephen Gollan, Chief Executive Officer
Previously Before Council	: Annually
Disclosure(s) Of Interest:	Nil
Attachments:	2021 Compliance Audit Return

SUMMARY

The *Local Government Act 1995* requires all Western Australian Local Authorities to complete a Compliance Audit Return (CAR), distributed by the Department of Local Government, in relation to activities undertaken by the local authority in the preceding calendar year.

BACKGROUND

In 2006, participation in the program was made compulsory for all local authorities.

COMMENT

Attached is a certified copy of the CAR for Committee's consideration. The Audit and Risk Committee must review the document before it can recommend that Council adopt and forward to the Minister for Local Government (no later than the 31st March each year). The CAR is reflective of 1 January 2021 – 31 December 2021.

STATUTORY ENVIRONMENT

Local Government Act 1995 and Regulation 13 of the *Local Government Audit Regulations*, Clauses 14 and 15

14. Compliance audit return to be prepared

- A local government is to carry out a compliance audit for the period 1 January to 31 December in each year.
- (2) After carrying out a compliance audit the local government is to prepare a compliance audit return in a form approved by the Minister.

(3) A compliance audit return is to be

- (a) presented to the council at a meeting of the council;
- (b) adopted by the council; and
- (c) recorded in the minutes of the meeting at which it is adopted.

15. Completion of compliance audit

(1) After the compliance audit return has been presented to the council in accordance with regulation 14(3) a certified copy of the return together with:

(a) a copy of the relevant section of the minutes referred to in regulation14(3)(c) and

(b) any additional information explaining or qualifying the compliance audit

is to be submitted to the Executive Director by 31 March next following the period to which the return relates.

(2) In this regulation:

Certified in relation to compliance audit return means signed by:

- (a) the mayor or president; and
- (b) The CEO

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Nil

STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS

Goal 12 - Council leads the organisation and engages with the community in an accountable and professional manner.

RISK IMPLICATIONS

Failure to complete the Compliance Audit Return would result in non-compliance *Local Government Act 1995* and *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996.* Approval of this item will mitigate the consequence.

Consequence Likelihood	Insignificant	Minor	Moderate	Major	Catastrophic
Almost Certain	Medium	High	High	Severe	Severe
Likely	Low	Medium	High	High	Severe
Possible	Low	Medium	Medium	High	High
Unlikely	Low	Low	Medium	Medium	High
Rare	Low	Low	Low	Low	Medium

Risk Rating	Action
Low	Monitor for ongoing improvement.
Medium	Comply with risk reduction measures to keep risk as low as reasonably practical.
High	Review the risk and take additional measures to ensure risk is low as reasonably achievable.
Severe	Unacceptable risk level, reduction measures must be introduced before proceeding.

POLICY IMPLICATIONS

Nil

VOTING REQUIREMENTS

Simple Majority

OFFICER'S RECOMMENDATION

That the Audit and Risk Committee recommends to Council that:

- 1. the Compliance Audit Return 2021 be adopted; and
- 2. the Chief Executive Officer and Shire President be authorised to sign and submit the 2021 Compliance Audit Return to the Department of Local Government.

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION

MAR8/0222

Moved Cr Lawlor

Seconded Cr Martin

- That the Audit and Risk Committee recommends to Council that:
- 1. the Compliance Audit Return 2021 be adopted; and
- 2. the Chief Executive Officer and Shire President be authorised to sign and submit the 2021 Compliance Audit Return to the Department of Local Government.

CARRIED 3/0



Beverley - Compliance Audit Return 2021

Certified Copy of Return

Please submit a signed copy to the Director General of the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries together with a copy of the relevant minutes.

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	s3.59(2)(a) F&G Regs 7,9,10	Has the local government prepared a business plan for each major trading undertaking that was not exempt in 2021?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
2	s3.59(2)(b) F&G Regs 7,8A, 8, 10	Has the local government prepared a business plan for each major land transaction that was not exempt in 2021?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
3	s3.59(2)(c) F&G Regs 7,8A, 8,10	Has the local government prepared a business plan before entering into each land transaction that was preparatory to entry into a major land transaction in 2021?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
4	s3.59(4)	Has the local government complied with public notice and publishing requirements for each proposal to commence a major trading undertaking or enter into a major land transaction or a land transaction that is preparatory to a major land transaction for 2021?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
5	s3.59(5)	During 2021, did the council resolve to proceed with each major land transaction or trading undertaking by absolute majority?	N/A		Stephen Gollan



Delegation of Power/Duty No Reference Question Response Comments Respondent 1 s5.16 Were all delegations to committees N/A No Committee has any Stephen Gollan resolved by absolute majority? delegations. 2 s5.16 Were all delegations to committees in Stephen Gollan N/A writing? Were all delegations to committees 3 s5.17 N/A Stephen Gollan within the limits specified in section 5.17? s5.18 Were all delegations to committees Stephen Gollan 4 N/A recorded in a register of delegations? 5 s5.18 Has council reviewed delegations to its Stephen Gollan Yes committees in the 2020/2021 financial year? 6 s5.42(1) & s5.43 Did the powers and duties delegated to Yes Stephen Gollan Admin Reg 18G the CEO exclude those listed in section 5.43 of the Act? 7 s5.42(1) Were all delegations to the CEO Yes Stephen Gollan resolved by an absolute majority? 8 s5.42(2) Were all delegations to the CEO in Yes Stephen Gollan writing? Were all delegations by the CEO to any Stephen Gollan 9 s5.44(2) Yes employee in writing? Were all decisions by the council to 10 s5.16(3)(b) & Yes Stephen Gollan amend or revoke a delegation made by s5.45(1)(b) absolute majority? Has the CEO kept a register of all s5.46(1) Yes Stephen Gollan 11 delegations made under Division 4 of the Act to the CEO and to employees? 12 s5.46(2) Were all delegations made under Yes Stephen Gollan Division 4 of the Act reviewed by the delegator at least once during the 2020/2021 financial year? s5.46(3) Admin Did all persons exercising a delegated Stephen Gollan 13 Yes Reg 19 power or duty under the Act keep, on all occasions, a written record in accordance with Admin Reg 19?

Disclosure of Interest

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	s5.67	Where a council member disclosed an interest in a matter and did not have participation approval under sections 5.68 or 5.69, did the council member ensure that they did not remain present to participate in discussion or decision making relating to the matter?	Yes		Stephen Gollan



Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
2	s5.68(2) & s5.69 (5) Admin Reg 21A	Were all decisions regarding participation approval, including the extent of participation allowed and, where relevant, the information required by Admin Reg 21A, recorded in the minutes of the relevant council or committee meeting?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
3	s5.73	Were disclosures under section sections 5.65, 5.70 or 5.71A(3) recorded in the minutes of the meeting at which the disclosures were made?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
4	s5.75 Admin Reg 22, Form 2	Was a primary return in the prescribed form lodged by all relevant persons within three months of their start day?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
5	s5.76 Admin Reg 23, Form 3	Was an annual return in the prescribed form lodged by all relevant persons by 31 August 2021?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
6	s5.77	On receipt of a primary or annual return, did the CEO, or the mayor/president, give written acknowledgment of having received the return?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
7	s5.88(1) & (2)(a)	Did the CEO keep a register of financial interests which contained the returns lodged under sections 5.75 and 5.76?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
8	s5.88(1) & (2)(b) Admin Reg 28	Did the CEO keep a register of financial interests which contained a record of disclosures made under sections 5.65, 5.70, 5.71 and 5.71A, in the form prescribed in Admin Reg 28?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
9	s5.88(3)	When a person ceased to be a person required to lodge a return under sections 5.75 and 5.76, did the CEO remove from the register all returns relating to that person?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
10	s5.88(4)	Have all returns removed from the register in accordance with section 5.88(3) been kept for a period of at least five years after the person who lodged the return(s) ceased to be a person required to lodge a return?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
11	s5.89A(1), (2) & (3) Admin Reg 28A	Did the CEO keep a register of gifts which contained a record of disclosures made under sections 5.87A and 5.87B, in the form prescribed in Admin Reg 28A?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
12	s5.89A(5) & (5A)	Did the CEO publish an up-to-date version of the gift register on the local government's website?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
13	s5.89A(6)	When a person ceases to be a person who is required to make a disclosure under section 5.87A or 5.87B, did the CEO remove from the register all records relating to that person?	Yes		Stephen Gollan



Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
14	s5.89A(7)	Have copies of all records removed from the register under section 5.89A (6) been kept for a period of at least five years after the person ceases to be a person required to make a disclosure?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
15	Rules of Conduct Reg 11(1), (2) & (4)	Where a council member had an interest that could, or could reasonably be perceived to, adversely affect the impartiality of the person, did they disclose the interest in accordance with Rules of Conduct Reg 11(2)?*	Yes		Stephen Gollan
		*Question not applicable after 2 Feb 2021			
16	Rules of Conduct Reg 11(6)	Where a council member disclosed an interest under Rules of Conduct Reg 11(2) was the nature of the interest recorded in the minutes?*	Yes		Stephen Gollan
		*Question not applicable after 2 Feb 2021			
17	s5.70(2) & (3)	Where an employee had an interest in any matter in respect of which the employee provided advice or a report directly to council or a committee, did that person disclose the nature and extent of that interest when giving the advice or report?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
18	s5.71A & s5.71B (5)	Where council applied to the Minister to allow the CEO to provide advice or a report to which a disclosure under s5.71A(1) relates, did the application include details of the nature of the interest disclosed and any other information required by the Minister for the purposes of the application?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
19	s5.71B(6) & s5.71B(7)	Was any decision made by the Minister under subsection 5.71B(6) recorded in the minutes of the council meeting at which the decision was considered?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
20	s5.103 Admin Regs 34B & 34C	Has the local government adopted a code of conduct in accordance with Admin Regs 34B and 34C to be observed by council members, committee members and employees?*	Yes		Stephen Gollan
		*Question not applicable after 2 Feb 2021			
21	Admin Reg 34B(5)	Has the CEO kept a register of notifiable gifts in accordance with Admin Reg 34B(5)?*	Yes		Stephen Gollan
		*Question not applicable after 2 Feb 2021			



Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
22	s5.104(1)	Did the local government prepare and adopt, by absolute majority, a code of conduct to be observed by council members, committee members and candidates within 3 months of the prescribed model code of conduct coming into operation (3 February 2021)?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
23	s5.104(3) & (4)	Did the local government adopt additional requirements in addition to the model code of conduct? If yes, does it comply with section 5.104(3) and (4)?	No		Stephen Gollan
24	s5.104(7)	Did the CEO publish an up-to-date version of the adopted code of conduct on the local government's website?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
25	s5.51A(1) & (3)	Did the CEO prepare, and implement and publish an up-to-date version on the local government's website, a code of conduct to be observed by employees of the local government?	Yes		Stephen Gollan

Disposal of Property

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	s3.58(3)	Where the local government disposed of property other than by public auction or tender, did it dispose of the property in accordance with section 3.58(3) (unless section 3.58(5) applies)?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
2	s3.58(4)	Where the local government disposed of property under section 3.58(3), did it provide details, as prescribed by section 3.58(4), in the required local public notice for each disposal of property?	Yes		Stephen Gollan



Elections

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	Elect Regs 30G(1) & (2)	Did the CEO establish and maintain an electoral gift register and ensure that all disclosure of gifts forms completed by candidates and donors and received by the CEO were placed on the electoral gift register at the time of receipt by the CEO and in a manner that clearly identifies and distinguishes the forms relating to each candidate?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
2	Elect Regs 30G(3) & (4)	Did the CEO remove any disclosure of gifts forms relating to an unsuccessful candidate, or a successful candidate that completed their term of office, from the electoral gift register, and retain those forms separately for a period of at least two years?	N/A	No gift forms received to remove.	Stephen Gollan
3	Elect Regs 30G(5) & (6)	Did the CEO publish an up-to-date version of the electoral gift register on the local government's official website in accordance with Elect Reg 30G(6)?	Yes		Stephen Gollan



Finance

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	s7.1A	Has the local government established an audit committee and appointed members by absolute majority in accordance with section 7.1A of the Act?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
2	s7.1B	Where the council delegated to its audit committee any powers or duties under Part 7 of the Act, did it do so by absolute majority?	N/A	No powers delegated.	Stephen Gollan
3	s7.9(1)	Was the auditor's report for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 received by the local government by 31 December 2021?	No	5 January 2022	Stephen Gollan
4	s7.12A(3)	Where the local government determined that matters raised in the auditor's report prepared under s7.9 (1) of the Act required action to be taken, did the local government ensure that appropriate action was undertaken in respect of those matters?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
5	s7.12A(4)(a) & (4) (b)	Where matters identified as significant were reported in the auditor's report, did the local government prepare a report that stated what action the local government had taken or intended to take with respect to each of those matters? Was a copy of the report given to the Minister within three months of the audit report being received by the local government?	N/A	No significant matters identified.	Stephen Gollan
6	s7.12A(5)	Within 14 days after the local government gave a report to the Minister under s7.12A(4)(b), did the CEO publish a copy of the report on the local government's official website?	N/A	Report to be received by Audit Committee 8 February 2022 and then Council 22 February 2022.	Stephen Gollan
7	Audit Reg 10(1)	Was the auditor's report for the financial year ending 30 June received by the local government within 30 days of completion of the audit?	No		Stephen Gollan



No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	Admin Reg 19C	Has the local government adopted by absolute majority a strategic community plan? If Yes, please provide the adoption date or the date of the most recent review in the Comments section?	Yes	Most recent review adopted 24 August 2021.	Stephen Gollan
2	Admin Reg 19DA (1) & (4)	Has the local government adopted by absolute majority a corporate business plan? If Yes, please provide the adoption date or the date of the most recent review in the Comments section?	Yes	Currently undergoing review.	Stephen Gollan
3	Admin Reg 19DA (2) & (3)	Does the corporate business plan comply with the requirements of Admin Reg 19DA(2) & (3)?	Yes		Stephen Gollan

Local Government Employees

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	Admin Reg 18C	Did the local government approve a process to be used for the selection and appointment of the CEO before the position of CEO was advertised?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
2	s5.36(4) & s5.37 (3) Admin Reg 18A	Were all CEO and/or senior employee vacancies advertised in accordance with Admin Reg 18A?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
3	Admin Reg 18E	Was all information provided in applications for the position of CEO true and accurate?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
4	Admin Reg 18F	Was the remuneration and other benefits paid to a CEO on appointment the same remuneration and benefits advertised for the position under section 5.36(4)?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
5	s5.37(2)	Did the CEO inform council of each proposal to employ or dismiss senior employee?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
6	s5.37(2)	Where council rejected a CEO's recommendation to employ or dismiss a senior employee, did it inform the CEO of the reasons for doing so?	N/A		Stephen Gollan



Official Conduct

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	s5.120	Has the local government designated a senior employee as defined by section 5.37 to be its complaints officer?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
2	s5.121(1) & (2)	Has the complaints officer for the local government maintained a register of complaints which records all complaints that resulted in a finding under section 5.110(2)(a)? Does the complaints register include all information required by section 5.121 (2)?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
3	s5.121(3)	Has the CEO published an up-to-date version of the register of the complaints on the local government's official website?	Yes		Stephen Gollan

Optional Questions

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	Financial Management Reg 5 (2)(c)	Did the CEO review the appropriateness and effectiveness of the local government's financial management systems and procedures in accordance with Financial Management Reg 5(2)(c) within the three years prior to 31 December 2021? If yes, please provide the date of council's resolution to accept the report.	Yes	25 February 2020	Stephen Gollan
2	Audit Reg 17	Did the CEO review the appropriateness and effectiveness of the local government's systems and procedures in relation to risk management, internal control and legislative compliance in accordance with Audit Reg 17 within the three years prior to 31 December 2021? If yes, please provide date of council's resolution to accept the report.	Yes	22 Feb 22 (for 2021) 23 Mar 21 (for 2020) 17 Dec 19 (for 2019)	Stephen Gollan
3	s5.87C	Where a disclosure was made under sections 5.87A or 5.87B, was the disclosure made within 10 days after receipt of the gift? Did the disclosure include the information required by section 5.87C?	N/A	No disclosure of gifts received.	Stephen Gollan
4	s5.90A(2) & (5)	Did the local government prepare, adopt by absolute majority and publish an up-to-date version on the local government's website, a policy dealing with the attendance of council members and the CEO at events ?	Yes		Stephen Gollan



Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
5	s5.96A(1), (2), (3) & (4)	Did the CEO publish information on the local government's website in accordance with sections 5.96A(1), (2), (3), and (4)?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
6	s5.128(1)	Did the local government prepare and adopt (by absolute majority) a policy in relation to the continuing professional development of council members?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
7	s5.127	Did the local government prepare a report on the training completed by council members in the 2020/2021 financial year and publish it on the local government's official website by 31 July 2021?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
8	s6.4(3)	By 30 September 2021, did the local government submit to its auditor the balanced accounts and annual financial report for the year ending 30 June 2021?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
9	s.6.2(3)	When adopting the annual budget, did the local government take into account all it's expenditure, revenue and income?	Yes		Stephen Gollan

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
1	F&G Reg 11A(1) & (3)	Did the local government comply with its current purchasing policy [adopted under F&G Reg 11A(1) & (3)] in relation to the supply of goods or services where the consideration under the contract was, or was expected to be, \$250,000 or less or worth \$250,000 or less?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
2	s3.57 F&G Reg 11	Subject to F&G Reg 11(2), did the local government invite tenders for all contracts for the supply of goods or services where the consideration under the contract was, or was expected to be, worth more than the consideration stated in F&G Reg 11(1)?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
3	F&G Regs 11(1), 12(2), 13, & 14(1), (3), and (4)	When regulations 11(1), 12(2) or 13 required tenders to be publicly invited, did the local government invite tenders via Statewide public notice in accordance with F&G Reg 14(3) and (4)?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
4	F&G Reg 12	Did the local government comply with F&G Reg 12 when deciding to enter into multiple contracts rather than a single contract?	N/A	No "multiple contracts" entered in to.	Stephen Gollan



Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
5	F&G Reg 14(5)	If the local government sought to vary the information supplied to tenderers, was every reasonable step taken to give each person who sought copies of the tender documents or each acceptable tenderer notice of the variation?	N/A	No variations to any tenders.	Stephen Gollan
6	F&G Regs 15 & 16	Did the local government's procedure for receiving and opening tenders comply with the requirements of F&G Regs 15 and 16?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
7	F&G Reg 17	Did the information recorded in the local government's tender register comply with the requirements of F&G Reg 17 and did the CEO make the tenders register available for public inspection and publish it on the local government's official website?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
8	F&G Reg 18(1)	Did the local government reject any tenders that were not submitted at the place, and within the time, specified in the invitation to tender?	N/A	No rejections were required.	Stephen Gollan
9	F&G Reg 18(4)	Were all tenders that were not rejected assessed by the local government via a written evaluation of the extent to which each tender satisfies the criteria for deciding which tender to accept?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
10	F&G Reg 19	Did the CEO give each tenderer written notice containing particulars of the successful tender or advising that no tender was accepted?	Yes		Stephen Gollan
11	F&G Regs 21 & 22	Did the local government's advertising and expression of interest processes comply with the requirements of F&G Regs 21 and 22?	N/A	No Expressions of Interest advertised.	Stephen Gollan
12	F&G Reg 23(1) & (2)	Did the local government reject any expressions of interest that were not submitted at the place, and within the time, specified in the notice or that failed to comply with any other requirement specified in the notice?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
13	F&G Reg 23(3) & (4)	Were all expressions of interest that were not rejected under F&G Reg 23 (1) & (2) assessed by the local government? Did the CEO list each person as an acceptable tenderer?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
14	F&G Reg 24	Did the CEO give each person who submitted an expression of interest a notice in writing of the outcome in accordance with F&G Reg 24?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
15	F&G Regs 24AD(2) & (4) and 24AE	Did the local government invite applicants for a panel of pre-qualified suppliers via Statewide public notice in accordance with F&G Reg 24AD(4) and 24AE?	No		Stephen Gollan



Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries

No	Reference	Question	Response	Comments	Respondent
16	F&G Reg 24AD(6)	If the local government sought to vary the information supplied to the panel, was every reasonable step taken to give each person who sought detailed information about the proposed panel or each person who submitted an application notice of the variation?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
17	F&G Reg 24AF	Did the local government's procedure for receiving and opening applications to join a panel of pre-qualified suppliers comply with the requirements of F&G Reg 16, as if the reference in that regulation to a tender were a reference to a pre-qualified supplier panel application?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
18	F&G Reg 24AG	Did the information recorded in the local government's tender register about panels of pre-qualified suppliers comply with the requirements of F&G Reg 24AG?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
19	F&G Reg 24AH(1)	Did the local government reject any applications to join a panel of pre- qualified suppliers that were not submitted at the place, and within the time, specified in the invitation for applications?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
20	F&G Reg 24AH(3)	Were all applications that were not rejected assessed by the local government via a written evaluation of the extent to which each application satisfies the criteria for deciding which application to accept?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
21	F&G Reg 24AI	Did the CEO send each applicant written notice advising them of the outcome of their application?	N/A		Stephen Gollan
22	F&G Regs 24E & 24F	Where the local government gave regional price preference, did the local government comply with the requirements of F&G Regs 24E and 24F?	N/A	No regional price preference in any 2021 tenders.	Stephen Gollan

I certify this Compliance Audit Return has been adopted by council at its meeting on

Signed Mayor/President, Beverley

Signed CEO, Beverley

8. NEW BUSINESS ARISING BY ORDER OF THE MEETING

Nil

9. CLOSURE

The Chairman declared the meeting closed at 10:00am

I hereby certify these Minutes as being confirmed in accordance with Section 5.22 of the Local Government Act 1995.

PRESIDING MEMBER: DATE: